## D.C. Firm Drops Lie Detector Use, Finds It Lacking in Solving Woes

By Edward S. Cohen Associated Press

A Washington drug store and lasting ways to induce tain new stores.

Chain that began a lie determined bonesty from employes.

Elsberg said that because of very rapid expansion in employes to cope with an Quit Five Weeks Ago

Drug Co., Inc., which more personal and have a At one store, commented operates 81 stores in this longer range effect." He said Elsberg, a day's receipts area, has confirmed the ex Drug Fair quit using the lie disappeared. Elsberg recalled istence of a Drug Fair lie detector about five weeks that the employes were called detector program.

are better, more permanent found "trouble spots" in cer-

Milton Elsburg, president "There are other ways of or Drug Fair-Community getting to employes that are store. ago.

had to conclude that "there|chines came when officials

of very rapid expansion in the last three years—with 40 inventory shrinkage problem,
has given up the controver
sial polygraph as a wasted
effort.

Elsberg said the test profound it difficult to screen
help with so many new emhelp with so many new em-

At one store, commented together and asked if they But he said that after Drug Fair's president said would submit to the lie tests, nearly a year of seeking sethe original decision to try All did submit, the money curity through the device, he out the interrogatory mawas found and returned, and a potentially messy police situation was quietly averted.

## Second Try Fails

A second similar situation ended with inconclusive results. The lie detector did not unmask the culprit. Elsberg declined to state exactly what questions were asked.

It is known for instance, that a chain that does business here asks such questions as: Are you a pervert? Have you ever stolen?

A second grocery chain was chastised by the National Labor Relations Board several years ago for asking the question: Do you ever intend to form a union?

Elsberg said flatly that none of Drug Fair's questions took these forms. Rather, he asserted: "We made it clear from the start, and every employe knows it, that we were not interested in private

alternatives, Elsberg suggested that a more sanguine effect can be had from careful study of job applications and references, a more comprehensive employe education effort, and incentives for employes, such as profitsharing. "All we want is reasonable honesty," he said.