U.S. Refuses to Extradite Czech General

The United States an-|Jan Sejna and that he has | It also was learned that | sought Sejna's return on nounced yesterday it has been granted permanent resi- Sejna, one of the highest-rank- charges that he had embezzled turned down Czechoslovakia's dence, the status necessary to ing Communists ever to defect money through the sale of secrequest to extradite Maj. Gen. seek U.S. citizenship.

to the West, has been living in ond-hand cars from Army surnearby Virginia under Central plus and by such matters as Intelligence Agency protection ever since he fied to the tage United States last February.

Sejna, 41, was accompanied in his flight by his teen-age son and a friend, Miss Evzenie Musilova, described as being in her early 20s. The younger Sejna and Miss Musilova also have been granted permanent residence in the United States.

¥ State Department spokesman Robert J. McCloskey said that, while the Czech Embassy here at no time asked to see Sejna, Czech officials did request to see the son and Miss ť Musilova.

The son and Miss Musilova, according to McCloskey, "indi- tonin Novotny. Sejna's flight cated that they did not wish to and the Czechs then did not request that they be extradited. The

Czech Government of the Soviet Union.

tage.

Sejna was chief of the Communist Party Committee of the Czech Ministry of National Defense, a member of the Army General Staff and a member of the Presidium of the National Assembly.

At the time of his defection, a Prague trade union newspaper printed rumors that Sejna had fled with important military documents.

Sejna was known as a protege of Czechoslovakia's former President and pro-Soviet. Communist Party boss Antook place just as Czechoslovakia's new progressive-minded party chief, Alexander Dubcek, was taking steps to make his country more independent