Dear Dave,

I'm rereading Briggs' 4/17,

I don't think you can tell Brigs this is you agree, But Kurtz is just plain a caring him on criticism. There is a prejudice against the subject but I think any other basis for criticism that Kuztz adds is either from his imagination or for a special purpose, particularly his imagined one, that the media thinks of me as he does. That is false. No basis at all for it. As I think I said earlier, some papers, like the NYTimes have given me some good stories, half-page exch.

Addressing again, "honest, serious if flawed scholarship" that is more ; ik to yo lead to criticism and as I said eearler, that is not the way of authetic scholzrship or of scholarly publishing.

On the Kurtz irrelevancy, if correct, Willias'alleged "reliability," if he is accurate in what you quote, there is no reason to brilirvr ** that reviewers, for which ,let us hope, will have the 26 and will read his testimony. And then have enough knowledge to evaluate his testimony. About which I do not recall what Kurtz says. We'll ge back to this with Kurtz. However, Briggs considers it a "key point," which means handle it gently.

I do not remember what you wrote about that tree, but the fact is that not only in the Warren Report was it essential, it is in any consideration of Oswqld as the assassin. But in terms of the importance in the Z film, if it is not important, a work good piece to throw to the pig. If you do not nird it. But not in any way to diminish Willis.

As I said before, I do not recall any justificatiom for "categorical statements'" of fact that, i actuality, remain as disputes." You should have special cases because there a is much that the nuts dispute that is not legitimately in an real dispute. I'll ge to what Kurtz wrote.

What Briggs says about the SBT seems to be reasonable and unless Athere is something I do not know, I'd go forhid "explain to the rewders" belief. There is nothing that that is much more important that the SBT in the WCReport. Without it, no Repots that says single-assassin.

On Interrnet, which we have discussed, you pught say, ayou waid to me, that it is mostly nutty, imaginat, falle and ignorant, but it is not all that way. Sp you can make a reference to that ds not inaccurate? Like a caution against it for nonexperts?

On Kurtz, as I have said earlier, I think the way to overcome his prejudice against me and the unscholarly idea that thosewho did not do it, perhaps including those who are actually whatyou Conceider nuts, be given credit for what I alone did, it to include a briefer statement in your bibliographic sources. FYou might add to what I suggested earlier your estimate of the amount of info. I sent you and how much on the FFOIA lawsuits. There will not likely be any satisfying Kursz on this or of his beging ho nest or reasonable, but perhaps Briggs might agree. I think that with him perhaps the most onfluential afgument will be that of is the opposite of Scholarship. I'll include the Hood letter if I did not send it earlier. That entire second paragraps or just the "unparralled in the word" evaluation/ They have seen and used, they now have almost all of it, their students have used if for several decades, and Kurtz does not know a thing about it or about me or my work except thar he does not like me and elsewhere made untrue criticisms. Quote Lesar review. Livingstone in pr particular is Wirrational, as Kurtx does not know, pand what he has done to and with the medical evodence is questionable. It added nothing to my knowledge of the fact and it left questions sowhen I read what he wrote I did not listen to the tapes, which I had Mand are included in my archive. He has threatened people in the most represenensible ways, and I have a file on this I have marked confidential because of the personal information he was misusing, and three timbes I have told him not to retrun, but I had trive in the first two times because I feared what he might do if Idid not. He had a policement working with him in his spate time and without any question at all, he stole from me. He even pretended, in Dallas, that he was part of a new official investigation and he had done many ethical if not legal wrongs. I will provide details if necessary but I think it is safe to say that his considerable effort with the medical evidence has been he lpful to those who lack full knowledge of the disclosed official medical evidence and to those who theorize instead of researchings but they do not

add materially to what is known about the assassination fact//
Livingstone has written extensive y about the *Zer Zapruder film
and your book is about that/, not about the medical evidence
amd Kurtz does not mention what could be appropriate and he does
not. Which is just as well because that is both irresponsible and
irrational. As well as false.

In this part of his commentary Kurtz reveals his lack o knowledge of the basic disclosed official evidence. I have read both Aguilar and Mantik from the first and where what they said what can be trusted they add different detail but not to what was known and disclosed and of which they make no menetion and which kryx Kurtz appears to be seignorant.

Aday of Clay, a fine day!

In the back of my mind all day and talked a bit with Clay about it. I think that despite what kind of an ignorant and evil skunk Kraft is it is important to not alienate or anger Briggs while still doing what you think is rightmand, if necessary, compromising.

