Saturday 11-10-00

Interview with or. malcolm ferry at Farkland mospital, Indreday, 11-14-08 renn "ones Jr., accompanied me to the hospital and in the interview, although he asked no questions. Dr. Perry was cordial, met us in the main lopsy at the information desk, and invited us to his office for greater Privacy. he is a nanogome man, tail and slightly thin, with a pleasant, smiling Tace, an open, earnest manner. He was raised by his grandfather when his father died either ber re me was born or when he was quite young. the grandfather was a country general practitioner. It seems this is what br. Perry might have liked to maye been, but he feels changes in practise and patient attitudes works against success this way and impels young doctors to specialize. He is a vascular surseon and is unostentaciously groun of his proficiency, he explained his tracheotomy on the President as one with a transverse incision that would, on healing, be invisible because it would be hidden by the Tolds of skin. It never occurred to nim now strange it might seem that he went to this great care with cosmetic concerns when his patient was irreversiony dead at the time of surgery. This could be interpreted as a spant neous act, the skilled surgeon automatically using his pest teennique. In any event, it was not the customary, vertical incision and, he agreed, shouldhave been immediately recognizable to any competent practitioner. he further agreed that it could under no circumstances have been taken as a sunshot wound.

was misquoted in making the positive statement that there had been a front entrance wound, saying what he said or meant to say was that this could have been, he says the wound was coased with blood and he did not make careful examination, he did not know that the setnesds doctors quoted him two days later as having described the hear wound as a suncture wound, the did not want me to take the interview; while he does not recall the exact times of the make sphone calls, he is clear

and certain there were two, he says the first dealt with the trachectomy, even though it was devices and the second with the profise to the top of the lung, he acknowledges it is strange that the loctors did not phone him while they had the

body cefore them and that the hour of 10 y.m., belies time, would not have seen an unusual one, even under normal circumstances, for a doctor to be called. The does not understand why numes did not phone nim then, when he had the body in front of him, and believes it would have seen normal. The apparently is of the opinion the cresiment's was no autopsy at all and has a very high opinion of the competence of or. Nose, the then ballas coroner.

ne main ain. that he was not tale by numes what their report would say and disputes or. Clark's testimony that he had asked Clark to take his Saturday fress conference because of this, he says that on Saturday there was merely a prepared statement issued. I told him of the conflict and its significance, but he maintained his account and recollection to be correct.

the smiled and abreed that Specter's pretense he had no account of Perry's first-day press conference was fictitious, that the business of the electronic media not having their tapes available was nonsense, that the newspapers had quoted him at some length and that, in any event, there was a verbatim transcript (my recollection is by the Secret Service, although I am not positive it was by this agency) and he had been shown it. Yet he seems to be without question that he should have been in the middle of such a charage.

ne is without doubt that the Predident's rear, non-ratar wound was in the tack and not the neak on two pases: he found the measurements, which he quoted verbatim, placed it arout two inches below the top of the back, and he had so been told by the pethesua doctors, he showed us on himself. I felt where he held his finger and it was about two inches below the top line, consistent with kellerman's description.

Assuming the front and rear wound to have been caused by a single bullet, he said that had the rear wound been any lower, it would have hit the lung, therefore he believes it was no lower.

apparently not realizing the conflict between his statement and "umes" notes in Exhibit 397, he said the first call was on the trach and the second on the lungs and the blood nesaw there on sursery. There is no such #umes notation.

Because ne had to leave - we purnaps delayed him past an appointment - I did

not 50 into cetail with him on certain aspects of the autops/ and injuries, as perhaps - might have under other circumstances.

Hrs. Jacquline he medy asking nim to be interviewed by handnester new says that although handnester never did interview nim, he did quote Perry directly, as though ne had.

had Dr. McClelland pased. When he did not answer, I had Dr. Rose pased. After the further passage of time, with no response, I was in a phone booth making a call when Perry came down. This is not unusual, because he could have been with a patient.

ne does not agree that Dr. S. ires was in charge of Connally's post-operative care, for reasons having to do with the practises of the Parkland doctors, yet his explanation was not comprehensible to me. He agrees hires was, in fact, the doctor who did give this care, that as part of it he did order A-rays he says he did not know that these chest A-rays disclosed metal in the chest.

on the les wound, he said what he had been told of it is that it was a very shallow one. I asked him if the description indicated it could have held the bullet captive during the drive to the hospital and all the bener movements of Connally's body prior to his surpery, he response was not direct, but it indicated the belief this was unlikely, he also said there was a question whether the metal in the tipia, shown in the A-rays, actually came from this wound, his reasoning seems to be based on the fact that the wound was so shallow the bullet did not hit the tipia, he also offers no explanation for the presence of the metal, he previous history to show how the povernor could have metal impedded in a cone without anyone having knowledge of it, when I asked him, not of this wound, if bullets did not show on A-rays, he had the provocative answer that they would if they were of the right material, indicating a belief other than lead bullets might have been used. I had made no such such should have been used. I had made no such should have been used. I had made no such should have been used. I had made no such should have been used. I had made no such should have been used. I had made no such should have led to this opinion.