Aide to Mitchell Opposes Any Curb on Surveillance

By RICHARD HALLORAN

Special to The New York Times

senior official of the Justice De- in place of Attorney General partment said today that the John N. Mitchell, argued that department "will vigorously op- "isolated imperfections" should pose any legislation" that would not be permitted "to obscure impair the Government's ability the fundamental necessity and to gather information about importance of Federal informa-American citizens.

William H. Rehnquist told a this area by the organizations Senate subcommittee that "self- involved." discipline on the part of the executive branch will provide an answer to virtually all of partment "will vigorously op-

mary checks against abuse Federal Government." have been bureaucratic selfthe press. We need far more reliable and consistent controls."

WASHINGTON, March 9-A1 Mr. Rehnquist, who appeared tion gathering, or the generally Assistant Attorney General high level of performance in

Legislation Is Opposed

He said that the Justice Delegitimate complaints pose any legislation which, against excesses of information whether by opening the door to unnecessary and unmanageable But Senator Charles McC. judicial supervision of such ac-Mathias Jr., Republican of tivities or otherwise, would ef-Maryland, who also testified, fectively impair this extraordidisagreed, saying, "The pri- narily important function of the

In contrast, Senator Mathias restraint and the energies of testified that "it is not only proper but essential for Con-

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gress to enact controls" over criminal data systems maintained by agencies of the Federal Government, operated by state or local agencies but supported by Federal funds, and those connected with Federal

Mr. Rehnquist and Senator Mathias appeared before Senator Sam J. Ervin Jr.'s Subcommittee on Constitutinonal Rights as it opened a third week of hearings on the collection, storage, and uses, or abuses, of the information about citizens by the Government.

Mr. Rehnquist said "it would be surprising if there were not isolated examples of abuse of this investigative function," given the Government's responsibility for law enforcement. sibility for law enforcement.

Transfer of Functions

In earlier testimony, the subcommittee heard former military intelligence agents document, and the Department of Defense largely confirm, evi-



United Press International William H. Rehnquist, an Assistant Attorney General, at Senate hearing.

dence of widespread political surveillance operations from mid-1967 to mid-1970.

Mr. Rehnquist said that the function of gathering intelli-gence relating to civil disturbances, which was the original intention of the Army's domestic intelligence project, had been transferred to the Internal Security Division of the Jus-

tice Department.

A brief colloquy between
Senator Mathias and Senator Roman L. Hurska of Nebraska, the senior Republican member of the subcommittee, illuminated the differences in emphasis on opposite sides of the

Senator Mathias said that Government information gather ing was permissible when limited to what was strictly necessary to Government operations and when carefully guarded against abuses.

Senator Hruska contended that the collection of large quantities of information was desirable, especially in connection with law enforcement, and that there were already enough laws on the books to prevent abuses.

In his testimony, Senator Mathias said that an individual should have some assurance that a "youthful indiscretion will not follow him all the days of his life" because of a record kept in an unthinking

Files on 3-year-Olds

He noted that the Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs maintained computerized files on more than 64,000 persons, including three boys under 3 years old. "Will those three boys be pursued for life," he asked, "by the tragic fact that they were exposed to narcotics almost talk?" before they could

In a supplementary state-

ment to the subcommittee, Mr. Rehnquist denied allegations made last week by Mayor Joseph L. Alioto of San Francisco. Mr. Alioto had said that confidential information from several Government agencies had been furnished to two writers of a Look magazine article critical of him, possibly with the approval of high officials in Washington.

Mr. Rehnquist said that one agent had been in touch with the two authors to confirm in-

the two authors to confirm information they had, but that "at no time were official files of the F.B.I. furnished to Look." He said that the agent of the Federal Bureau of Investigation had been disciplined and

forced to retire.

He noted, however, that a Narcotics Bureau agent might have disclosed information. This possibility is being investigated, he said.

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