I saw the back of my 1967 Photo WW and the excerpts from what the press said of me and my books and it is quite unlike what Kraft made up and I do think you should include that in what you say. Together iwh the fact that it was a very conservtive newspaper owner who made it possible for me to get WW and WWII pronted, with credit yet! Bill Loeb, of the Manchester Union*Leader, who not only that but established a friendly relationship. He'd phone me from bis vacations to see how I was making out and if his secretary had not goofed and forgetten to send WW to Regnery, Reg nery had agreed to publish it without even seeing it! As both his son-in-law and Markel Loeb told me. If I find it I'll enclose the back cover of PW that I copied for you.

That tree cannot be ignored in a book about the Z film because that tree was pentral in the Commission's solution and for that it was and is a real problem, whatever Lurtz may think.

This is out of place but when I read K. I made some notes and I do not want to risk forgetting. He talks about 3 seconds being a snap with that rifle and that is b.s. That remains a tough shot for most people. What I have in NA! on the shooting of master indicates the special problems with that wifle and that the time taken by masters,

the very best shots in the country indicates that. Simmons WC testimony. 46 ffames is a truffle less than 3 seconds. 9 4/22, 2:02 a/m. I got to sleep fate for me last night, aften8 and after periods f of sleeplessnesk, with this on my mind. I st up a llittle after 1. As part of your case that Kurtz is increasingly introding into your book and telling you what to say and what not to dsay, I think it is important to make the point that much is Just jhid opinion in marpareas where his opinion is not supported by any evidence he produces, especially when he scares you about public reaction when there is no basis at all for it and much that is the exact opposite and on the Zapruder film, in which he tells you were what frames to reproduce and seems not to be accurate in what he says is important, like the alleged damage to the President's face on the right side. Kurtz seasays this is an important rason for Including Frame (I think) 235. Quity Welshery long had had a set of the black and White autopsy pictures and I have examined them several times. There is not even a tiny scratch on the face up to the eye level and the there is what may some brusising, skin not broken, and it may also be shadow with no bruising. But in saying what pictures I should use in my book, that is still another extension of what a peer review is and he is intruding into ayyour exclusive right, in consultation with you, and has introduced error in putting his prejudices in as fact. (This is not a book on the damage to Kennedy. It is on the Zapruder film, not gore, and what should be considered on terms or negatibe reaction is weerger using that well-known and of-printed picture still another time and in what many people keep is at least good tase and Kennedy people might take a harsher view. (And I have that picture on X my esk.)

More on the made-up Kurtz statement that I am a special target of the press, and that is what it means, and of otherways, It came back to me as I in my mind reviewed the actualities, when I had to see my doctor and Schweiker had asked me to spend that morning with him and his assistant, who was later DA of Phila., he did not let me take a cab. He had this assistant drive me withere. (Church committee subcommittee.) And when I had to go to the hospital, the man who headed the Wella Abzug House Committee came up to Afrederock to take me there so he coulg get mu ideas an what that committee should do, who to question, etc.

In reading Kurtz again, and again toward the end of what Kurtz says, h says that "Wrone erstrongly implies that other researchers have written that contruibuted in any significant way to assess assassination scholarship." I do not remember specifics in your bppk but I wink that Kustz is referring to uses by some of the work of others. As best I can recall, what you use of me is my original, exclusively my work, and there is not a thing wrong with that and it is wcholarship, not propaganda. Not being honest because Kurtz does npt like me is not gaing to help the book and has abetter chance of damaging it, particularly if the reviewed has read my work. In addition, Kurtz here mixes up what you quote from me and what he refers to on exaggerate form as in general "assassination scholarship."

In referring in glowing terms to what he refers to as whaving "added immeasurearbly to our knowledge of the medical evidence, "
Kurtz discloses his lask of knowledge for the esta blished and confirmed official record of the actul medical evidence, no what he appears to wanhave read in books of theory.

All three argue against the Afficial story in one way manother and the official and disclosed and ignored official evidence refutes what Kurtz says. Where what thes centree have said can be taken as true, and much of it is and can be, it is not "new." It is no more that a rephrasing of what was known and reported officially.

It is wrong and I tilk unscholarly to assume that there was nothing useful or informative in the official records and that unconfirmed physical examination of the X -rays disclosed to Mantik what was not known until he made his densology measurment, confirmation of which I do not remember that he sought or offered. And Aduilar is making a big thing about the back of the grad ebing belowed out when it wasn't, and you will be presenting an unused and unknown picture taken after the fallal shot and shawing the black of the head without an injury and with nm visible blood on it. Besides which the autopsy pictures that withut afterstion were not and could not have been altered show it without any hole. So, once again, Kraft susubstituting his opinion for fact of which he has no knowledge does not help and again can hurt.

