## Probing Helms & Co.

## Thomas Powers on 30 Years of CIA Secrets few and far between. After all, H is a man who seems to have gotter

When Thomas Powers decided to write a biography of Richard Helms he set himself an elusive target.

After a long Central Intelligence Agency career ending with 61/2 years as director and including official and dinner-table contacts with all the powerful of Washington, Helms' name peppers the written record of his times, but his nature, his thoughts, his likes and dislikes have been as closely guarded as the secrets he so doggedly protected. As Powers writes in Man Who Kept the Secrets: Richard Helms and the CIA," Helms left few tracks.

Again and again Powers asked Helms' friends and former associates to tell a Helms story, to quote Helms' most characteristic saying, to give him something to color the Helms story with what news-magazine writers call 'quotes, jokes and anecdotes."

"A lot of them asked me, 'Why are you writing a book about Helms?' They'd tell me there were a dozen more interesting agency guys," Powers said in an interview.

The quotes, jokes and anecdotes are

few and far between. After all, Helms is a man who seems to have gotten angry only once in his life with anyone watching, when he cursed TV correspondent Daniel Schorr.

For Powers, however, there was a stronger attraction than the good yarns that spice other CIA biographies.

"Helms was the only guy on whose head history fell," Powers said. Helms was involved in the whole course of the CIA's history, and he was stand-ing in the spotlight when the roof fell in, "His career offers an ideal pathway through the secret history of 30 years," Powers writes.

Powers' book follows that pathway. In the spring of 1976, Powers knew only one CIA employe, had never worked on stories about intelligence, but had become fascinated by the accounts of CIA misdeeds spilling out of Washington.

These guys were doing a lot of things in my name and with my money," Powers said. Armed with a magazine assignment from Rolling Stone, Powers set out to satisfy his cu-

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dential candidate Thomas E. Dewey. "I'm not sure I want to talk to you," Parrot said in greeting Powers. Parrot relented and so did dozens of others.

Powers arrived to find Parrot had been listening to radio broadcasts of a just-released Rolling Stone story by Howard Kohn that charged the CIA with a series of new misdeeds, includ-ing a gift of \$1 million to former New

York governor and Republican presi-

"Sometimes, I would be talking to one of these guys and I would notice that his wife or one of his children was listening, lurking in the back-ground," Powers said. "They'd never heard this stuff before."

Neither, of course, had Powers, and if some of the stories had gone the rounds among CIA people, Powers was a fresh ear for old chestnuts.

After he had been working on the book for some time, Powers said, "I began to have something to offer be-sides an ear." Powers had learned a lot about personalities and feuds at the top of the CIA over the years. People would ask him what so-and-so was really like or why Helms and Richard Bissell didn't get along.

Powers, who like Helms began his career as a reporter for United Press International, has been a free-lance writer since 1970. He won a Pulitzer Prize for his reports on Diana Oughton, who was killed in 1970 in a bomb explosion that destroyed a New York town house being used by Weathermen. His first book was "Diana: The Making of a Terrorist." His second book was on the domestic impact of the Vietnam war, called "The War at Home."

As he began the reporting for his new book, powers worried that the CIA might lead him down the garden path. At the end of his work, he thinks that some CIA people tried to misrepresent some things, but that

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riosity about what the CIA was really like.

"I honestly anticipated that I'd walk into an unbreachable stone wall," he said. Instead, Powers found that large numbers of the CIA's first generation had retired just before or during the upheavals that brought the ugly secrets which the agency had called "the family jewels" into the headlines.

These men had been reading the criticism of the agency and listening to the calls for reform and they'd been brooding. They thought the CIA was getting a bum rap.

"They were really quite open," Powers said. "CIA people are much easier to talk to than elected officials. They haven't had the endless practice in public prevarication.

"The important thing wasn't the first meeting, but the second or third," Powers said. By then, his sources realized that what they told hon was not going to be in print in a matter of days.

One of the worst moments he had trying to establish his credibility came at his first interview. He had called Thomas Parrot, a retired CIA official, who invited him over the next

there was no concerted plot to mislead him

agency one drop too many.

