Dear Tlo.

I had to be in DC all day, didn't get a chance to see the paper until tonight, and I'd gone to bed when I thought I'd better write this note before I forget. I am concerned that with the overwhelming weight of the evidence so burdensome to the attackers, it is especially important to be more than usuall, careful in any literature and statements not to give them the kind of thing for when they always get a large hearing, innecent error.

What brought this to mind is today's Wash Post story quoting an unnamed "authoritative source" as saying that a dundum bullet had been used on one prisoner. I would doubt it very much, particularly with the rest of the description, which includes multitudes of fine fragments. Assoon as I saw it I phoned a friend on the Post at home, explained something about bullets (on which I've had to become a kind of lay authority), gave him a thoroughly dependable source for checking, and he felt it was important enough to phone the right tesk about and said he would. A proper exp, anation could avoid one of those marty insertaions into the Jongressional Record that sometimes get extensive press coverage and can be mailed for almost nothing.

I have no way of knowing if anyons is planning to use this in any literature, but if you know of someone who may be, please suggest that if they want to use this designation that they make it "dumdum type". There are non-dumdum bullet designed for "humanitarian" hunting and varminting that are made to work as the description in the post says and are not, really, dumdum bullets. It is, in a sense, worse if any policeman slipped a hunting-type bullet into his weapon instead of the kind issued by public authority, but it is not really called a dumdum, and nobody except an expert would understand if the answer was that nothing except suchanisuch a sunition was used and there is no evidence any was matilated into a dumdum.

This kind of thing is one of the reasons I immediately phoned you and others to insist upon the kind of testing I specified, to insist that the fact of it and the results be made public (and if there is no by-neme identification, there is no reason not to make the results public and every reason to holler coverup if they make this false claim).

The extensiveness of the reported fragmentation in this case from the Post, which may have been widely reported elsewhere and I'd have no way of knowing it, is more typical of a very soft bullet, which is inclined to fragment into small pieces, whereas the hardened bullets supposedly used against humans, i.e., humanitarian under the Geneva Comvention, ordinarily will not go into so mean pieces. A dumdum becomes nonething like a screw when it hits flesh, whereas the soft bullet mushrooms on impact and they is even here inclined to go into tiny pieces under the right c remustances. If you want to get a little here on this, consult the index to F and off under demington-Peters asmo or Core-Lokt or probably one will give you the other. If myone is going to do any work on this, they should go to a sporting-goods store and get all the amme catalogues, including for a Mossier bullet, which is a very special one that could also act the r ported way be and is not a dumdum. But isn't it worse if any copy used any bullet designed to tear animals apart as a concept of humanitarian animal-humting when he was shooting against humans?

Harriedly.

IP- return la my Flo fle