If he believes that a peer review should includ such opinions they they should not be without aupport especially kn areas in which his prejudice is unhidden and, as we see, in areas inwhich

your oversight, confess, as above, and then say that it was never based on Willis's testimony but goes back to his #5 and Z202, back to 1966.

It is based on this misrepresentation that Kurtz spends the entire page all but 5 lines. Odd but I think not of scholarly intent/.

We've gon e over in this disconected hit-ofmiss but where he uses Froden as a dependable sperse. I wrote a book on his tital undependabilty. He is a subject-matter ignoramus and he doctored picultures When Kuriz quoles or at least cites Willis testomoony. here he cites what Groden says was Willis's testimony.

Is Willis coocorrect? This is has nastiness again, and I think the answer you might want to consider is that in what you attributed to him when MEXIXXX What he said is not the basis of what you wrote is that on what you attributed to him he is correct, according to the Z film, which is what your books is about, not what Willias said or is said to have said, and that far from by him alone, witness what you have on the Aguilar urtz is so his migh on.

When Kurtz again poontifive sates he agin prates his lack of knowledge, about you revising because he says you say the rewas no damage to the back of yir head. Man, will 346-7 gibr him snow Briggs an answer. Which existed already in several forms but of Kurtzz goes for an taked of an act of God all the nutty theorigh.

Peer review language in what he says that is not true about what Kurtiz does to say that he has "an infallible memory." I do not recall what either of us said that. Kurtz made this up. He did not get it from my writing/. What Willis's unreliability is is a mystery to a and Kurtz offers only his opinion which on Willis lacks value or relevance.

Going on 4. I'm a bit keyed up but think I'd best try to take a nap after reading a bit into your # 14.

But it is a shame that it would be unwise for you to ewrite bout about Kurtz and he rites about other. Oh, another to ought I had earlier is that you might chewider beginning by saying that without in his field a Kurtz if a scholar and a much better taan average scholar to have risen to dean, but that does not makee him a real Kennedy assassination schop ar and in fact he is not. You do not wheat to go into that, some of it will be apparent, and this means than on the JFK assassination he needs and lacks confirmation.

W

I've read your spurce notes (pp536ff) and to the top of 1268.

I think you should quote the top of that page, in full, and says that it proves that what Kurtz says about your dependence on the says is an underpendable Willis when the one comment Kurt 2 makes would have diswualified a mass of the Warren Commission witnesses and a current one of whom he speaks very highly, Aguilar, and many others. Em phasese the first sentence.

On page 540, correct note 75.

I've read the notes. Ask that Kurtz be asked to provide an honest different source for any of that.

Now that you have the wonderful thing withat Aclay has done, or in days will have, see how many mentions of willis for other than this or the taking of his pictures that I have. It will be few and you can gite the mass and the weight of that consolidated index.

IS11 continue reading the chapter later.

Frame 190 has has not a thing to do with the tree. The sole commission use of the tree was related to an alleged Coswald shot from that Asixth floor window. Suggest that you add Zapruder on first shot before 210, WW pp 46-9. Kurtz corrupts what you actually said and you did not say what he says you did.

Should preceded this: Kurtz &an't stop his misrepresentations of the Willises, noting that "it also demashould be pointed out that Willis's wife, Marilyn, also believed that the fatal should blasted out (check what she actually said) the rear of JFK'S hwaas". As did Afguilar and that long list in his writing only, which Kurtz knows and did not say.

How is it "faulty reasoning" to say that a shot at \$90 could not have been Oswald. Nobody in his right mind would triy to

with wind of 10 mph. His reason is spurious, "The leaves of of the oak tree blocking the view opinion came from the reenactment" and he adds the totally irrevelent that a different car was used for the limo! Therefore, the reenactment was faulty. He cites the irrelevant as proof. That was not, as he says, an Noak tree. It was a "live oak" and they are of dense foliage the year fround, not different in Nivember than they are in May No.

With a wind blowing it makes no difference except that it is more irrational to to expect the filiage to remain as it is on sighting while the decision to sight, aim and shoot is being made.

