be of S. Koreans' Activities Widens

o Question 2 Maxine Cheshire

and Charles R. Babcock Washington Post Staff Writers

Federal investigators moved yesterday to question two important figures in the widening inquiry into efforts by agents of the South Korean government to buy political influence

Attorneys for Pak Bo Hi, a top aide to South Korean evangelist Sun Myung Moon, and Jhoon Rhee, a friend of Pak and the owner of a chain of karate schools, said yesterday they have been in touch with the Jus-tice Department on behalf of their clients. The Bray a lawyer for Pak

(who is known here as Bo Hi Pak), said he (Bray) would meet later this week with officials of the Justice De-"partment's public integrity section to answer questions about Pak's activi-ties. U.S. intelligence reports have placed Pak at a 1970 meeting in Seoul about plans to funnel cash and gifts to U.S. congressmen and other officials,

Jhoon Rhee's attorney, Anthony F. Cafferky, said Rhee was scheduled to appear today before the federal grand jury here investigating the allegations of South Korean influence-peddling. Cafferky said Rhee's grand jury ap-pearance was temporarily postponed to give the lawyer and client an opportunity to confer.

Pak and Rhee have both been officers and directors of the tax-exempt Korean Cultural and Freedom Foundation here. Federal investigators have intelligence information that money raised by the foundation may have been siphoned off to help fi-



PAR BO HI press reports "outrageous" 划在特性的方式类型在对外

nance the buying of political influence here.

Both men also have been active supporters of Sun Myung Moon's Unification Church and are stockholders, along with Moon, in the recently opened Diplomat National Bank of Washington.

Earlier this year, Diplomat National Bank lent \$100,000 to the Korean Cultural and Freedom Foundation, according to sources at the bank. The loan was repaid in full with interest within about six months, according

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Seoul Was Warned

Washington Post Poreign Service

SEOUL, Nov. 1-Evidence is mounting here that the South Korean govvernment both knew of wheeler dealer Tongsun Park's questionable political Westinger in Washington and con-doned them, at least to the extent of allowing his Seoul-based businesses to day he has been warning the govern-ment for four years that Park was damaging the country's image in the damaging the country's image in the United States. The state of the United States was a state of the state of

bribery."

Had the government wished to rein, in Park, according to commercial sources here, it could, have moved against his Seoul-based trading group, but the influential husinessman has prospered. Park runs a shipping firm and two trading companies from plush offices in Seoul and this year has purchased a high school, a supermarket chain and a \$400,000 house.

American newspapers citing federal sources have reported that Tongsun Park, 22 private businessman, has worked with the Korean Central Intelligence Agency under the direction of President Park Chung Hee to buy congressional support. Such allegations cannot be investigated in the heavily restricted environment of South Korea. However, the apparent absence of government sanctions against

See PARK, All, Col. 1

Seen Aw

ment's cooperation Park's business operations offers cir-cumstantial support to the theory. American businessmen agree that it erate in Korea without the governis impossible for a major trader to op-

troversy was against the national inorders from the South Korean governpresent U.S. members of Congress on made illegal payments to past and sible businessman." Oh said he plans to ask Wednesday for a government inquiry into allegations that Park continuing news blackout on the conment. Oh said he would argue that a cated at American an expert on U.S.—South Korean rela-Iongsun Park as "a careless, irresponlions, said he has constantly criticized Assemblyman Oh, University and is who was edu-

Park, why don't we have a free discussion of the subject? Our country is being damaged. There is wrongdoing by somebody but we must dig into it," he "If the government is not linked to

government policies have often been ernment of President Park, critics of the government." Under tial "to clarify whether he worked for agent, but said he believes it is essen-Tongsun Park is a formal paid KCIA not be used to protect possible crimi-nal conduct. He said he doubted that which cripples press freedom should Oh said that a presidential decree the gov-

> to foreigners has been considered jailed, and making critical co

to have disapproved. Other officials sought to have him barred from the government Blue House in Scoul South Korea's ambassador to Wash-ington, Hahm Pyong Choon is known was allowed to continue operating for years after rumors began circulating There is speculation here that Seou

"If bribery happened, its unfortu-nate," said Chase Manhattan Seout Manager Victor Reizman "And II cies would have such drastic repercus sions in the United States. he exporting of their domestic poli

don't need to bribe people to present their case in America." they received official sponsorship in really is poor judgment because they A U.S. source called the corruption

scheme "downright dangeroug".

"Korea needs us and these things are going to undermine their support in the Congress," he said.

