2/23/64 AIRTEL TO: DIRECTOR, FDI (105-02555) FROM: SAC, NTO (105-37111) LEE HARVIY OSWALD IS - R - CUDA (00:DL) Declassify on: DATE 2/4/4
Attached are five copies for the Bureau and two for Dallas of an LEI reflecting interviews of YURI I. KOSENKO Soviet Cofector, 2/26, 27/64, by SAS MAURICE A. TAYLOR, DONALD E. WALTER, AND ALEKSO POPTAMICH. U It is noted NOSENIO informed Burenu Agents in his first interview with us 2/24/C4, he did not desire publicity of any kind in connection with information furnished by him and indicated he did not desire to have his revelations publicized or spread around in other organizations. He declared he would not testify concerning the information Be this as it may, UFO realizes the Bureau's obligations and the data supplied by IDDELED is attributed to him in the attached Lin and he is described as one whose bona fides has not been established. W Information furnished LTO by the CIA which that agency rescived from NOSEETO is classified "Secret" and Sha considering the classification of the בשנם בסוטהתבסיתו concluded the information has no direct effect on the national security and thus it is not being classified. national security and thus It is not below premature It is submitted, however, the early and/or premature I 4 3 - Eureau (Inc. 5) 2 - Dallas (100-10461) (Enc. 2) (Pi) /- TEO CJJ:mfd Searched Indexed Filed .

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WFO 105-37111

disclosure of MOSEMKO's information concerning OSWALD could have a serious effect on WFO's relationship with the source, and a source of information could be dried up.

It is requested that the Eureau enleavor to prevent the information supplied by source from being made public. It is also requested that WFO be informed of any action taken by the Presidential Commission on the Assassination of President KENNIDY in this respect. M

February 28, 1964

LINES VANCAURED DELL'ES AMERICANA SECURITY - R - CUBA

The following information was furnished on February 20 and 27, 1964; (to representatives of the FDI) by Yuri Ivanovich Mosenkof Soviet defector, whose) (reliability has not as you been established.)

Hosenho said he was Deputy Chief of the Tourist Department, Second Chief Directorate of the Committee for State Security (MGD) at the time of his defection February 4, 1864, at Geneva, Switzerland, and held the rank of Lieutenant Colonel. He said the Second Directorate Of the MGD is concerned with the internal security of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republica (CLSE). N

Mosenho advised he was familiar with the visit of Lee Marvey Cavald to the Soviet Union in the Fall of in the Tourist Department.

tourist in the Soviet Union the FED had no current interest in him and percented no information that Oscald was a member of the Communist Party, WA, elsewhere, or that he was a member of any pro-Soviet organization. Resemble advised that upon arrival in Messow Carald contacted Interrist, sometives of the Interrist that he copied to remain in the Seventh (Tourist) Department, Second Main Directorate,

Nosenho related Corald was discouraged from remaining permanently in Russia. It was suggested to him that he complete his visit as a tourist and return to the United States. It was further suggested he could thereafter make application through routine channels at the Soviet Embassy in the U.S. for admission as an immigrant to the Soviet Union. 1

See

RE: LEE HARVEY OSUALD

Mosenko said Oswald was not regarded by the KGB as being completely normal mentally nor was he considered to be very intelligent. He stated it was the desire of the MGB that Cowald depart from Russia as early as convenient but no effort was made to curtail his visit or to incomvenience him during his stay in Dussia. Mosenho stated, however, that Oswald was pointedly informed he could not remain in Russia permanently. Later Ocwald was scheduled to take a tour of Hoscov but before the tour began he was again notified he could not remain in the Seviet Union. Then he failed to appear for this tour a search was instituted for him and according to Mosento inquiry was made at the Borlin Notel in Moscow where Oswald was a guest. This inquiry disclosed Courld had looked himself in his room and when entry was made to his room Oswald was found bleeding from self-inflicted wounds to his wrists. Mosento stated Ocwald was rushed to a hospital and Mosento empressed the opinion that if Osmald had not received inmediate modical assistance he would have died. U

Rosento stated that upon Cowald's release from the hospital Cowald was again informed he could not remain in the Soviet Union, whereupon Cowald declared if this were true he would commit suicide. Rosento said that at this point the Second Directorate of the RGB "washed its hands of Cowald".