And in assessing the 2 film you are not bound to the official interpretation of it unless you are evaluating the officiall interpretation. There was nothing to lprevent a shot at 190 from somewhere else and wir while at doubt you will want to say it, bear in mind that there was no shot that day from that rifle, as the ignored official evidence that Kurtz had ig the Sims copies total 125,000, which D hope not to fprget.

con hund

Kurtz is again making up what he uses as proof of his incorrect claim, "We simply do not know if it were possible for Oswald to fire a snot at 190. With wind blowing at 10 mph, aside from firing then being more irrational, we do know that at 190 therese was more foliage in the way than at 210 because there was moe of the tree blocking it. But in what yu have written, it is corect to address whether Oswald could have done it of if anyone else could have. Then, "If Oswald or anyone else, fired (sic) ashow at 190, he would have had sufficient time (46 frames) to fire

another (46 frames to fire another shot and strike Connally. Willis #5. in short, does not destro y the single bullet theory."" "Anyone else" does not address the SBT, and not quite 3 seconds, which is what 56 frames is, is hardly enough time for anoyone other than an expett, professional shot to ximxxxxxxxx eject the mempty shell . reload, sight and fire that rife when after its overhaul, as Simmons testifid, they, those masters, the best shots in the country, had difficulty and trouble from xx dioing it. Imay have that in NA! quoting his testimony. Bit even a good rifle in good condition it is not easy for anyone, particular y a duffer, which Oswald was, to do all of tat in 3 seconds, leave alone be faMtastically accurate in doing it. It is hard. not easy, so Kurtz is either spouting off when he has no knowledge or is eing fdishonest. Nor the DSBT applies to LHO only and nothing that Kurtz says applies to him. That he would in the Kurtz made-up scenario, have had to fire a fourth shot, as Kurtz knows and ifgnores, eliminages Oswald as the lone assassin, particularly, as Kurt paces not say, when the best shots in the nation, under much improved conditions and with the rifle overhauled, could not do what the WC attrivutes ti KHO, What Kurtx says, that W (llis 5, in sblrt, does not destroy" the SBT is fiction, baseless, ignorance, stupidity, dishonsty aor any combination of them. He is, at best, and it is worse, stretching and stretching far too much.

"Wrone also does not make clear exactly what the sequennce of shots was the Zairuder film reveals" What direction was shout 190?? Where fired from? Strike JFK in throat and more. This is the therist in Kurtz and not necessary in the book Werone has in mind, True also of "OWhere in Zapruder film is the shot that struck James Tague? Not part of this book but part of Kurtz's

idea that the book is his book, not Wrone's. Also reveals

Kurtz's subject-matter ignorance, as in, "Did a dfragment from

the head shot bounce off hand strike Tague? (imImpossible)

"Where in the film was Tague hit? (impossible to tell, he was not

even aware that he had been hit until others saw blood on his face.)

"Is there a jiggle to coincide with iit?" A stupid question and

not possible for the Z film to tell, if it belongs in frome's

book, because it cannot be known which shot and when.

And this crumbum next has ""Extrabeous Material" ! Followed by Reliability of Documentation. First is what does not belong under this herading, "I question the over enphasis pm Weisberg. Numerous works that consider the Zapruder film are omitted # entirely." Considered is not relevant, did they report what I reported? did they repeat what I first said? Scholarship is clear that what is to be cited is first. Note on that "mention" business, most of those unnamed othe "works" are not accurate, are basically the authors prespeting themselves and considering themselves as what not a single one is, Perry Mason returned. Most of those other works are inaccurate and what, een if they can be cited legitimately, which I doubt, they are not sources for real sch tolarship, which ignorant conjecturing on this subject is not, even when that conjecturing is dignified by calling it "theories." Dubious "mentions" are not appropriately part of a source citation when they are not and shiuld not be sources,

Nor would any serious scholar go to the internet, parîtiudarly when they are not dependable surces ources and are overloaded with assassination trash. By subject-matter ignoramuses.

Repetitious Material "There are too mamany scattered references to Weisberg throughout this the ms." Then what is indecent, ignorant

unscholarly and imtended as a slur, "If Wrone has an irrestible urge to praise Weisberg and attack other researchers, he should do it weeponce, not repeatedly." The re al question here is who is your actual source and who else could properly have been and for all his slurs and all his pretences not once does Kurtz give a single instrance where another person was athe source or where youput anything in where it was inappropriate. He mgy be bitter about the fact that I brought to light most of what had come to light but that or anything else like it is not what a peer review is supposed to be. And bearing on Kurtz's legitimacy on this, his book was published in 1982. I had by then, as I now recall published seven books. Nobody else did that, anything ay all like that, of anything like their content. I had by then filed and fought a dozen FOIA lawsuits as the result of which I had received, which also means had made public, a third of a million @apages# Nobody else did that. I had led to the amending of FOIA to make F BVI, CIA and similar agency records a ressible under #FOIA. Nobody else in the field didthat. I made all the information I had available to all others in the filed, most of whom I disagree with, and nobbody else did that. There is also the content of my book and nobody else published most of that. And in honest reporting citing what I did, which is not in itself "an irrestible urger to praise" me, how acan it b honest or proper scholarship to cite others for what I did and I reported? This again gets to what is in Kurtz's mind and it is not scholars ip. I have checked his book and in his index, on page 291, for all I did that npbody else did and for all I published that nobody else published, there Kurtxz reveals his unscholarly and unfactual prejudice if a ww more serious desrt description is not justifie: He does not mention me or any of my work that is partly listed above on his page 291. This is

Kurtz's personal reflection of how scholarly his own bookis.

