FBI releases first Rosenberg papers

WASHINGTON (AP) — A Smith College historian Friday combed the famous espionage case a quarterthe Rosenberg investigation, the first documents the FBI has released from through 725 pages of secret FBI files on

Smith College history Prof. Allen The FBI turned over the first years after he first petitioned for the Weinstein on Thursday, about three installment from the 48,000 page files to

records.

The documents also were being delivered to Robert and Michael Meeropol, the sons of Julius and Ethel filed separate lawsuits under the Freeadoptive parents, and Weinstein had slipping atomic bomb secrets to Soviet documents. dom of Information Act to obtain the Meeropols, who use the name of their agents and executed in 1953. The Rosenberg who were convicted of

> imminent release of all the papers." forward, and I hope it foreshadows the batch "an encouraging first step Weinstein called the release of the first

ing to a grand jury when he denied slipping secret State Department documents to confessed spy Whittaker Era spying case, the investigation of Alger Hiss, who was convicted of lypages from its files on another Red Scare The FBI also gave Weinstein 350 more

Soviet agents while employed as a technician on the Los Alamos, N.M., Chambers. and his brother-in-law and principal reports on interviews with Rosenberg project to develop the atomic bomb. Greenglass who admitted spying for accuser, David Greenglass. It was The Rosenberg papers include FBI

According to the documents, Greenglass told the FBI on June 16, 1950, meet a man who questioned him about the atomic bomb project. that Rosenberg once arranged for him to

while Greenglass was on furlough from recall, approached him. Los Alamos. Greenglass said he drove to the other man, whose name he did not the meeting site where Rosenberg and The meeting took place in New York

The man got into the car and I drove

being experimented with at the Los Alamos bomb project," said the Greenglass statement. "I tried to about a high-explosive lens which was on while the man asked me questions

driving."

The day after the Greenglass interview, FBI agents questioned Rosenberg who "denied any espionage activities and refused to sign a waiver" allowing his apartment to be searched

describe the lens to the man while I was

Greenglass told him about August 1944 that her husband "was assigned to a secret project at Los Alamos," the the documents said. memo continued Rosenberg acknowledged that Ruth

information relating to the Los Alamos secret project," the FBI summary said. But he denied "arranging details of David Greenglass contacts by Soviets and denies receiving any confidential

consistent with his trial testimony. Greenglass' statements to the FBI were material suggests that Weinstein said Friday that the

spying activities far more seriously than Mrs. Rosenberg. Greenglass implicated Rosenberg in the The professor said, however, that