It is by no means an all-out attack who find a drop of sympathy for the him write it and those foes of the CIA point the CIA veterans who helped His book seems likely to both disap-

taking to me. "thought it was implacably hostile to the CIA." Powers adds: they didn't on Helms or the CIA, yet, powers board after they'd spent all that time understand how come I didn't get on said, many of his sources to whom he copies of the manuscript

dent to serve the president.
"You're making a terrible mistake," out of control. Indeed, Powers takes pains to point out that the CIA operates at the direction of the presiagency had been "a rogue elephant" those who Church's vestigation At the same time, Powers scorns statement during the inwould echo Sen. Frank he headed that the

agency. "You're tying the CIA around would please neither staunch defenders nor unremitting critics of the maneuscript and anticipating that it a friend told him after reading the your ankle and throwing it off a

that people are going to jump down my throat and say you're in favor of Chile and everything else." was a pretty able director of an intelligence agency. I know that means Off Helms, Powers said: "I think he

effort against Marxist President Salvador Allende nor other agency covert actions. Powers is not in favor of the CIA's

> "The reason for stopping them is we're doing a lot of harm to a lot of people and not doing ourselves any good," he said. Powers is astounded at how to manage them. Guatemalan or a Chilean or an Iranian the arrogance of Americans thinking they can run other countries, as if the forces at play in his country and they could understand better than a

problem, the problem is all those arms." "We've got to face up to the attrac-tions of power and the temptations of secrecy," Powers said. "To ask ized, since there are military threats, we've got the CIA. That's not the wrong end. Since the world is militaris to approach the problem from the whether we should get rid of the CIA Powers

President John F. Kennedy and Attorney General Robert F. Kennedy apbook is likely to help shape the debate. At least one candidate, Sen. Edward M. Kennedy, (D. Mass) won't be proved the CIA attempts to assasinate Cuban President Fidel Castro. M. Kennedy, (D Mass) won't be happy with it. Powers concludes that the CIA are becoming an issue in the 1980 presidential campaign, Powers' Insofar as the sins and behavior of

the air." there is certainly a lot of cordite in that one, said, "There are no smoking guns on "I think you can say that presidents get away with murder, Powers "Powers, conceded, "but

gressional committees as brutal procdential commission and under scrutiny by the press, a presiess of self-examination necessary to the CIA's darkest secrets and its years Powers describes the unmasking of special con-

offense and was wrong to think Colby he added, was wrong to take personal is tell it flatly," Powers said. Helms, kept the secrets" to Colby, but he said that wasn't intended. "All I tried to do the family jewels. had been improperly eager to yield that Powers prefers "the man who

head the threat of a perjury indict-ment for his denial under oath that back to Washington to testify and the CIA tried to overthrow Allende's through it all he had hanging over his Again and again, Helms was called

on the made while director: his career at the CIA in what he told Editors in one of the few speeches he the American Society of Newspaper writes. He had believed throughout He was often like an amnesia victim

by the standards of one era for what he did in another, Powers said of a Powers is sympathetic about the perjury threat that Helms ended by Helms was being unfairly prosecuted demeanors. The wheel had turned and pleading nolo contendere to two mis-

U.S. foreign policy. redirect not only the CIA, but also

perate with investigators. sor William Colby's decision to cooagency and took personally his succes-Helms fumed at the attacks on the President Nixon shipped him off to Iran as ambassador to When history fell on Helms' head the shah.

In the book, it sometimes seems

government.

witness stand, as Powers

"The nation must to a degree take it on faith that we too are honorable men, devoted to her service."

general perception which he singles.
"The truth of the matter is it werry rare for liars to go to jail," Powers added.

About half a dozen people told Tow-ers to look up Helms' first wife who was said to know where a lot of bid-Powers made a deliberate devision not to seek out stories of Helms. and hood, what he liked to eat, what now ies he went to. "I wanted to talk about his professional life." Powers said his professional life," Powers

ant." ies were buried.
"What would I do with all the stuff she told?" Powers said, "and how on says? None of that seemed inwort-

script to the former director. first draft and then sent the maduviewing Helms Powers spent three mornings niteriewing Helms before he wrote his

visit Powers. At Powers' house, Helms offered a number of factural correc-tions, including that the car he ac-A couple of months went by and then Helms called and said he was quired in 1952 was gray, not beige. Helms stressed that the Bay of Pigs coming to New York and could he

a couple of other stories. had not been the CIA's iden, but had wide backing inside the Kennedy 3d ministration, Powers said, and offered

much," Helms, the man who does not reveal himself, said to Powers in what the author thinks was a deliberate al-"He did not expect understanding Finally, he gave his personal fe-sponse. "I'm surprised you learned so agreement or approbation and the didn't get it," Powers said.