1wo

of murder conspiracy he was innocent dupe James Earl Ray claims Convicted assassin Who killed Martin Luther King?

By Christopher Sullivan The Associated Press

awaken on the U.S. Martin Luther King holiday Then, he'll go to work and a 10-centimetre-wide glass slit for a window Monday in his cell, a concrete cube with no bars NASHVILLE, Tenn. - James Earl Ray will

he repeats in a new autobiography and in a pris-The man serving 99 years at Riverbend Max-imum Security Institution as King's assassin will resume his quest to prove he is innocent, a claim

and is shopping for a judge who will order a ing investigative documents to build his case legal way out. He's filed a string of lawsuits seek Ray now combs the prison law library for a

Once in court, he vows to prove he was a dupe of a mysterious middleman named "Raoul" in one of the most spectacular murder conspiracies

more than "a two-bit career criminal." was coerced and that he was never anything King?, makes a case that his original guilty plea Ray's new book, Who Killed Martin Luther

fully air the evidence?" much reluctance to allow me to have a trial and rifle that killed Martin Luther King, is there so firmly convinced that I pulled the trigger of the "Why," he writes, "if official America is so

were striking for better pay and an end to disto the flashpoints of the U.S. civil rights movewhere sanitation workers, most of them black and in early April 1968 took him to Memphis ment won him the Nobel Peace Prize in 1964 -Rev. Martin Luther King Jr.'s untiring travels

orized by American children now, declaring, 'Tve been to the mountaintop. . . I'm not fearing He stirred a crowd with a speech that's mem-



New book: Ray hopes authorities will grant him a trial

ning yet another demonstration, he prepared for dinner, then stepped on to his balcony at the

rifle shot struck him in the head. As King stood alone there at 6:01 p.m., a single

to King's killing, in London in June. Within a year of the assas-sination , on March 10, 1969, Ray pleaded guilty leads across continents arrested James Earl Ray Investigators tracing aliases and following

ceeding a sham, but this sentiment is not new In his new book, Ray now calls the court pro-

said immediately after the shooting that a lone assassin killed King there was no evidence of a conspiracy. But even as he pleaded guilty, Ray told the judge: "The only thing that I have to say that I can't agree with Mr. Clark" Then-U.S. Attorney General Ramsey Clark had

of Representatives select committee on assassi nations nine years later. In 1978, its report based There was a conspiracy, concluded the House

> bigots was behind the killing. on a two-year investigation said Ray shot King but that a St. Louis-based conspiracy of racial

File photo

his testimony and misrepresented what he said U.S. Rep. Louis Stokes, who chaired the com-Ray complains that the committee cut short

during my cross-examination of him." clear up all the inconsistencies that I developed mittee, denies that, saying Ray's book fails "to Stokes defends the investigation as thorough

archivist and researcher who has studied the King case for years. conclusion. and exhaustive, despite challenges to its central "Highly speculative," says Philip Melanson, an

paign of spying on, threatening and attempting to discredit King was well-documented. state or local agency was involved in King's killing — notably exonerating the FBI, whose cam-The committee also concluded that no federal

rectly, to assassinate him," says Rev. Jesse Jackwas part of a conspiracy, either directly or indi-"I have always believed that the government

those with King when he died, comes in a fore-word to Ray's book, written at the publisher's re-Ray, Jackson says, "may or may not have been The comment by Jackson, who was among

air trial, and the American people deserve to

part of the conspiracy, ... Where I do agree with James Earl Ray is that he deserves a full and

the public until the year 2029 special prosecutor and the unsealing of commitknow the truth." Jackson also endorses Ray's call for a federal

uals at the other end of Louisiana phone numbers he was given by "Raoul"? The book's 285 pages only hint at answers to the question of who killed King Meyer Lansky and others in organized crime? Shadowy individ-

those who believe his claim of innocence sense that he's hiding some of what he knows thinks he was kept at arm's length by the print Melanson believes Ray was helped by several people before and after the assassination, but

cipal conspirators. The could have been recruited by people who were on the fringe, said Melanso. "I don't know that he was entrusted with enough information ... the case." that he could provide specifics that would solve

to tantalize the public and get back into court but not enough to endanger himself by giving know, for example, or about new evidence he might present at trial. that turned out to belong to real people he didn't some questions - about the sources of aliases At the prison, Ray was coy in his responses to He was asked if he was revealing only enough

away conspirators' identities. "No, I don't think there's anything fo that," said Ray. "This case is 23 years old The only problems I've had were at Brushy Mountain pris-

on," where he was stabbed by inmates in 1981. cell with constant surveillance jected to solitary confinement for months in a plea. He entered it, he says, only after being sub-Among the things he does discuss is his guilty