Frank Snepp, Late of CIA, Exorcises the Ghosts

Rewards Are Few for the Savonarola of Spookdom





Frank Snepp, right; and the evacuation from

By Tom Zito

Frank Snepp doesn't call them nightmares; he says they're soundmares.

"I wake up in the middle of the night," he says, "and I hear radio transmissions from the last day we were there; people are screaming. I have to carry Duradyne (a narcotic more potent than codeine) with me all the time. I sleep maybe three hours a night."

Frank Snepp was the CIA's chief strategy analyst in Vietnam. Last week Random House published his 600-page account of America's most disastrous mistakes in Vietnam and Southeast Asia. Since then, he says CIA folks have been tracking him down and calling him up and telling him he's a traitor. And the media newspapers, magazines, "60 Minutes" —have been trailing after Snepp and his story.

"I wrote this book to exorcise the ghosts," Snepp says.



the roof of a Saigon building in 1975.

Like the one that came traipsing through his .oom one night.

"I had an M16, a .45, a .38, a hand grenade and a carbine under my bed," he says. "I had been taking malaria pills and drinking martinis. It did something, and one night I woke up and I thought somebody was walking across the rcom, and reached for the f--- carbine and I blew the air conditioner right out of the wall."

Snepp tells lots of stories with that I've-beent h er e-so-you-better-believethis look. "Another time I was in a bar in Saigon with a friend and two Vietcong guys came in and started shooting and I flipped a whore over my shoulder and ran up into one of the rooms upstairs. They hit her in the leg and there was blood streaming out of her and she said to me, "Your friend is still out there.' So I went out and the two of us grabbed the rifles from the two guys and we just beat them to death right there on the spot. I mean, we battered them to death."

Death is but a ragment of Snepp's

Harry Naltchayan-The Washington Post

book, "Decent Interval," which is filled with outrageous tales of bureaucratic bunglins: how facts that didn't jike with what Washington wanted to hear were revised to tow the ine; how other facts were changed to give the impression that a few more billion dollars could win the war; how Henry Kissinger was duped by Soviet diplomats into thinking that Hanoi would never invade Saigon; how thousands of Vietnamese recruited for the American cause and thousands of CIA files were abandoned in the made rush to clear out of the collapsing capital.

Virtually all of the American officials named in Snepp's accounts—Kissinger, Ambassador Graham Martin, former CIA director Willam Colby and CIA statin chief Tom Polgar have already taken exception to Snepp's version of the events concerning themselves.

In revealing all this, the 34-year-old former spy violated a written pledge made by every CIA employee to clear anything said or written about the

See SNEPP, D6, Col. 1

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D6

Exorcising the Ghosts

SNEPP, From D1

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agency with the front office. Snepp claims that his resignation in January 1976, came only after his suprvisors had resisted efforts to get an in-house investigatin under way. He then announced that he had thoughts about writing a book, but left the specifics vague.

Then the weirdness really started. Meetings with editors in Manhattan parks. An argument with his Arlington neibhbor: The guy liked to play rock 'n'roll LOUD in the afternoons, even as Snepp was squawking his memoirs into a tape recorder, which would not do. Flying fists, and the guy thoved out of the apartment.

At the Fun & Fitness Health Club on Lee Highway, geriatric ladies looked at him strangely, he says, when he showed up to swim every afdernoon for 18 months, loomint like some unemplyed bum. His colleaugues at the CIA avoided him like swine flu, for the most part. And, of fourse, Snepp was convinced that his phone was bugged. He'd take his tapes fo New York to be transcribed by an dut-of-work actress he knew. His phone conversations ebgan to sound like CIA standards. His editor, Robert Loomis, became Janice. "Has Janice pat the apartment together yet and has she, done anything about the durtains?" meant simply "What's up with the maps in the book?"

