fuckling spies come out of the cold to capcance data, all done to support the ideolog-cal agenda of William J. Casey, the late CIA are the public imagination, but yesterday stating consequences" on U.S. policy inibout suppression and slanting of intellisucracy that highlighted the Senate in-NEWS it was hitherto faceless career analysis ading and false information" that had "devresident Ronald Reagan received "misligence analyses and agency personnel eteran analysts about manipulation of in-In a sense, it was the revenge of the bu-ANALYSIS th impressive academic credentials—the a sedate Senate chamber the tables were rector. In the process, it was alleged, arges against the operatives of the inteltids of the permanent bureaucracy—who rned. In novels, movies and miniseries, swashence agency. Gates to head the CIA. The committee heard testimony from President Bush's nomination of Robert eterans of CIA Bureaucracy By Haynes Johnson stripped away the CIA veil of secrecy to air embarrassing secrets and make serious

tion were politicized inside the CIA during the Reagan era of the 1980s. These includ-ed operational commitments Casey rifade regarding Iran, Nicaragua and Afghanistan intelligence issues connected to covert ac-The senators were told that nearly al "All those issues were politicized," former

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area concerned Casey's other major concern, his world view of the Soviet Union. That is, stripe suit, told the committee. "The second problems. Casey seized on every opportunity to exaggerate the Soviet threat." arly sounding man in a dignified dark pin top CIA analyst Melvin A. Goodman, a schol the Soviet Union as the source of all U.S.

fessional views of the career civil servant. note of quiet, prideful defense for the pronesses to testify yesterday. He struck a National War College, was one of four wit-Goodman, a Soviet expert now with the

"I have spent my entire professional life in government service," he said in a low-key, seriously, both its ethical dimensions and its analytical dimensions." and . . . I take the intelligence business very intelligence from people I respect, admired fense. I learned the culture and the craft of United States Army, in the State Depart-ment, the CIA and the Department of Dethat fact. I've spent nearly 30 years in the almost professorial tone, "and I am proud of

As he told it, it was the career analysts as

latives.

what you may think of the work we do, but I Truth," That motto, he added, "goes right to the heart of the professional ethic of the intelligence officer. Now, T have 10 idea want to assure you that our standards are contribution is in terms of independent analysis, done without fear or favor. high, and we believe that our only unique apposed to the covert operators who best fulfilled the motto of the CIA. "Seek Ye the ha bes

But yesterday's hearing also demon-strated another truth about the murky than to determine. analysts: that the "truth" is easier to assert world of secret intelligence operatives and

of intelligence data. Graham E. Fuller, for-mer vice chairman of the CIA's National views about the perversion and corruption offering a rebuttal to Goodman's critical analyst who testified in support of Gates by much of their analysis as being inclined "tointentions and goals." wards, yes, a highly benign vision of Soviet analysts like Goodman, Casey's "strongly felt" ideological Cold War beliefs and saluting the professionalism of Intelligence Council, while acknowledging The senators heard as well from another also disparaged

there were Iranian moderates in Iran with ing material that led Reagan National Security Council operatives to argue that Fuller, who has been credited as provid-

Revenge at Gates Hearings

whoni the United States could deal, said he grew "unhappy with the product that I received" from many Soviet-Third World analysts. "It was diberal versus conservative bias," he said. "Not a healthy situation, I scarcely need add."

The problem for the senators, and for the American people watching the hearings on television, is how to sift through these directly conflicting claims and arrive at a consensus on whether Gates should be confirmed as the person to lead the U.S. intelligence community into the 1990s.

These hearings come at a critical moment for the CIA and for American policymakers. In the past, Congress focused on CIA involvement in assassinations and coups during the Cold War era. Lawmakers attempted to rein in the covert operators. Congressional oversight was, supposedly, strengthened; so were legal requirements for presidents to report to Congress through formal "findings" of the need for U.S. covert operations.

But the Gates hearings have focused not on the CIA's old "dirty tricks" department but on its analytical branch because that is where Gates has his roots. That is also where the agency is expected to concentrate its energies in the future.

Now, in a time both of military reductions and new economic constraints, the United States needs to depend on the kinds of sound economic and political assessments that will help it forge policies to deal with different complex problems—among them, rising ethnic and racial turbulence and the prospect of internal chaos within the borders of the old Soviet empire.

In that new world, the intelligence analysts will play ever important roles. It is the paradox of the current confirmation hearings that while Gates is a veteran analyst, he is now being accused of having skewed analysis to suit the ideological views of covert operators who have presided over the CIA.

To a Fuller, the serious charges against Gates of politicization of intelligence reports are unfounded. "While I know and respect Mel Goodman as a very knowledgeable and experienced Soviet analyst," he said yesterday, "in all frankness I do not readily recognize the Bob Gates described in his testimony."

To a Goodman, Gates should not be confirmed because of his record as Casey's deputy during the Reagan years. "Gates's role in this activity was to corrupt the process and the ethics of intelligence on all of these issues," he charged.... He pandered to Casey's agenda.... Gates's other contribution was to ignore and suppress signs of Soviet strategic retreat, including the collapse of the Soviet Union itself."

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