Shift Sought Of CIA Role

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One of the military's topranking intelligence officers has called for a reassertion of the military's dominant role over civilians in the critical business of estimating national security threats to the United States.

The case for giving this responsibility to the Pentagon rather than the Central Intelligence Agency (CIA) and other civilian-dominated intelligence agencies—is laid out in a highly unusual article appearing in the April issue of Army magazine.

The article is by Army Mat. Gen. Daniel O. Graham, currently deputy director for estimates in the Pentagon's De-Intelligence Agency (DIA),

Graham is scheduled to move over to the CIA on May I to join the staff of its new director, James R. Schle-

the Thus, the appearance of Gen. Graham's article in public could indicate that at least part of his new job at CIA will be to help bring about the return of a major portion of the highly important intelligence estimating job to the Pentagon. The estimates of military threats are a major factor in planning the Pentagon's annual budget and in the course of U.S. foreign policy.

While Graham's article re-flects his personal judgment, U.S. defense officials say the appearance of the article at this time "was not accidential," implying that it had an official okay.

Graham's pending transfer to the CIA has prompted concern among some civilian intelligence officials. They fear that the critical annual intelligence estimates on things as Soviet missile devel-

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opments, for example, might take on an even harder line.

bomber gap, missile gap and megaton gap"—that military credibility was shaken and the strength in Vietnam, he claims, "gave the erroneous mpression that the more casuimpression that the m agencies.

But in the past three years, he says, the new Defense Intelligence Agency has "come a long way since the missile

gap."

He argues that the quality of military analysis has now improved considerably and that most, though not all, of the military men who use intelligence have learned not to bend it for their own self-interest or force intelligence an-

alysts to do that.
"To sum up," he writes, "I think that the time is ripe for the military profession to reassert its traditional role in the function of describing military threats to national security."

In a key statement that may foreshadow some reduction in the CIA's estimating role in favor of the Pentagon, Graham writes:

"While there will always be a legitimate reason for independent judgments from outside the Department of Defense on issues of critical importance to national decisionmakers, there is no longer a need, in my judgment, to du-plicate the Defense Intelligence Agency's other agencies."

take on an even harder line.

Graham argues, however, that the job of judging and describing the various military military of usually describing. The inf Throughout the article, the that the job of judging and describing the various military threats the United States might face properly belongs to the military. And, he states it the military. And, he states it the worst or scariest terms. Not only did it produce scepticism in government, forcing the various talks where, he says, the military of the states it to the various of the control of the did not be the says. might race properly belongs to the military. And, he states it was the military's own fault—officials to turn to other intellists of trading off actual U. S. ally hurt the military in other ways, he writes.

> cong and North Vietnamese, the stronger they got."

them." In other words, he are future would make gues, overestimating the So-sense."

efforts in viet Union's missile capabilities can prematurely kill off U.S. projects by leading offifials to discount the estimates

capabilities against those of an enemy that exist only on

"For example," "since World War II the Sovi-Many Pentagon planners edge, deployed forces or have now learned, he says, fielded hardware as fast as that these so-called "worst- their total capability permitcase estimates can be used to ted. To estimate that they squelch military programs would do so with regard to some weapon system . . . in the