He does what I have never done, prtended kix he is Perry Madom

returned and that he is not, I'd use the JAKH review here. To the best of

my knowledge we have not been in potouch with each other, I never had

any interest in him or in that kind of writing, conjecturing, which

is not fact. Perhaps it is that I debu nked so much of the gnorant

conjecturing that Kurtz developed his dislike of me, but it was

not from any contact of any kind for we had none that I can recall.

I think it is fair to say that despite his pretense, has not a peer review. It is a personal indulgence and the misuse of a peer review to slur and belittle someone he dislikes and hides that controlling and indulged fact.

Under an inappropriate intrusion into your book, not his, he has Z Frames to be Reproduced in Book, In this he lists those frames he would have used if he had written the book vbut they are not appropriate for the book you wrote. Your book is not about the JFK wounds nor is it about his reaction, but if it were this is a very poor couple of frames, to which I'll return. Nor is the about when Cinnally was and was not hit (Malthoigh in 1966 I published What Kurtz now says about when Connally was hit) . I think that 2412-4 is are inappropriate and can be criticized as indulging a display of gore. Not as Kurtz says it Z321 may be appropriate, if in proper context, because that was the cause of a major contriversy. I did not remeber his listing of Z335 correctly. I have checked tje black and whit e autopsy fil photographs, which I have. Two show the face and forehead from the left, one from the right, one from the top, and none shows any "damage to front of head." But, even though I published a big, fat hint in WWII, in 28 1966, Kurtkz, who presents hismelf as the scholar of scholars, did not do that and you will show what

he and the others he recommends as sourced for which what they did not do missed. It is definitive and clear.

Kurtz's unwillingnes to stop thinking that he wrote the book or his determination to control what he can of what is published is reflected again when under "Ohher Photographs"he has teo, "Wiillis # 5- Central to Wrone's Mathesism" which is false. - 2203 Z202 is what is centeral, and that should be in, but only if @ the version used include s the sprocket-hole material. He has "Altgens- Wrone claim it shows Oswald Standing in the front doorway." He intends this to put you down and although it can be argued that it is not necessary, I would do that and do Kurtz in with it and I think to Briggs. I cannot get at my copy of wh the print from the original Altgens negative but a print cabe gotten from AP pictures, the name of which I've forgotten, in Rockefeller Cenater, and ask tet it be printed from the original magative. My copy is at hood and if Jerry is willing he can have a copy of it made for you. It is in the package of what was used to publish AE WWII. I have and will make copies for you of the picture of lovelady in the doorway in the shirt his wofe described to me as I reprot at the end of the index to the firs section of PW and I have a piceture of the shirt that is much clearer when Bob Richter, then a CBS=TV producer suggestion, took Livelady's picture in that shirt. If MJerry is willing to go into that packake, and Ital ask him when I can, I think you should use the sectional enlargements I had madefrom it and the Oswald pectures I used. As soon as I can I'll get the copies of those pictures made for you, the doprway shot from the Martin (Dallas Cinema Associates) overexposed standard 8mm reel and the Richter one. Whether or not you use all of it, and I suggest that you

do, it should impress Briggs and that Lovelady stuff has never been used. I wanted to inNA! nit NC&G phomoitted it and more.It could and it should create a sensation for you and your book,

I leave it to you to formulate any comment or response on his final dirty crack but he is particularly vulnerable on them from what precededs, which is still another of his reflections of his subject-matter ignorance.

Now I'll go back to reading your chapter atter JI restmy aging and complaining eyes a bit. I think that despite my anxisety to get this to you as fast as possible, it will be better if I delay reading and correcting until tomorrow and the maining until Tuesday a.m. I'll cathe more than than today and the typing is bad and I was inter-

I think that you should consider for your opening a statment that without doubt Kurtz is a scholar and that his university much have ahigh opinion of him and his scholarship to have made him the dean of its graduate school, but that does not make him a real scholar of the Kennedy assassination. Nor does his book, which added only invalid conjectures, which he said he eschewed but did not. He also used the work of those he criticized as his own, and here I'd use that Lwsar/JAH review. Even if Briggs has it.

Gotta go. Best,

Hard

the agencies operated Hiegally. The problem is that in the quest for law and order, ense after case after ease after case has been thrown out because the law enforcement and intelligence communities noted fliegally. So I do not Wilnic we attain any particular status of accomplishment in conquering organized crime, or any crime whatsoever for that matter, with Diceal netlyllies resulting in cases being thrown out of court.

