Photo Analysis Rules Out Second Gunman In Kennedy Assassination

MAURICE SCHONFIELD By JACK V. FOX

one of the nation's top photographic laboratories has demolished a widely circulated theory that a sec-United Press International gunman was involved EXINGTON, Mass.

'I) — An analysis by Copyright 1967

rifleman pointing his weapon 22, 1963. ITEK made the study long study of an amateur movee as a public service. Kennedy car in Dallas on Nov. from a vealed Thursday that a monthsdisproved the existence of a the actual shooting grassy knoll at

The 8 millimeter color motion shows

fence and a white concrete and atop it a wooden picket In the background is the knoll

frames brings out what to the Enlargement of certain

onto the back of the convertible. President hit by the fatal bullet and Mrs. Kennedy climbing among the parade spectators in ment employe who was standing Orville Nix, a federal governpicture was shot that day by Dealey Plaza.

pavilion with a low wall. Shows Resemblance

in the assassination of President Kennedy.
The ITEK Corporation re-Othat all the shots were fired from the Texas school book Harvey Oswald acted alone and the photographs as evidence that the Warren Commission? was wrong in finding that Lee that direction. the knoll area and even more thought they heard shots from seeing smoke or flashes from depository building. assassination have conspiracy have sought to use Street where Kennedy was shot. Several persons in Dallas who Proponents of the theory of a eyewitnesses to the

Given To FBI

of the major manufacturers of highly sophisticated aerial rethe 31 feet of film. ITEK is one Corporation agreed at the request of UPIN to make an exhaustive scientific study of International Newstilm (UPIN) the property of United Press the fatal bullet struck his head. The film subsequently became President's car at the moment mine the position among other things, to deterto the FBI and it was used, Nix first turned his film over Last February, of

on the roof of a station wagon behind the wall and squinting to a man with one elbow resting down a gun barrel at naked eye bears a resemblance equipment was used in develop-ment of closeup color pictures of the moon made by the Surveyor spacecraft. connaissance cameras and its

Film Improved

ITEK photogrammetrists content by utilizing advanced improved the quality of the film image enhancement methods. ITEK photographic scientists



certain points. the fatal shot being fired from to determine the feasibility of photographs to insure proper significant photointerpreters made precise identification of the objects and objects Б

> and a man six-feet, six-inches tall, took his first few seconds General Services Administration

an employe of

scientists were themselves at first struck by the image of a the original films and the ITEK Several objects on and behind the grassy knoll were unclear in

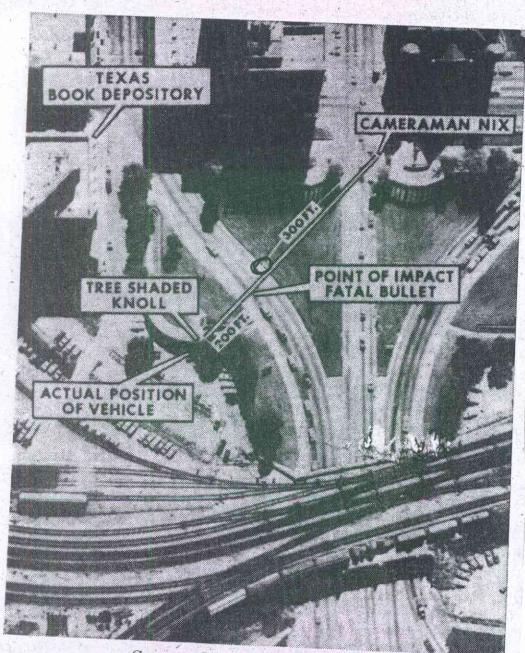
nothing more than the shadows of tree branches and leaves on however, was found gunman.
"The man with the rifle,"

> the side of the white pavilion. parking lot behind the wooden or some vehicle actually is in a apparently was a station wagon showed that the object which the "shadow gunman." picket fence and 20 feet behind ITEK said the analysis

Limited Time

the fatal shot, ITEK said. thirtieth of a second to get off would have had less than onecavalcade was such gunman was at sufficient height, the timing of the of the vehicle. Even assuming a person was visible on the roof vertical obstructions, it said. No his trajectory to clear existing nine feet above the ground for would have had to fire from A rifleman at that location that he

actually a blend of shadows. that the so-called rifleman was was fundamental in determining objects in the background and the scene again. The resultant triangular pattern permitted stereoscopic analysis of the Then he ran through the crowd about 18 feet to his left and zoomed his camera in on from the pavilion atop the knoll. of film approximately 200 feet from Kennedy's car and 300 feet



Scene Of Assassination