THE REPORT OF THE PARTY OF THE

Nosenko advised that Oswald was, nevertheless, permitted to remain temperarily in Russia and it is Rosenko's opinion this was accomplished through the Ministry of Foreign Affairs or the Soviet Red Cross. Resenko said Cswald was not granted Soviet eitizenship nor was this ever considered. He said Oswald was thereafter sent to Minsh in Dyelorussia, northwest of Mescow where he was given a small apartment and a minor position in a plant, believed by Rosenko to be engaged in the manufacture of radio receivers. Nosenko said Cowald received a small salary and this was supplemented by funds provided by the Soviet Red Cross. N

RE: LEE HARVEY OSTALD

Mesenko said the MCB file on Osyald was then transferred to the regional effice of the EGD at Minsk and that office was instructed to maintain a discreet check on the activities of Oswald. Mosen's commented that the possibility that Oswald might be a "sleeper agent" for American intelligence had been considered by the KGB but at this time the interest of KGD headquarters in Oswald was practically nil. M

Mosenko said no further word was received at the Mosenko said no further word was received at the Soviet Dibassy, Mexico City, Mexico, and sought to return to the Soviet Union. He stated the headquarters of the First Chief Directorate (Moreign Intelligence) at Moseow was advised of Cowald's interest in returning to Russia. It was subsequently ascertained that Oswald had been of interest previously to the Second Directorate and the Second Directorate promptly informed the First Directorate that Cowald was of no interest to the Second Directorate. The Second Directorate said it wanted nothing to do with Cowald and it recommended to the First Directorate that Cowald not be granted permission to return to the Soviet Union.

Nosenho related he next heard about Oswald approximately two hours after the accessination of President John F. Hennedy when Research was summoned to the RCB center in Research and queried concerning his Imowledge of Oswald. Research said that since no file on Oswald could be leasted at the center he was instructed by Cameral Oleg H. Cribarev, Read of the Second Directorate, to telephone the RCB office at Minsk and obtain a dictated summary of information concerning Oswald. Research said is contacted the RCB office at Minsk and obtained a summary wherein there appeared a phrase that the RCB at Minsk had endeavored to influence Oswald in the right direction". General Gribanov was greatly concerned about this phrase inactuch as the RCB in Minsk had been instructed to take no action concerning Cowald. Ceneral Gribanov ordered all records at Minsk pertaining to Oswald be forwarded by warplane to Moscow with an explanation concerning attempts "to influence Oswald in the right direction".

RE: LEE HARVEY OSWALD

Nosenko advised the KGD at Minsk reported no official action had been taken to direct Cowald and emplained that an unale of Marina Cawald, wife of Lee Marvey Oswald, who was a lieutenant colonel in the local militia at Minck, had voluntarily approached Cawald and suggested Oswald not be too critical of the Soviet Union when he returned to the United States. Mosenko commented that when the RGD at Minck was first requested to furnish a summary of the Cawald file it was unaware of the international significance of Cawald's activities and had included the statement reporting their endeavors to influence Cawald as a self-serving effort to impress the KGB center. M

Nosenho advised that the Octold affair was a source of great concern to the MGB center and a large staff of MGB employees was called into service and records were reviewed in great detail to make certain the MGB had not utilized Garald as an agent. U

With respect to Marina Oswald, Mosenko advised that the was not employed as an agent of the KGB. He said she had been a member of the Momsemal (Communist Party Youth Organization) but had been dropped from the rolls on an unknown date for non-payment of dues over a long period of time. Mosenko stated Marina Oswald was not regarded by the MGB as a very intelligent person. Harina was permitted to depart Russia with her husband, but Mosenko said this was of no significance since there was no objection from the KGB. M

Nosenko advised that since the death of Stalin it is possible under the law for a Russian wife of a foreign national to leave the USER with her husband, although in practice this may be prevented as a matter of policy.