Critics Still Doubt Slayer Was Alone

By MARTIN WALDRON Special to The New York Times

FREDERICK, Md., Nov. 21-The day begins at 5 A.M. for Harold Weisberg, former agent of the Office of Strategic Services and occasional investigator for the Senate who for the last few years has been on a per-sonal crusade to find out the truth about the Kennedy assassination.

Shortly after Mr. Weisberg begins stirring in the chill Mary-land dawn, Penn Jones Jr., a short, stubby newspaper editor 1,500 miles away in Midlothian, Tex., drives out to his farm to check on his cows, then on to the office of the weekly Mid-lothian Mirror. Mr. Jones has the same hobby.

Together, they are the un-official leaders of an energetic group of Americans who do ont believe the Warren Com-mission report that Lee Harvey Oswald acted alone when he shot and killed President Kennedy and who are still conducting private investiga-tions into that assassination.

Some of the doubt that has arisen over the Warren Com-mission finding that Oswald mission finding that Oswald was the lone assassin has grown out of a decision not to release some of the testimony taken in secret. Medical re-ports were also kept sealed until last year, when an out-sider for the first time was allowed to examine some of them.

The dozen or more experi-enced trial lawyers hired by the commission to compile and analyze evidence agreed unanimously that Oswald was the lone gunman, although there was wide disagreement among the lawyers about many details.

The three military doctors who performed the autopsy on President Kennedy's body have never expressed doubt that Mr. Kennedy was killed by a bullet that struck him in the back of the head. Almost all of the

the head. Almost all of the critics have argued that the fatal shot came either from the side or from the front. And just this week, a former commission staff lawyer, David Belin, published a book, "You Are the Jury," defending the commission's finding that Os-wald was the lone assassin and attempting to rabut the comattempting to rebut the commission's critics. But even after 10 years, Mr.

Jones can be reduced to out-rage bordering on incoherence by a discussion of the official investigation. "There are delib-erate errors in the volumes" of commission testimony, Mr.

or commission testimony, Mr. Jones said the other day. Mr. Jones, who is a retired general in the Texas National Guard and who has won na-tional honors for courage in journalism, estimates that 100 to 200 people are still working full-time investigating Mr. Kennedy's murder. Mr. Jones is the developer of

a theory that there is a con-spiracy in the United States to murder everyone who has any pertinent knowledge about the Kennedy assassination. Thus far he has compiled a list of 72

suspicious deaths and says there may be more than 100.

Mr. Jones tends to agree in principle with New Orleans District Attorney Jim Garrison that President Kennedy was killed by the Federal Government with the connivance of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and the Central Intelligence Agency and at least the tacit approval of the late President Johnson. Mr. Weisberg, who has published four well-received and carefully researched books about the assassination, says that the circumstances of Mr. Kennedy's murder cry out con-spiracy. He says he views the Warren Commission investiga-tion as a "whitewash," the name he gave to three of his books. Most of the doubt about the Warren Commission's finding has been based on conflicting statements by witnesses. But these views have been backed in recent years by scientific in-

In recent years by science --quiry. Dr. Cyril H. Wecht, coroner of Allegheny County, Pa., (Pitts-burgh) said last year. after studying autopsy material that had been kept secret for almost eight years: "From a hard phys-ical evidentiary standpoint, there was more than one person shooting. The single-bullet shooting. The single-bullet theory is absolute nonsense."

The Warren Commission con-The Warren Commission con-cluded that one bullet pierced President Kennedy's neck, went through the chest of then Texas Gov. John B. Connally Jr., and then on through Mr. Con-nally's wrist into his leg. "Once that theory is de-

"Once that theory is de-stroyed, we must conclude that more than one person fired," said Dr. Wecht, who is past president of the American Academy of Forensic Sciences. A theory that President Ken-nedy's assassination was **ar**-ranged by munitions makers has been made into a movie.

ranged by munitions makers has been made into a movie, "Executive Action." The movie is based on a novel by Mark Lane, a New York City lawyer who was one of the early critics of the Warof the early critics of the War-ren Commission and who pub-lished a book, "Rush to Judg-ment," which was critical of the commission's investigation. Among the majority of Americans either convinced or open to the idea that others besides Oswald were involved in the assassination—64 per in the assassination—64 per cent in a Gallup Poll released in January, 1967—was President Johnson.

Leo Janos, a Time magazine writer and a former Johnson aide, said that President Johnson had told him a short time before his death that he had never believed Oswald acted alone.

alone. Writing in The Atlantic Monthly, Mr. Janos said that President Johnson had told him that "a year or so before Ken-nedy's death, a C.I.A.-backed assassination team had been picked up in Havana. Johnson speculated that Dallas had been a retaliation for this thwatted a retaliation for this thwarted attempt" to kill Cuban Premier Fidel Castro.