Mr. L. Fletcher Prouty 4201 Peachtree St., Alexandria, VA 22304

Dear Fletch,

Jim Lesar just sent me you good letter in the Times of 12/22/88, "Who Really Ran the Oliver North Operation?"

There was that covert operation and there was the coverup and as of this week the coverup was perpetuated because Meese again got away with a big lie most of the reparters and lawyers should have known was a lie.

Before Gesell this week - and I did not see this in the WxPost but did hear it on the radio - Meese repeated the big lie that really shocked me when I heard and saw it live 11/23/86 or 7, whenever he held the press conference at the White House for Geagan. He was asked why he had not put the FBI on the case immediately. Portraying himself and the FBI as great civil libertarians, he pontificated that there was no reason to believe that any law had been violated and that in the absence of a law violation or a suspicion of one it would have been quite wrong for the FBI to do anything at all.

Truth is that the FBI has the responsibility for making non-law enforcement investigations for the Whit President. To say nothing about how much an innocent Reagan needed such and investigation. Hoover testified to this before the Warren Commission if you know anyone who might be interested in exposing Meese's lie before the court now as well as to the world earlier. You will find this in Volume 5, page 98. I recall it clearly because I used it in my first book.

The entire JFK assassination investigation was, as hoover attested, an administrative inquiry. You have some mathing notion of how vast an investigation that was and still is. Hoover testified it would forever be an open case. The file number reflects that it was an administrative inquiry, that being the classification of the 62 files. Ditto for its Commission file, also a 62.

Hoover was quite explicit in testifying that the FBI had no law enforcement jurisdiction because no federal law was violated. The was no less specific in attesting to the propriety and necessity of conducting such investigations for presidents.

I presume you've heard nothing from wavasky.

best.

Harolf

## Letters

## Who Really Ran the Oliver North Operation?

In reference to "Justice for Oliver North" (editorial Dec. 1): If the prosecutor, Lawrence E. Walsh, Judge Gerhard Gesell and Oliver L. North's defense team are to bring about justice in the cases that have been brought against Mr. North, John M. Poindexter and their co-defendants, they are all going to have to learn a lot more about the way in which this Government carries out clandestine operations and the elaborate covert infrastructure that supports them. Despite the countless pages of material that have been made available and the tons more that have not, the facts behind this Iran hostage exchange fiasco remain obscure and unheeded. Let's explore but a single facet of this many-sided undercover structure.

A covert operation, once approved at National Security Council level, is assigned to an operating authority. In this case, it was assigned to a cell within the National Security Council staff structure, and from there that

cell had the authority to fan out through the Government for support. The National Security Council knew this was a covert operation. The cell knew it too; but most elements of the remainder of the Government that participated may not have known. It was truly a "black" operation.

The formalization of this undercover procedure began on March 15, 1954, with the approval by the Eisenhower National Security Council of N.S.C. 5412, "N.S.C. Directive on Covert Operations." One of the basic elements of this scheme required the application of the old National Economy Act of 1932, as amended. In the 1955-56 period, Larry Houston, then gen-eral counsel of the Central Intelligence Agency, and I, then involved in Air Force support of clandestine C.I.A. activities, had a lot to do with writing these procedures.

One of the most important pro-cesses covered is the permanent or temporary use of active-duty mili-tary personnel in support of covert operations. Many members of the

military are assigned to other agencies, and those agencies become re-sponsible for their salaries and for their command and control. Other members of the military are assigned temporarily, and the parent service retains the command line to these men, i.e., they work in one place (say the National Security Council), but they are paid and controlled by another (Department of Defense, Navy, Marine Corps).

If justice is to be done in the cases of Mr. North and Mr. Poindexter, the prosecutor is going to have to make it abundantly clear for whom they were working and from whom they took their orders, regardless of where they sat and where they appeared to work. Mr. North could not have been working, officially, for either National Security Adviser, Robert C. McFarlane or Mr. Poindexter, when he was being paid by the Navy as a Marine Corps lieutenant colonel. A military officer can have but one commander. This rule applies to thousands of members of the military every day and not to Mr. North and Mr. Poindexter alone,

Despite the "stunningly foolish, knavish and deceitful series of acts by men claiming to act for the President," one must not be misled by the cover story. Mr. North and Mr. Poindexter were military men on active duty, and their indisputable commanders were members of the Department of Defense-Navy-Marine Corps structure. Those are the men who must bear the responsibility for what they have done.

Why is the record silent about them? After all, the Secretary of Defense is a member of the National Security Council, and on many occa-sions he said that the Economy Act process was used in this hostage exchange and in the following contra support. He knew that. He participated in the decision.

You may be more accurate than you intend in saying: "If Oliver North cannot be tried fairly and openly, it will mean that those entrusted with secrets" - their bosses - "can escape prosecution even if they willfully abuse their trust."

It may well be that the wrong men are about to be tried and for the wrong L. FLETCHER PROUTY reasons.

Alexandria, Va., Dec. 1, 1988 The writer is former chief of special operations with the staff of the Joint Chiefs of Staff.