Years at SACB

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General draw up a list of organizations considered to be subversive. The Supreme Court in recent years sharply curbed the board's powers, and it was virtually dormant until the Johnson administration referred some cases to it.

Last year, Otepka said, the Nixon administration referred 15 cases to the board.

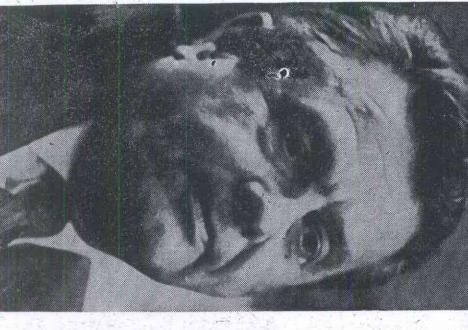
Early last July, President Nixon issued an executive order extending the board's jurisdiction to cover "violent-action oriented organizations" that deny others their constitutional rights.

Otepka said former attorneys general were to blame for the board's long period of inaction.

"The board is not a selfgenerating agency, and may not begin an investigation or initiate work on its own," Otepka said. "The former attorney generals — Robert F. Kennedy, Nicholas Katzenbach and Ramsey Clark were antagonistic to the board so the fault lay there."

He said attorney general John M. Mitchell told the House Internal Security Committee that he planned to send 25 cases to the board for investigation. The list is expected soon, Otepka said.

Meanwhile, he said, the SACB is drawing up regulations for approval by the office of Management and Budget, under Mr. Nixon's new directive, and is preparing to rewrite the list of subversive organizations. He said it is outdated, and estimated that more than half the names should be removed.



Otto Otepka sits and waits for something to do

Otepka Lar

United Press International By Marguerite Davis

a tiny room in the State Detivities Control Board three fice of the Subversive Achasn't changed much. years ago, but his partment to a luxurious of Otto F. Otepka moved from Work

He's still sitting and wait-

tee. Dean versial figure since for giving secret personnel documents to the Senate Internal Security Subcommitfired from his \$19,000-a-year job as chief security officer Otepka has been a contro-Secretary of Rusk ordered State 1963, him

gressional Record. ment was to read the where he said his only assigndismissal. During that time, he was given a small office, years while he appealed his lower salary — for several the payroll — sometimes at a But Otepka remained on Con-

a \$36,000 salary — as a memfill an unexpired term — at However, President Nixon in June, 1969, nominated him to sion ultimately refused to reber of the SACB instate him in The Civil Service Commishis old job.

Some liberals opposed the

the President's request last House this year. It was apsubmitted year and the nomination was has not yet been a Senate proved by the Judiciary Committee, 13 to 3, but there The Senate did not act on by the

Vote on confirmation.

If the Senate as go off the payroll. ment will expire and he will again this year without votka's current recess appointing on the nomination, Otep-

watching and waiting, State the Senate reconvenes after noping for a vote soon after So, once again as at the Department, he and

about how the vote would come out.

said in an interview. "Cerports me." tainly the administration sup-"I feel very confident," he

Sen. James O. Eastland,

nomination, but the Senate year, appointment. proposed him for a full five 9, 1970, and Mr. Nixon then gave its approval in a 61-28 vote. The term ran out Aug.

White country."

Senate adjourns

the summer recess.

He says he is not worried

(D-Miss.), chairman of the In-

nation and described Otepka plauded Mr. Nixon's nomipartment documents, has apto which Otepka gave the deed a vital service to his as "a man who has performternal Security Subcommittee

with rightist groups. among them, charged Otpeka associated too much Some liberals, Sen. Edward Kennedy (D-Mass.)

Ellsberg is accused of fur-nishing newspapers with Carl T. Rowan, recently debrated "Pentagon Papers" on classified Daniel Ellsberg in reverse." scribed Otepka as "a sort of origins and conduct of the ment documents — the cele-Vietnam war. syndicated columnist, defense depart

rejected the comparison with mony. support his own sworn testiquest, with information vided senators, at their newspapers, but merely prono classified documents to Ellsberg. Otepka said he gave In the interview, Otepka reto

Roosevelt created the SACB in 1939 to help the Attorney President Franklin