"I'll Never Forget It for as Long as I Live" = 235

He stopped his cycle and ran toward the end of the wooden stockade fence on the grassy knoll near the Triple Underpass. Many in the crowd followed him, running—strangely—into the area where the gunman might be instead of away from danger.

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Because of the ensuing bedlam, Dealey Plaza produced a mass of contradictory statements from scores of witnesses. In even the simplest auto accident, eyewitnesses almost invariably present different, and sometimes completely conflicting, accounts.* There was ample reason for confusion at Dealey. The crowds had concentrated on the presidential motorcade, a mesmerizing event for many. They were not expecting rifle shots over a few seconds, and to complicate matters, the plaza is an echo chamber. In the turmoil that followed, it is little wonder that witnesses standing next to each other often heard and saw things differently. Resolving every conflicting account is impossible. However, the statements June can be sifted for internal inconsistencies and judged for credibility. Testimony closer to the event must be given greater weight with than changes or additions made years later, when the witness's own memory is often muddied or influenced by television pro- Payney grams, films, books, and discussions with others. Danny Arce, Lindy one of Oswald's co-workers and a witness at Dealey, summarized the difficulty: "I have read and heard so many things, it mixes together. You don't know if it's your own memory or it's somebody else's. We all read a lot of things, and sometimes inadvertently adopt things we hear from others. It's hard to separate the two, and can get real confusing trying to figure out what you remember without having your memory colored by everything that has come out."64

Yet just as any jury must decide which witnesses are most credible, the same can be done with the seemingly intractable morass at Dealey when I want to all that so I put?

^{*}Human observation can be notoriously unreliable. A vivid example of the pitfall of relying exclusively on eyewitness testimony is that when the ocean liner *Titanic* sank in 1912, there were nearly seven hundred people on lifeboats watching it go down. The ship was almost nine hundred feet long, three football fields in size, yet the survivors were split as to whether it sank in one or two pieces.