I would suggest that the record speaks for Heelf. Frankly, I flever thought the record of former Attorney General Ramsey Clark was that good. But, comparing his record with that achieved by succeeding Allorneys General, he looks like Tom Dewey in his prosecutorial heydry. Mr. HRUSKA, That record is bad, but

do we want to make it worse by adopting this amendment which threatens to tle the hands of the FBI and dry up their cources of information? I say, with that, the some or the broth is spoiled, and I see no use in adding a few dosages of polson.

The pending amendment should be

relected.

Mr. RENNEDY, Mr. President, I do not recognize the amendment, as it has been described by the Senator from Nebraska, na the amendment we are now considering. I feel there has been a gross mishterpretation of the actual words of the amendment and its intention, as well as what it would actually achieve and accomplish. So I think it is important for the record to be extremely clear about thin.

If we accept the amendment of the Senator from Michigan, we will not open up the community to rapists, muggers, and killers, as the Sciator from Nebraska has almost suggested by his direct comments and statements on the amendment. What I am trying to do, as I understand the thrust of the amendment, is that it be specific about safeguarding the legitimate investigations that would be conducted by the Federal agencles and also the investigative files of the FBI.

As a maller of fact, looking back over the development of legislation under the 1966 act and looking at the Senate report language from that legislation, it was clearly the interpretation in the Senate's development of that legislation that the "Investigatory file" exemption would be extremely narrowly defined. It was so until recent times—really, until about the past few months, It is to remedy that different interpretation that the amendment of the Senator from Michigan which

we are now considering was proposed.

I should like to ask the Senator from Michigan a couple of questions.

Does the Senator's amendment in efoverride the court decisions in the court of appeals on the Weisberg against United States, Aspin against Department of Defense; Ditiow against Brinegar; and National Center against Weinberger?

As I understand it, the holdings in those particular cases are of the greatest concern to the Senator from Michigan. As I interpret it, the impact and effect of his amendment would be to override those particular decisions. Is that not correct?

Mr. HART. The Senator from Michigan is correct. That is its purpose. That was the purpose of Congress in 1966, we thought, when we enacted this. Until about 9 or 12 months ago, the courts about 9 consistently had approached it on a balancing basis, which is exactly what this amendment seeks to do.

Mr. President, while several Senators are in the Chamber, I should like to ask for the yeas and mays on my amendment.

The yeas and nays were ordered. Mr. KENNEDY. Furthermore, Mr. President, the Senate report language that refers to exemption 7 in the 1966 report on the Freedom of Information Act—and that seventh exemption is the target of the Senator from Michigan's amendment—reads as follows:

Exemption No. 7 deals with "Investigatory fles compiled for law enforcement purposes." These are the fles prepared by Government agencies to prosecute law violators. Their disclosure of such fles, except to the extent they are available by law to a private party, could harm the Government's case in court.

It seems to me that the interpretation, the definition, in that report language is much more restrictive than the kind of amendment the Senator from Michigan at this time is attempting to achieve. Of course, that interpretation in the 1966 report was embraced by a unant-

mons Seinte back then.
Mr. HAICT, I think the Seinter from
Masachusetts is correct, One could argue
that the amendment we are now considering, if adopted, would leave the Freedom of Information Act less available to a concerned citizen that was the case with the 1966 language initially.

Again, however, the development in recent cases requires that we respond in some fashion, even though we may not achieve the same breadth of opportunity for the availability of documents that may arguably be said to apply under the original 1967 act.

Mr. KENNEDY. That would certainly be my understanding, Furthermore, it seems to me fint the amendment Itself has considerable sensitivity built in to protect against the invasion of privacy, and to protect the identities of informants, and most generally to protect the legitimate interests of a law enforcement agency to conduct an investigation into any one of these crimes which have been outlined in such wonderful verbings here this afternoon-treason, esplonage, or what have you.

So I just want to express that on these points the amendment is precise and clear and is an extremely positive and constructive development to meet legitimate law enforcement concerns. These are some of the reasons why I will support the amendment, and I urge my colleagues to do so.

The PRESIDING OFFICER (Mr. Domesici). The Schalor from Nebraska has 6 minutes remaining.

Mr. HRUSKA. Mr. President, I should like to point out that the amendment proposed by the Senator from Michigan. preserves the right of people to a fair trial or impartial adjudication. It is careful to preserve the identity of an in-

former. It is careful to preserve the idea; of protecting the investigative techniques and procedures, and so forth. But what about the names of those persons that are contained in the file who are not informers and who are not accused of crime and who will not be tried? What about the protection of those people whose names will be in there, together with information having to do with them? Will they be protected? It is a real question, and it would be of great interest to people who will be named by informers somewhere along the line of the investigation and whose name presumebly would stay in the file.

