## miets Bar

By Robert G. Kaiser Washington Post Persign Service

MOSCOW, Jan. 7-Alberta Skinner Stumpf, born 68 years ago in Rising Sun, Indiana, would like to visit America to see two old sisters before they die. But Mrs. Stumpf can't go home, because the Soviet Union claims her as a Soviet Citizen, and will not let her leave this country

Quirks of geography, history and national politics seem to have cast Mrs. Stumpf as the victim of an existential tragedy. Whether she feels this way is unknown, but her story could have been lifted intact from a Kafka nightmare.

She came to Europe in 1929 as a young missionary, a graduate of the Moody Bible College in Chicago. After some years she married Eugene Stumpf, a Hungarian minister, and raised a family of five sons, before World War II, she kept regularly in touch with her five older sisters in the United States who had raised her after her mother died.

The sisters heard nothing from Mrs. Stumpf from 1939. to 1945. She reestablished contact with them after the war. She also sought to move her family to Budapest from their home in what is now the Soviet Ukraine, apparently intending to go on from Hun-Curtain fell between her and Budapest in 1946, and she never made it.

## Citizenship Questoin

During 1946 and 1947, the American embassy in Moscow tried to persuade Soviet au-thorities to allow Mrs. Stumpf and her family to leave the Ukraine. According to a note ficials told her she had been

in the embassy's files, the Se granted permission for a visit officials twice, but has never viet foreign ministry "never to America. Then they quickly received an answer: replied to the embassy's several inquiries concerning Mrs. Stumpf's status." During this same period Mrs. Stumpf-in Moscow's opinion—assumed Soviet citizenship, as dld anyone trapper in an area which was added to the Soviet Union after the war.

Mrs. Stumpf lost with her family and U.S. authorities until 1955. She wrote that year that she had been in the hospital with turberculosis, but apparently recovered. Her sisters sought again to get her out of the Soviet Union, but to no avail.

In 1963 the sisters decided to bring Mrs. Stumpf home for a visit without her family. She agreed and began applying for permission to take such a trip. The sisters meanwhile sought help from the State Department.

Files in the case suggest that the sisters expected the bassy has cabled those local have recently gone . . " State Department to produce Mrs. Stumpf for them, and that the department never adequately explained to them that only the Soviet Union could let her go home. The frustrated sisters even hired a lawyer to try to get action from the U.S. government. Their efforts continued for seven years.

Mrs. Stumpf obviously had gary to America. But the Iron her own frustrations, with American officialdom, Almost every time her case was reactivated, a new U.S. consul had just arrived in Moscow. Some of them were less sympathetic and helpful than others.

## Brief Permission

In October 1979 Mrs. Stumpf has written-Soviet of-

withdrew the permission. Re- Embassy officials are at a porting this turn of events to loss to explain the Soviet attithe Moscow embassy, she also tude, which is generally more acknowledged that her hus-flexible, at least in cases of whatsoever in politics."

In the last two years the embassy here has raised Mrs. Stumpf's sisters have died. Stumpf's case with Soviet offi- One of the remaining two, cials on 12 different occasions. Edith S. Atkins of Altadena, The United States even filed a Calif., who is 80, wrote the formal diplomatic note on her State Department last year: behalf. U.S. diplomats say the foreign ministry in Moscow Stumpf) doesn't get here aloften seemed ready to help, most immediately it will be but local authorities in the Ukraine continually refuse to grant her an exit visa. The em. feeble and aged. Three sisters

band, an ordained minister, immediate families trying to had been "working for 20 reunite. (Ordinary citizens years as a manual laborer." have almost no hope of travel-But "he was never deported or ing to the Western world.) convicted," she added, "and "We don't know what they're we have never taken any part afraid of," one U.S. diplomat said.

Meanwhile, three of Mrs.

"If she (her sister Mrs. too late. My sister and I are