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By Jim Mann Washington Post Staff Writer

William L. Kunstler, attorney for H. Rap Brown, has asked a federal court in New Orleans to hear evidence to determine whether Brown was improperly indicted for arson pear for trial, which he did. in Cambridge, Md., in 1967.

Kunstler's motion was filed Tuesday, and will be considered by a panel of judges in the Fifth Circuit Court of Appeals within the next two

weeks.

If it is granted, Kunstler said yesterday, he plans to summon a number of wit-validity of the arson charge, nesses to the hearing, including Dorchester County State's Attorney William B. Yates II, no further comment on the Howard County State's Attor- Brown case until after the atney Richard J. Kinlein, and torney general's office com-Montgomery County Sentinel pletes its report. reporter Robert U. Woodward.

lein and Woodward said publicly that Yates, the chief prosecutor in the Brown case, had admitted holding the arson charge to ensure FBI involvement if Brown failed to ap-

Since then, Maryland Gov. Marvin Mandel has asked the state attorney general to study the Brown prosecution. The attorney general's office has interviewed Yates, Kinlein and Woodward, and is expected to report shortly on the

A spokesman for Yates said yesterday that Yates will have

Brown was indicted in Au-since then. Two weeks ago, both Kin- gust, 1967, by a Dorchester

County grand jury. He was Howard County, where Kinof arson and incitement to arsion, and two common-law misdemeanor counts of riot and incitement to riot. The charges involve Brown's appearance in Cambridge in July, 1967, on the day that riots broke out in the city's black ghetto area. Brown is a former chairman of the Student National Coordinating Committee (SNCC).

Last March, on the night hefore Brown's trial was to open in Harford County, a car explosion near Bel Air, Md., killed Ralph Featherstone. Brown's fellow civil rights worker, and William (Che) Payne. Brown never appeared for trial and has not been seen

The case was later moved to

charged with one felony count lein assisted Yates in the prosecution. There, Kunstler argued successfully that the incitement to arson language was vague and should be dropped. It was.

Kinlein said earlier this month that he and then-Assistant Attorney General John J. Garrity asked Yates to withdraw the arson count after the incitement language had been dropped. But, Kinlein said, Yates said the charge, as a felony, would ensure that a federal fugutive warrant could be obtained against Brown, ensuring FBI involvement.

All federal charges against Brown were contingent on the Maryland arson indictment. He was convicted in New Orleans in 1968 of a federal gun charge for transporting firearme across state lines while under indictment for a felony.

Kunstler's new motion asks the Fifth Circuit Court of Appeals to remand the Brown case to the U.S. District Court in New Orleans for a hearing.

A statement filed in support of the motion argues, "Rarely, if ever, does a prosecutor admit that he has deliberately and wilfully fabricated criminal charges against a defendant."

The statement says that Woodward and Kinlein are prepared to testify regarding Yates' comments. Kinlein said yesterday that he had not volunteered to testify, but would do so if summoned.

In a telephone interview yesterday, Kunstler said that Brown "hasn't gotten in touch with me . . . I'm pretty sure he's in the country. If he wasn't, he would surface."