Mr. President, by way of summary, I

would like to say that it would distort the purposes of the FBI, imposing on them the added burden, in addition to livestigating cases and getting evidence, of serving as a research source for every 3 writer or curious person, or for those who may wish to find a basis for suit. elther against the Government or against someone else who might be men-

tioned in the file.

Second, it would impose upon the FBI the tremendous task of reviewing each page and each document contained in many of their investigatory files to make an independent judgment as to whether or not any part thereof should be released. Some of these files are very ex-, tensive, particularly in organized orime cases that are sometimes under consideration for a year, a year and a half, or 2 years.

Mr. HART. Mr. President, will the Senator 'yleid?

The PRESIDING OFFICER. All time of the Senator has expired.

Mr. KENNEDY. I yield the Senator 5 minutes on the bill.

Mr. HART, Mr. President, I ask unanlinous consent that a memorandum letter, reference to which has been made in the debate and which has been distributed to each Senator, be printed in the RECORD.

There being no objection, the letter was ordered to be printed in the RECORD, ns follows:

MEMORANDUM LETTER

A question has been relied as to whether my amendment might hinder the Federal Bureau of Lavestigation in the performance of its investigation in the performance at the second of the second of the second at the second of the s stresses the meed for confidentiality in its investigations, I agree completely. All of us recognize the crucial law enforcement role the Bureau's unparalleled investigating canabilities.

capabilities.

'However, my amendment would not hinder
the Bureau's performance in any way. The
Administrative Law Section of the American Administrative Law Section to the America. Bur Association language, which my amendment adopts verbatin, was carefully drawn to preserve every coincelveable reason the Bureau might have for resisting disclosure of material in an investigative file:

If informants' anonymity—whether paid

informers or citizen volunteers-would be threatened, there would be no disclosures;
If the Bureau's confidential techniques

and procedures would be threatened, there would be no disclosure;

If disclosure is an unwarranted invasion privacy, there would be no disclosure ntrary to the Bureau's letter, this is a (contrary to the Bureau's letter, this is a determination courts make all the time; in-

Full text of Congressional Record of which this is part in top drawer of JFK appends file cabinet.



(YSTERY OF NEW YORK INOURY CLEARED

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT-WASHINGTON, MAY 9 Orleans, has been cleared up. The source of much of his information is Mr. Harold Weisberg, the author One mystery of the rather conducted by Mr. Jim Garrison, mystifying investigation of the Kennedy assassination now being the Attorney General

investigator, and his staff. It was not his first Mr. Weisberg, who was one of the first to question the conclu-sions of the Warren commission. Wurren Commission.

by the critics, and indeed was by the critics, and indeed was privately printed after it had been rejected by a number of publishers rejected by a number of publishers rather shrill in tone, but no one bas questioned his honesty.

He has subsequently written two more books, Whitewash 2: F.B.I. more books, Whitewash 2: F.B.I. Whitewash: Oswarda in New Orleans. It was these two books, with supplicating documents, which were made porting documents, which were made available to Mr. Garrison. visit to New Orleans, he was at Mr. Garrison's side when the in-His book was not well received vestigation was announced.

of Whitewash: Report on the

Over JFIX Script

Orleans District Attorney Jim Dean Adams Andrews Jr., who Garrison in his investigation the Warren Commission of President Kennedy's assas, asked him to represent Ossination can be glimpsed in wald after the assassination. any bookstore. The FBI found the leads
The investigation is Gar supplied by Andrews and
The investigation is Gar others fruitless and concludrison's, but the script appared, without locating "Ber ently started with H arold (trand," that he had no part The scenario guiding Newitimony of Louisiana lawyer Weisberg, former Senate inves- in the assassination. tigator and author of "White Businessman Held

wash," a paperback attack on Garrison has charged that the Warren report. "Clay Bertrapa" was actually life sure following m Clay Shaw nessman Machington "it's sure following m thook," Weisherg said "y yesterday of the

What critics say about Weisberg and his WHITEWASH books: N.Y.Times: painstaking investigator; N.Y. Review of Books: close analysis...intriguing and interesting; Jim Garrison: best yet; New Repubautopsy; London Observer: impressive; National Guardian: careful examination...blows Report smithereens.