In South Korea, all traders and manufacturers work within the frame be indispensable. One major group, reof credit and foreign exchange privi port and import licenses, the granting work of five-year plans and are subeges. Good government contacts car ect to government regulation on ex-

ticularly reprehensible.

It now seems that there was a split within the Korean government over Tongsun Park's activities. While he

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officials simply did not realize the

* who felt their charges were being waylaid, Oh said. Other sources in Seoul have confirmed that congresscongressmen in a rented villa at the annoyance of U. S. embassy officials, panions if they expressed any intermen were provided with female comluxurious Walker Hill resort, to the Park frequently entertained visiting

"We tend to give a person whatever he requests." "Lam afraid it is a distorted form of hospitality," one Korean official said.

Food for Peace program. the purchase of a million tons of rice in 1969 under the federally subsidized received a \$1 per ton commission on Oh also charged that Tongsun Park

chief Lee Hu Rak "simply disintegrated" when he was fired in 1973, a banker said. iant on the influence of former KCIA

of sanctions they could use within the structure of regulations," said Reiz-Park's activities "there's any number If the government wanted to curb

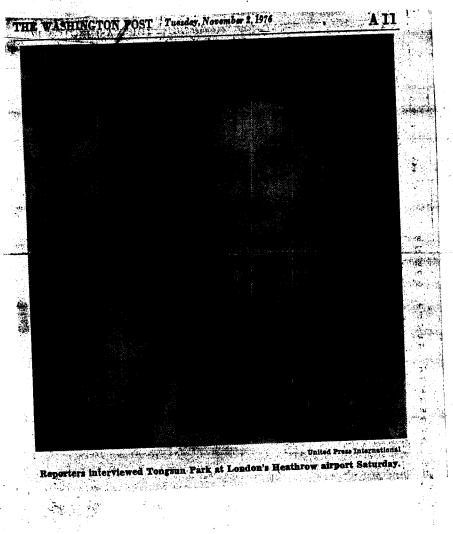
sun Parks' organization of a visit to Kored in April 1974 by 22 congressmen led by Rep. Thomas P. (Tip) Otheril (D-Mass.). The then U.S. ambassador, Philip Habib, spotted Park among the velconing committee and Assemblyman Oh criticized Tong. disappeared, but only briefly, Oh said. advised the host officials that he would leave unless Park was removed. Park

yung Navigation Co. Ltd. is a shipping company that owns and charters oil exports stone products to Japan. Mirgeneral trading company, Miryung companies. Miryung Mool San is a London gave this account of the Park cankers and bulk carriers. Fong San owns granite quarries and A visitor from a related company in s's Activit

mittee, Oh said and added that he ex tional Assembly's foreign policy comwill be made at a meeting of the Napects opposition. His appeal for a full investigation

Korea weakened. want to see the U.S. ties with South only serve the interests of people who Korean presidential residence would electronic eavesdropping on the South lieve, for instance, that any heated de-bate on U. S. press reports of U. S. Members of the ruling party be

Korean paintings of flying cranes and a group photograph taken at the Touchdown Club's 1973 awards dinner and during my brief visit a heavy-set guard in a blue suit kept cracking his knuckles and motioning toward the a massive leather chair. que ceramics, dark wood paneling and was luxuriously appointed with antisun Park are quartered on the sev-The staff was uncommunicative today, in Washington. Park's vacant office door. The decor included traditional enth floor of a modern office building. The three companies run by Tong-



KOREANS, From A1

to one informed source, who did not know the exact purpose of the loan. Congressional investigators have

identified associates and followers of moon as the owners of 42,820 shares of Diplomat National Bank stock worth more than \$1 million. This represents about 44 per cent of the total stock issued in the bank.

According to other sources, Jhoon Rhee and his wife own 4,000 shares in the bank worth \$100,000, and Pak Bo Hi owns 3,000 shares worth \$75,000.

Pak Bo Hi held a press conference here yesterday to deny reports that he was a central figure in the political influence-pedding investigation. But he refused to answer any questions from reporters.

The Washington Post has reported that according to U.S. intelligence sources, Pak had attended a meeting in the South Korean presidential mansion, the Blue House, where the original plan to funnel cash and gifts to U.S. congressmen and other officials was discussed.

Present at the meeting besides Pak, Park, according to the intelligence reports, were South Korean President Park Chung Hee, highranking Korean CIA officials, and Park Tong Sun, a Washington-based businessman known here as Tongsun Park who is another key figure in the investigation.