Meanwhile, at Random House, perhaps a dozen of the company's 800 employees knew that the book was being published. Largely in light of Knopf's 1972 battle with the CIA over "The CIA and the Cult of Intelligence" by Victor Marchetti and John Marks that cost Knopf \$150,000 in legal fees, the company had decided virtually to make believe that the book didn't exist. Various parts of the text were shipped out to different typesetters. No galley proofs were made. The individual letters for the cover copy ("An Insider's Account of Saigon's In-decent End Told by the CIA's Chief Strategy Analyst in Vietnam") were ordered separately. And on the night before the cover deadline the copy was handed to the art director with instructions on how to assemble the letters. Snepp's mother made sketches of the characters for the book's title pages, never knowing precisely what the book was about. Snepp did not pay his 1976 income tax on his less than \$50,000 advance, for fear that the CIA might discover who his publishing house was. Finally the books last week were shipped to stores that didn't even know the book existed—with a letter explaining what was going on.

Snepp comes on like a nasty spook on tht outside. He wears a black leather overcoat, tough guy boots and a Clint Eastwood face, and carries a silm little black attache case and a bulging brown Jiffy bag. Back in Saigon, acquaintances say, he used to push the bar girls aside with his attache case and carry a .45 in a brown paper bag. Now he'll only say that his pain pills are in his case. He passes on venison at Le Pavillon, a swanky downtown French restaurant because, he says, he has an incredibly delicate stomach.

"I had a IY classification for the draft (only available for national emergencies), and that was very embarrassing," he says. Two drinks later he admits that he has colitis—"a very embarrassing disease." And he says that he joined the CIA basically to avoid the draft.

Frank Snepp grew up in North Carolina, where he says he never heard of the CIA until he went off to col-

lege. This in spite of his judge father's friendship with William Colby long ago, something Snepp says he didn't discover until he returned from his initial tour of duty in Saigon. He majored in Elizabethan literature, graduated in 1965 and worked for one year with CBS News, as a copy writer. He then returned to Columbia and, after taking a graduate degree, was recruited by the CIA, which appealed in part because of his love of James Bond novels.

"I was at the Columbia School of International Affairs," he says, "and I thought I'd like to go into the State Department. A professor there, who was recruiting for the agency, told me I wasn't quite quick enough for State, but I'd do well in the CIA. And he knew that the one thing I didn't want was to get my a... shot off on some front in Vietnam."

"So he told me that the CIA would arrange to get me enrolled in some bogus R.O.T.C. program, and I wouldn't get drafted. Technically you couldn't get out of the draft by joining the CIA, but they could take care of anything they wanted to. I was working in Langley and they had sent out some request for somebody to go to Saigon. Some friends applied for me as a practical joke.

"I am a disquieted Quiet Ameri-

can," Snepp says. "But I'm willing to take the consequences. Fhilip Agee (author of "Inside The Company: CIA Diary"), that son-of-a-bitch. He runs away from the country for asylum and then blows the cover of a lot of working agents. At least Marchetti and Marks submitted their book to the agency, although they still blew some covers. I was very careful to protect people. If you have a moral gripe to pick, you do it on moral terms. If you believe in something, you act like Martin Luther King and stick around for the consequences."

Then too, Snepp did not submit his book to anyone at the agency because, as he rationalizes it, the CIA had blown its end of the secrecy pledge by leeking half truths to the press.

by leeking half truths to the press. He likes to cite what's chisled into the building hall in Langley: "Ye shall know the truth and the truth shall make ye free."

"I didn't mind putting people through hard times as long as the truth came through," he says. "During Operation Phoenix, I gave the Saigon military a lot of names of people I wanted killed. But I found out that the truth wasn't going to make anybody free because it wasn't getting back to Washington."

Snepp is not the most optimistic guy in the world these days. There are, he concedes few rewards for the Savonarolas of Spookdom.

"I see nothing in my future," he says. "Random House is talking about a novel, which I think is a joke. This book probably won't really sell that well I'm not a great writer. I mean, I read parts of Michael Herr's Dispatches' and I wish I could write like him. I don't think any newspaper would be willing to hire a former agent who broke his word with the agency. I've eaten up my advance and all my savings from my \$25,000-a-year CIA job. I'm gonna be out playing bartender soon."

Which reminds him of the upshot of the Saigon barroom shootout he says he was involved in.

"The next day I walked in the bar, and they were all calling me a hero. And I ordered a scotch and water, and the bartender said, '\$1.50, please' The big hero didn't even get a free drink."