

*“Conspiracy . . . obstruction of justice . . . lying to FBI
agents . . . lying to grand juries . . . secret campaign contri-
butions . . . break-in at the office of Dr. Lewis Fielding . . .”*

All the President's Men



H. R. (Bob) HALDEMAN—47, an advertising executive with J. Walter Thompson Co., was President Nixon's former chief of staff and had worked for Richard Nixon since 1956. Haldeman has been indicted for conspiracy, obstruction of justice and perjury in the Watergate cover-up. He pleaded not guilty on March 9, 1974.



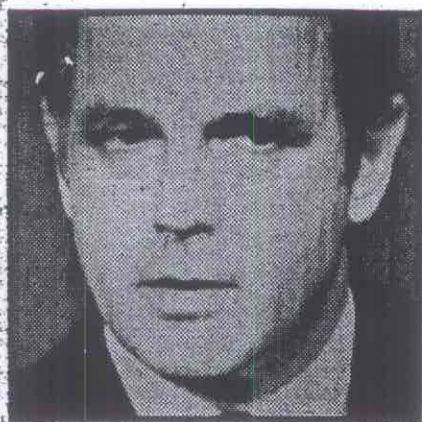
JOHN N. MITCHELL—60, former Attorney General, was campaign director of the Committee for the Re-election of the President until July 1, 1972, when he returned to the New York law firm of Mudge Rose Guthrie & Alexander. He was acquitted in a New York trial in April, 1974, on charges of perjury and conspiracy in connection with a secret campaign contribution from Robert L. Vesco. Mitchell still faces charges of conspiracy, obstruction of justice, making false statements to a grand jury or a court, perjury and making false statements to the FBI in the Watergate cover-up.



ALFRED C. BALDWIN III—37, a former FBI agent and security guard for Martha Mitchell admits he transcribed the wiretapped conversations of Democratic officials in the Watergate bugging, but was granted immunity in exchange for his testimony before a federal grand jury in which he gave a full account of the Watergate raid.



BERNARD L. BARKER—56, of Cuba worked for the CIA at the time of the Bay of Pigs invasion. Barker formed a real estate firm, Barker Associates, in Miami. He was arrested inside the Democratic National Committee headquarters and pleaded guilty. He was sentenced to a prison term of 18 months to six years, but was freed on Jan. 4, 1974, pending outcome of his appeal. On July 31 he was sentenced to three years probation for the break-in at the office of Dr. Lewis Fielding.

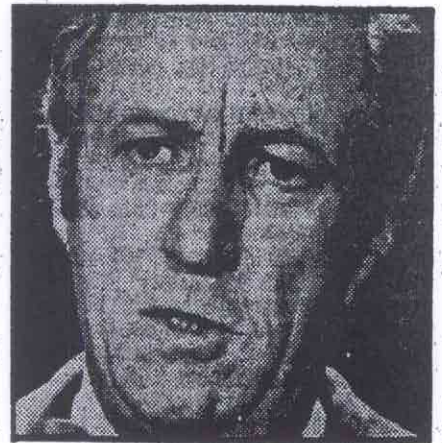


ALEXANDER P. BUTTERFIELD—48, former classmate of H. R. Halde-
man and 20-year Air Force veteran, was hired in December, 1968, to work at the Executive Mansion. Butterfield left the White House March 14, 1973, to become administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration. It was through his testimony that the Senate Watergate committee learned that tape recorders had secretly monitored President Nixon's conversations since 1971.

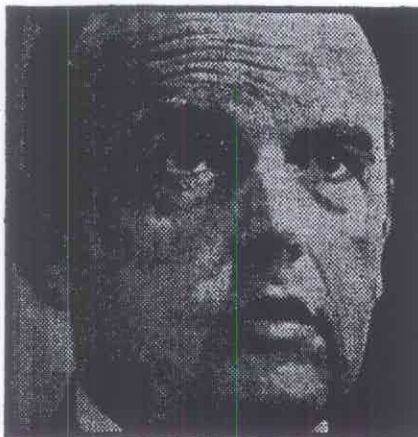
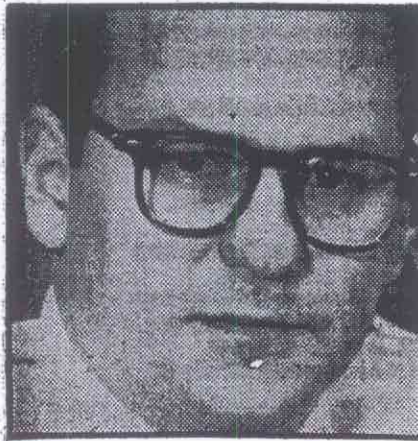




J. FRED BUZHARDT JR.—49, former Air Force officer and lawyer was general counsel of the Defense Department. He joined the White House in May, 1973, and is now counsel to the President. While Defense Department general counsel, Buzhardt denied a request from E. Howard Hunt Jr. to see classified defense documents on the Pentagon papers. Buzhardt headed Mr. Nixon's special Watergate legal team.



