U.S. Faulted on Mobe Protest

By George Lardner Jr. Washington Post Staff Writer

committee of lawyers headed by former Attorney General Ramsey Clark accused the Nixon administration yesterday of tending to incite violence during last November's antiwar demonstrations here and then misleading the nation about what happened.

"At the very least, this was a failure of leadership, of understanding," the attorneys said. "At worst, it was a calculated effort to mislead the public, to stifle dissent and to deny constitutional rights."

The criticisms were voiced in a 57-page report by the Lawyers' Task Force, an ad ally the Vietnam protests here last

peaceful by a "clear and over- trasted to that of spokesmen riding" margin, thanks to the for the federal government, sponsoring New Mobilization and coverage by the news to plain fact, official and unof-Committee to End the War in media. Vietnam (MOBE), to "gener-



RAMSEY CLARK ... assails administration

Lawyers' Task Force, an ad ally sensitive and profes yers said, were "more theatri-hoc organization of more than sional" city officials and police cal than 'violent," and fueled The conclu-300 lawyers who monitored and to the overwhelming majority of the demonstrators.

But that performance, the They found the protests report said, "must be con-

"While

were striving to assure a ized generally by violence." weekend, official lence . . . High federal officials used the latest set of rumors to create an atmosphere of fear."

march toward the South Vietnamese Embassy and the second at the Justice Departand were clearly opposed by MOBE leaders.

The confrontations, the lawto some extent by "excessive" nopolize news coverage."

Finally, the report said, after the event, and contrary ficial spokesmen for the ad-Mayor (Walter) ministration sought to portray

Washington and the police the weekend as one character

The report itself did not statements from the Depart name any of the officials it ment of Justice predicted- faulted, but among them, and tended to incite -vio- Clark said, at a news conference, were Attorney General John N. Mitchell, Deputy Attorney General Richard G. Two clashes with police, the Kleindienst and the Nixon adfirst near DuPont Circle in a ministration's director of communications, Herbert G. Klein.

Joining Clark in the findment, the report said, drew ings were his fellow chairmen. only a minuscule number of Adrian S. Fisher, dean of demonstrators, perhaps one in Georgetown University law a hundred bent on disruption, school, and E. Clinton Bamberger, dean of Catholic University law school, and the eight organizers of the Task

The conclusions, they said, were their own, but based on police use of tear gas, but approximately 200 written re-were nonetheless able to "mo-ports submitted by the Task ports submitted by the Task Force's lawyers, including some "senior members of the bar" who roamed the streets during the protest weekend.

Despite the "massive dignity" of the concluding mass march to the Washington Mon-

ument on Nov. 15, which they called the largest single political demonstration in American history, the authors said the administration managed to contribute substantially to the notion that the First Amendment may be "too costly for society to bear."

The police were faulted only for the use of tear gas and a smattering of isolated incldents. Chief Jerry Wilson and his men, the report emphasized, "set a generally high standard of professional performance," remaining good-naturedly in the background unless they thought a crisis imminent.

Other conclusions:

· A handful of determined troublemakers can always provoke it, but the only absolute

guarantee against this "would be to prohibit all large-scale public meetings."

 The television networks "for reasons of their own chose to provide no live coverage and not much of any other kind." As a result, Americans across the country got news accounts "which focused almost exclusively upon events at Dupont Circle and the Justice Department."

Alluding o statement by Attorney General Mitchell, the report protested: "Even the specter of the Russian revolution was raised to describe what happened here . . . The news media did little to counter the mistaken impression thus created." Clark said he believed this worked "the greatest harm."