SUPPORT OF RADIO BY C.I.A. MAY END

Council Sought to Operate

2 European Outlets 5-13-7/ By BENJAMIN WELLES

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WASHINGTON, May 2—The
Nixon Administration is reported to be preparing to ask Congress to authorize a "publicprivate" corporation that would
finance Radio Free Europe and
Radio Liberty through annual
Congressional appropriations of
\$36-million.

If approved-and preliminary reactions from leaders of Con-gress are said to be favorable— the plan would end the financing of the stations by the Cen-tral Intelligence Agency. They were created as a product of the cold war in the early nine-

teen-fifties.

The Administration is expected to propose the formation of an American Council for Prian American Council for Fri-vate International Communica-tions, Inc., with a board of 15 to be appointed by the Presi-dent with Congressional ap-proval. The council would re-ceive the Congressional appropriations and pass them in turn to the radio stations. It would also supervise the existing boards of public figures who now, theoretically, control both radio stations.

New Policy Guidance

The council would be a way of continuing both stations, which the Administration and many Congressional leaders want, but with open State Department policy guidance and regular Congressional appropriations.

This would replace the semi-secret C.I.A. control that has been subject to disclosures em-barrassing to the Administra-tion and has also been criti-cized in Congress.

On Jan. 24, Senator Clifford P. Case, Republican of New Jersey, disclosed that the C.I.A. had spent "several hundred million dollars" in secret sub-sidies on the stations. "Yet at no time," he said "was Con-gress asked or permitted to carry out its traditional con-stitutional role of approving the expenditure."

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C.I.A. spent more than soundline to operate the two stations. C.I.A. control of the stations is officially denied.

Senator Case and Representative Ogden R. Reid, Republican of Westchester, introduced legislation to amend the United States Information and Educational Exchange Act of 1948 to provide direct subsidies of \$30-million to the stations, and barring any other form of Government financing.

ernment financing.
Radio Free Europe, which broadcasts to Eastern European countries, and Radio Liberty, which broadcasts to the Soviet Union, report foreign and local

Operations in Munich

The two stations have offices in New York City, but their operational headquarters are in Munich and their powerful transmitters are in Portugal and

With information furnished With information furnished largely by clandestine sources the two radio stations serve as the United States Government's "unofficial" voice to Europeans living under Communist rule. The Voice of America is, on the other hand, the "official" United States voice and, as such, avoids affronting the Soviet Union and other Communist governments.

nist governments.

Representative Reid said he approved of the Administra-tion's plan for a corporation. "There is concern in Congress over the need to fund a program of communications between the peoples of the world," he said, "but there is also concern over the need to strengthen the credibility of these stations."

A spokesman for Senator Case said that the Senator would support direct Government subsidies to the two sta-tions or financing through such an intermediary as the pro-posed corporation. The spokes-man added that Mr. Case would oppose continuation of secret financing through the C.I.A.

Rooney Backs Stations

Representative John J. Roo-Representative John J. Roo-ney, Democrat of Brooklyn, chairman of the appropriations subcommittee for the State, Commerce and Justice Depart-ments and the Federal judi-ciary, said that the measure had not been discussed with

had not been discussed with him yet. However, he added:
"For years I've been a strong supporter of the Voice of America and I think Radio Free Europe and Radio Liberty are as important or perhaps more important."

more important."
Government sources said that the Administration's plan had been prepared in the State Department with the aid of the C.LA. and United States Infor-

mation Agency. It has been approved by a subcommittee of the National Security Council. So far, informants said, the plan has been explained by the Administration to a small number of Congregical Leader. her of Congressional leaders, including Senator Case and Representative Reid; Representatives George H. Mahon, Democrat of Texas, chairman of the ocrat of Texas, chairman of the House Appropriations Commit-tee, Representative Carl Albert, Democrat of Oklahoma, Speaker of the House; representative Gerald R. Ford, Republican of Michigan, House minority leader; Representative Thomas E. Morgan, Democrat of Penn-sylvania, chairman of the House Foreign Affairs Committee, and Representative William S. Mail-liard of California, second-ranking Republican member of the Foreign Affairs Committee.