HW:

This moved on the California state wire, relayed by Los Angeles. Which means probably that it moved nationally on ly on the B wire, or circuit for secondary news. I had no chance to check at the time, and shall not, because by now the file will have been thrown away.

Sorry to be in such a hurry, and will forward anything further that turns up. As fas as I've been able to tell, this was not used by the local papers.

jdw20awg72

d czzcyyxqyy

JFK Autopsy, 450 Two takes,

DENVER AP - A leading medical expert says a four-inch mistake by a pathologist who examined the body of John F. Kennedy after he was shot to death in Dallas produced a series of false speculations about the assassination.

Dr. Russell H. Morgan said

Dr. Russell H.Morgan said the bullet actually entered the president's skull some four inches higher than initially reported, but the Warren Commission's detailed report on the assassination failed to clarify that point.

Morgan, dean of the medical school at Johns Hopkins University, is the only radiologist to examine the X-ray photographs of the slain president's skull.

In an address to the 34th midsummer conference of the Rocky Mountain Radiological Society here, he gave X-rays the credit for finally revealing the pathologist's error and disproving many of the more extreme speculations spawned by the mistake, which is included in the Warren Commission report.

Morgan's four-year investigation of the photographs and the Abraham Zapruder film of the assassination led him to several

conclusions, he said.
The most important finding was that one of the pathologists who examined Kennedy's body in Washington the night of the assassination erred in saying the fatal bullet entered the 'occipital protuberance,' or the bulge at the lower section of the back of the skull.
This statement which Mor-

This statement, which Morgan said later proved to be false, was included in the Warren report. Critics of the report immediately noted a major inconsistency between that alleged entry point and several features of the Zapruder film which showed a frame-by-frame sequence of the shooting. Critics said the film showed the president's head in a near vertical position when the bullet hit and also showed him lurching backward, leading to speculation the bullet came from the front.

The angle of the bullet became controversial. Some con-

lation the bullet came from the front. The angle of the bullet became controversial. Some contended it couldn't have been
fired from Lee Harvey Oswald's rifle in the sixth floor of
the Texas School Book Depository and entered the skull
where the pathologist said it d1d. Morgan said Friday the War-ren Commission, which named Oswald as the assassin, made no effort to explain the con-tradiction, allowing it to pro-vide controversy for several years. When he was given two days to examine the X-ray photographs, Morgan found them of poor quality, severely over-exposed. Of the 14, he said, only three were of the head wound. He said one had pencil marks on the negative itself showing "where somebody thought the bullet had gone." More

08-19-72 03.52apd

n070

d czzceeczzc

denver8jfk autopsy, take two, gone. ''

The penciled line corresponded to the mistaken pathologist's conclusion that the bullet entered the base of the skull and exited at an upward angle out

of the right of the forehead. But Morgan said he found the actual entry wound was 120 millimeters away from the penciled line, more than four inches higher on the back of the head.

The lurching of the president's body backward, he said, was caused by body spasms after the massive wound was inflicted.

Morgan said the Zapruder film, the ballistics tests, t projected line of fire and the angle of entry of the fatal bullet all were consistent with the explanation that a single shot fired from above and behind killed the president.

The Warren Commission's diagnosis was correct, he said even though the evidence cited was inconsistent.