Sources close to the investigation

have said that between \$500,000 and \$1 million a year was dispensed by Tongsun Park in cash payments, gifts, campaign contributions and entertaining here.

In a statement he read at the Washington Hilton press conference, Pak Blue House meeting because he was in Washington at the time. However, Pak specifically referred to the alleged meeting as having taken place in June, 1969, a date he took from a Chicago Tribune story published several days after The Post's first article. The original Post story did not pin-point the date of the meeting, but the newspaper later placed it in 1970.

Pak, 47, is the translator and chief aide to Moon and the president of the Korean Cultural and Freedom Foundation. He also served as an assistant military attache in the Korean Embassy in Washington in the early

. Pak denied yesterday that he has ever been a member of the Korean CIA, or that he had ever made a contribution to or attempted to influence a U.S. congressman or official.

The "most far-fetched" and "outrageous" press allegation was that tion as a karate master would serve money raised for the Radio of Free to influence lipance and recruit in Asia program of the Korean Cultural the furtherance of the Mook cause." rageous" press allegation was that

and the first of the second and Freedom Foundation "was to be siphoned off for use by Korean agents here," Pak said.

The Washington Post reported Sunday that the foundation also has been investigated by the New York State Board of Social Welfare, which asked that it be barred from further solicitation in the state. The foundation has recently been sending out emotional letters soliciting funds for Asian orphans.

Sworn congressional testimony earlier this year at hearings on the South Korean CIA's activities in this country indicate the central part Pak's activities play in the current federal investigation.

Robert W. Roland, a former airline pilot who was a family of Pak, told Rep. Donald Fraser's House International Relations subcommittee in June that Pak had described the Korean Cultural and Freedom Foundation him as a "front organization" for both Sun Myung Moon's church and the South Korean government

"He gave an indication to me, during this discussion, that it (the fourdation) was not primarily a fund-raising organization, but rather that it would create influence for their (the Moon) movement and also for the Korean government," Roland said.

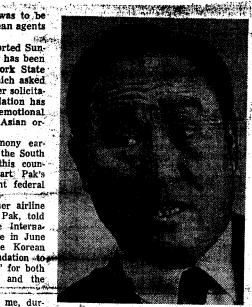
Pak also was invited in June to testify before Train Verification to But Tak declined, salving he would not appear because the hearings were: about the KCIA and he had nothing to do with the organization, a subcommittee staff member recalled.

In his testimony in June, however, Roland said Pak had told him that his job at the embassy in the early 1960s was as liaison officer between the South Korean and U.S. intelligence services. Roland said Pak traveled frequently between the South Korean Embassy in Washington and the National Security Agency headquarters in Ft. Meade, Md.

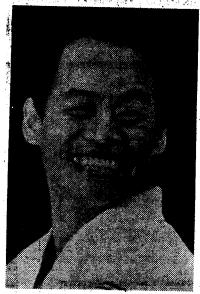
During this period, Roland added, he and his wife had dinner at Pak's home and, on at least one occasion, Jhoon Rhee, who "resided in the Pak home," was present.

Roland also testified that Pak told him he knew and had met with President Park several times and that Pak had said or implied "that their (the Moon) movement was looked upon with favor by the South Korean government."

"Pak indicated that his primary aim was to establish influential contacts with the government and social elite of the nation's capital," Roland said. 'Jhoon Rhee indicated that his posi-



sun myung moon share links to church, bank involved ing of the Corean C



JHOON RHEE

in probe of possible influence peddling.

tive director and vice president throughout the 1960s, and became its president in 1970.

The foundation's tax returns show The half of more in a lower land, but from your

All market in the add to solu

str. 000 and \$25,000, respectively? In the foundation's president. Though he was heavily involved with Moon's church work at the time, the reports savine worked full time to the found-ation.

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of the Korean Cultural and Foundation in 1972.

Foundation in 1972.

Fall and Rhee last his story been a gramma substitution of the story of the sto

dation.

would find it hard to understand how the Unification Church will'd seem to exist completely beyond the control of the Korean government,"
Ranard said, He noted the 1973 support for President Nixon by Unification Church members, including their frequent entilinosecument demo

that he is no longer a points that he is no longer a point showing the section married with such access out Meeon's longer than the section of the light and the light and the light and the light and stop with the anhanced in the longer meant's office of the State Department's office of Korean affers also testified to the connection between sent to Scou.

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L. Meyer and Scott Armstrong.