New material added

ROUTE 12, FREDERICK, MD. 21701 HAROLD WEISBERG, PUBLISHER



CR ME OF THE CENTURY

THE KENNEDY ASSASSINATION FROM A HISTORIAN'S PERSPECTIVE

BY MICHAEL L. KURTZ

EPRESS / Knoxville

Kennedy on, 7; discovery of bullet on, 11, 45-48 Sturdivan, Larry: critique of theory

by, 177-79; theory by, 164 Sturgis, Frank: theory about, 153,

Sullivan, William, 206 Summers, Malcolm, 232

Tangipahoa Parish, La., 81
Tatum, Jack: Oswald seen by, 197
1026 N. Beckley Avenue: Oswald
seen at, 14, 130, 133-34
Tenth Street: Tippit murdered on,
14, 126, 134-35, 138
Texas School Book Depository
Building: events in, 13, 15, 36-38,
60-61, 81-82, 103, 108-23, 151-52,
165-68, 173-74, 179, 181, 184-85,
188-90, 193-96, 221-22, 225-26,
232; location of, 9-10, 41-45, 126,

Texas Theater: Oswald arrest in, 15, 141, 199

Thompson, Josiah, 215 Thone, Charles, 160 Tice, Wilma: Ruby seen by, 12

223-24

Tilson, Tom: 232
Tippit, J.D.: autopsy on, 199;
murder of, 15, 38-40, 126, 13436, 197-200; patrol activities of,

10, 197-98; Oswald, confrontation with, 38-40, 138-42, 197-

Todd, Elmer, 47
Tomlinson, Darrell: discovery of bullet by, 11; testimony of, 45-47

"Tonight" Show, 158 Tracheotomy: autopsy neglect of, 17, 21, 72, 162; performance of, 8; photographs of, 174 Trafficante, Santos, 171 Index

Trajectory analysis: Canning theory of, 165-66; critique of, 179-80; FBI theory of, 29-30
Transfer: discovery in Oswald pocket of, 127-28
Trauma Room No. 1, 11, 49
Trauma Room No. 2, 45
Truly, Roy: Oswald seen by, 7, 120-22, 232
Tulane University, 234

Undertakers, 19 United Press International, 12 United States House of Representatives: resolutions by, 159, 160

Vietnam War, 158

Wade, Henry, 20, 23 Walker, Edwin A., 124 Wallace, George, 158 Walther, Carolyn: gunman seen by, 131-32 Ward, Theran, 69 Warren, Earl, 25, 200 Warren Commission: creation of, 25-26; hearings by, 26, 41-43, 46; members of, 25; schedule of, 26; staff of, 25-26, 34, 58, 70, 97-98; theories of, 27-40, 45-48, 55, 69, 75-76, 85, 108, 111, 115, 116-17, 118-23, 126-41; see also Warren Report Warren Report: critique of, 41-157, 188-213; mentioned, 93, 106, 111-12, 118-19, 143-45, 148-49, 151, 155-59, 161; summary of, 27-40 Wecht, Cyril H.: theories by, 81-83. 98-99, 164 Weiner, Irwin, 171 Weisburg, Willie, 171 Weiss, Mark A.: acoustical analysis by, 168-69

Weitzman, Seymour, 10

Weston, James, 99 Whaley, William: Oswald seen by, 13-14, 128-33 White Citizens' Council, 234 White House, 21 Whitworth, Edith: Oswald seen by, 147-50 Williams, Bonnie Ray, 119 Willis, Philip A., 63 Wood, Homer, 221 Wooden fence: description of, 5-6; gunman behind, 9, 43, 193, 222 Worrell, James, 132-33 Wounds (John B. Connally): chest, nature of, 11, 29, 55-56, 79, 163-64, 225-26; wrist, nature of, 11, 29, 55-56, 79, 163-64; thigh, nature of, 11, 29, 55-56, 79, 163-64 Wounds (John F. Kennedy): back, nature of, 7-8, 18-19, 29, 55-56, 63-65, 69-75, 81, 83, 146, 162-63, 172-74, 190-91, 192, 222, 225; head, nature of, 17-18, 29, 55, 85, 87, 91, 93-100, 163-68, 175-78, 191, 226, 228-31; throat, nature of, 21-22, 35, 55-56, 65, 69-73, 81, 83, 97, 145, 162-63, 174-75, 191 Wounds: ballistics tests, analysis of, 74, 78-80, 83 Wright, Frank, 138 Wright, Mrs. Frank, 138 Wright, O.P., 11, 48-49

X-Rays. See Autopsy X-rays

Yarbrough, Ralph, 3, 7

Zapruder, Abraham, 5 Zapruder Film: analysis of, 185, 187, 216, 222, 225-31; head shots, sequence of, 86, 88, 90, 101-3, 106, 225-31; mentioned, 158; single-bullet theory, relevance to, 30-33, 56-62, 63, 67