G. BRADFORD COOK—37, practiced corporate and securities law in Chicago for 10 years before joining the Securities and Exchange Commission. Cook resigned as SEC chairman in the wake of allegations that he had deleted references to a secret \$200,000 contribution to the Committee for the Re-election of the President from a commission complaint against Robert L. Vesco.



JOHN D. EHRLICHMAN—49, formerly a Senate lawyer, was assistant to the President for domestic affairs until his resignation April 30, 1973. Ehrlichman was indicted Sept. 4, 1973, by a Los Angeles County grand jury on charges of burglary, conspiracy and perjury in connection with the "plumbers" break-in at the office of Dr. Lewis Fielding. He pleaded not guilty Sept. 7, 1973, was indicted March 1, 1974, by the original Watergate grand jury for the conspiracy to impede the Watergate investigation, obstruction of justice and lying to FBI agents and the grand jury and pleaded not guilty. He was indicted March 7, 1974, by the second Watergate grand jury on charges of conspiracy and lying to FBI agents and the grand jury about the Los Angeles break-in and pleaded not guilty. The California charges of burglary and conspiracy were dropped March 13, 1974. On July 12, 1974, he was found guilty of conspiracy and lying to the grand jury and two weeks later was sentenced to 20 months to five years. He is currently free on bond pending appeal.



JOHN W. DEAN III—35, a former House Judiciary Committee and Justice Department lawyer, was counsel to the President from 1970 until he was fired on April 30, 1973. Dean pleaded guilty on Oct. 19, 1973 to an information charging conspiracy to obstruct justice and defraud the U.S. government. Dean agreed to testify for the prosecution in future trails of White House officials allegedly involved in the Watergate scandal in exchange for immunity from federal prosecution for any other Watergate-related crimes. He was sentenced to one to four years in prison, and is to begin his sentence on Sept. 3.



L. PATRICK GRAY III—57, was acting head of the FBI during the first Watergate investigation and resigned April 27, 1973, when it was revealed that he had destroyed material given him by John W. Dean III and John D. Ehrlichman. He is practicing law in New London, Conn.



ALEXANDER M. HAIG JR.—49, entered the White House in January, 1969, as a colonel and senior military adviser to Henry A. Kissinger, assistant to the President for national security affairs. While at the White House, Haig became a full general, served as deputy assistant to the President for national security affairs, and became Mr. Nixon's chief of staff, replacing H. R. (Bob) Haldeman.



RICHARD M. HELMS—61, an officer of the Central Intelligence Agency from its formation, served as its director from 1966 until his appointment as U.S. ambassador to Iran. Helms was approached by White House aides to assist in the cover-up by persuading the FBI to call off its investigation of the Mexican "laundering" of Watergate funds. This he refused to do. Helms has been called back to the United States several times to testify on Watergate-related matters.



E. HOWARD HUNT JR. — 55, who pleaded guilty in the first Watergate trial in 1973, was a 21-year veteran of the CIA who retired in 1970. He was brought to the White House by his friend Charles W. Colson and engaged in political spying, including the Ellsberg psychiatrist's office break-in and gathering information on Sen. Edward M. Kennedy. Hunt had been sentenced to a prison term of 30 months to eight years and ordered to pay a \$10,000 fine, but was released Jan. 2, 1974, pending outcome of his appeal.



HERBERT W. KALMBACH—52, President Nixon's personal attorney, raised secret funds to help support the Watergate defendants and pay their legal fees. He has pleaded guilty to peddling an ambassadorship and for illegal fund raising in 1970. In exchange for his offer of cooperation, Special Prosecutor Leon Jaworski promised not to bring further charges. On June 17, 1974, he was sentenced to 6 to 18 months in jail and fined \$10,000; he entered prison July 1.