Tap on Marina Oswald's Room Reported by Ex-F.B.I. Official

He Says Warren Commission Was Not Told of Action After Kennedy Death

By JOHN M. CREWDSON ... Special to The New York Times WASHINGTON, Oct. 29-The Federal Bureau of Investigation tapped the telephones and bugged the living quarters used by Marina Oswald after the trassassination of President Kennedy, it failed to report either the fact of the surveillance or its product to investigators for the Warren Commission, according to a former F.B.I. Official.

The official, who was closely involved with the investigation conducted by the bureau in the wake of the assassination, said that the alectronic surveillance was instituted on the Russian born Mrs. Oswald shortly after her husband, Lee Harvey Oswald, was identified as the principal suspect in Mr. Kennedy's murder.

The surveillance, the former official said, continued for "some months" after the death of Mr. Kennedy on Nov. 22, 1963, and the killing of Oswall the days later by leak himself two days later by Jack Ruby, a Dallas nightclub opera-

But the former official said that, to the best of his recollec-tion the surveillance never pro-duced any information that apparently bore directly on Os-wald's motives or that support-ed the suspicions held by some F.B.I. officials that he had been involved in a conspiracy against the President's life. It was those suspicions, the former official said that prompted the bureau to initiate its electronic "coverage" of Mrs. Os-

The F.B.I. said in a statement this afternoon that it had "conducted an electronic surveil-lance of Marina Oswald's residence from Feb. 29, 1964, to March 14, 1964, pased upon written approval of the Attor-ney General of the United

The Government contended then that in "national security" cases court permission was not required. The late Robert F. Kennedy was Attorney General at that time.

The bureau did not deal with



Associated Press Marina Oswald

its reported failure to inform the Warren Commission of the eavesdropping effort, and a spokesman said he would be unable to go beyond the state-

Not in Testimony

None of the volumes of testimony or evidence published by the Warren Commission contain any hint that commission lawyers were told by the F.B.I. of its surveillance of Mrs. Oswald, which the former official said took place in and around the palls area where she and her husband lived.

The former official's assertion

was supported by key commis-sion connsel and investigators, who said in telephone interviews that they could not remember having been told that Mrs. Oswald's conversations had been monitored.

David W. Belin, a lawyer from Des Moines, Iowa, who served as an assistant counsel to the commission, said that if the former official's account was accurat, "t strikes me as horrible" that the commission was left uniformed.

His sentiments were shared by Albert E. Jenner Jr., also a former assistant commission counsel and now a Chicago lawyer, who said that whether the surveillance of Mrs. Oswald the surveillance of Mrs. Swald had come out "positive or nega-tive," the papel should have been allowed to weigh whatev-er information was gleaned. The commission, named for Earl Warren, the late Chief Justice who acted as its chairman, was set up by President Johnson within a week of Mr. Kennedy's death with instructions to determine the circumstances that surrounded the assassination.

The commission's report was initially heraided and subsequently defended by most of those who prepared it as a definitive assessment of all of the evidence then in the hands of Federal agencies and others that related in any conceivable way to Mr. Kennedy's death.

The former F.B.I. official's account of the withholding of the wiretap and bugging data on Mrs. Oswald, however, is but the most recent indication that the evidence made available to the commission was less than complete.

Last week, for example, the F.B.I. acknowledged that one of its agents had destroyed, within hours of Oswald's death, within hours of Oswaid's death, an allegedly threatening letter he had received from Oswaid less than a menth before Mr. Kennedy was shot.

Joseph A. Ball, a third lawyer who served as an assistant counsel to the Warren Commissions of the Warren Commis

sion, said today in a telephone interview from his Long Beach, Calif., office that he, too, was certain he never had been told about the electronic surveillance of Mrs. Oswald.

If he had been, Mr. Ballsaid, he "would never have permitted" the F.B.I. to use such techniques in its investigation on behalf of the commis-

Mr. Ball added, however, that he did recall having been told that the bureau had bugged the hotel room that Mrs. Os-wald occupied on her visit to

wald occupied on her visit to Washington to testify before the commission.

That bugging was also confirmed by the former official, who said that it had produced nothing apparently related to the investigation at hand.

The bureau denied in its statement this afternoon that it had conducted electronic eavesdropping on Mrs. Oswald at her Washington hotel.

The disclosure that the surveillance of Mrs. Oswald continued at least through February.

ued at least through February, 1964, the month in which she testified before the commission, raised questions about the loca-tions where the F.B.I. placed bugging devices and tapped the telephones referred to by the former official.