

6/15/87

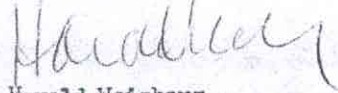
Dear Mr. Hilliard,

Baker provided a number of self-contradictory attestations none of which is new. I went into them in books published more than two decades ago. The Commission could get away with pretending he is credible when it knew he is not. The critics could do no more than point out that he is not credible and that we just about all did do.

If you were really familiar with what we published you would have been aware of what is even more destructive of the official solution.

The problem is not bringing information to light. It is getting any attention paid where paying attention might make a difference.

Sincerely,



Harold Weisberg

I SENT A COPY OF THE BAKER AFFIDAVIT TO
GARY MACK. DIDN'T HEAR FROM HIM.. NOT EVEN
A COMPLIMENTARY NEWSLETTER. CALLED AND ASKED
IF HE'D READ IT BEFORE. HE SAID HE DIDN'T
UNDERSTAND MY POINT. APPARENTLY, HE HAD
JUST GLANCED AT THE AFFIDAVIT AND ASSUMED
~~THE~~ IT SAID THAT BAKER ENCOUNTERED OSWALD IN
THE LUNCH ROOM. I TOLD GARY HE NEEDED TO
READ IT AGAIN WHEN HE GOT HOME.

Paul Hilliard
1201 Edgewood
Garland TX 75040

THE "LUNCHROOM STORY"

Found in Judy Bonner's "Investigation of a Homicide" is such an incredible document, that it should leave no one with any doubt whatsoever in their minds that Oswald could not possibly have fired a rifle at President Kennedy.

This book, pertaining to the assassination of John F. Kennedy is scarce and as the cover logo claims, "...contains information printed no where else."

"Investigation of a Homicide" was published in 1969. Ms. Bonner was a friend and journalist in good standing with the Dallas police. Her book seems conducive to supporting their findings and various radio logs and police reports were freely supplied by the department.

Page 262 reveals a copy of an AFFIDAVIT IN ANY FACT unsigned by Dallas police officer M. L. Baker. We might call it an AFFIDAVIT "JUST IN CASE". It was obviously typed for a man (in pursuit of an assassin) well in advance of his ultimate debriefing.

Officer Baker was one of two men, (the other being Roy Truly, the building superintendent where Oswald worked), who testified before the Warren Commission and should have conceivably provided an ironclad alibi for Oswald subsequent to gunfire in Dealey Plaza.

The Warren Report claimed that Oswald fired shots from the 6th floor of the book building and was encountered in the 2nd floor lunchroom an estimated two minutes (maybe less) after the shots.

In Commission Exhibit 3076 (found on page 679 in the last of the Commissions 26 volumes of hearings and exhibits), a poor copy of his personally handwritten statement, Baker wrote that "no one else was seen in the vicinity of the lunchroom." The conclusions in the final Report didn't mention this as though it was considered of no consequence (?)

Investigation of a Homicide ---Judith Whitson Bonner
Droke House publishers, Anderson, South Carolina

Reflections 1981

AFFIDAVIT IN ANY FACT

THE STATE OF TEXAS
COUNTY OF DALLAS

JUST IN CASE

BEFORE ME, Mary Rattan

a Notary Public in and for said County, State of Texas, on this day personally appeared _____

M. L. Baker, Patrolman Dallas Police Department

Who, after being by me duly sworn, on oath deposes and says: Friday November 22, 1963 I was riding motorcycle escort for the President of the United States. At approximately 12:30 pm I was on Houston Street and the President's car had made a left turn from Houston onto Elm Street. Just as I approached Elm and Houston I heard three shots. I realized these shots were rifle shots and I began to try to figure out where they came from. I decided the shots had come from the building on the northwest corner of Elm and Houston. This building is used by the Board of Education for book storage. I jumped off my motor and ran inside the building. As I entered the door I saw several people standing around. I asked these people where the stairs were. A man stepped forward and stated he was the building manager and that he would show me where the stairs were. I followed the man to the rear of the building and he said, "Let's take the elevator." The elevator was hung several floors up so we used the stairs instead. As we reached the third or fourth floor I saw a man walking away from the stairway. I called to the man and he turned around and came back toward me. The manager said, "I know that man, he works here." I then turned the man loose and went up to the top floor. The man I saw was a white man approximately 30 years old, 5'9", 165 pounds, dark hair and wearing a light brown jacket.

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN TO BEFORE ME THIS 22 DAY OF November A.D. 1963

Mary Rattan
Notary Public, Dallas County, Texas

CP-01-113

It is therefore quite interesting to note that at some time on that friday afternoon after Oswald's arrest, building superintendent Truly had spontaneously "leaked" to press and public during an on the spot KLIF radio interview, that he, (Baker), and Oswald were in the lunchroom! If anyone else was there, Mr. Truly was never pressed for this knowledge in his testimony before the Commission.

Both Truly and the patrolman proceeded to upper floors leaving Oswald behind as he apparently purchased a soda out of the soft drink machine and left the lunchroom.

PROBABLY HAD ALREADY BOUGHT IT.

We can assume that Oswald was alone in the lunchroom. (1) Baker's letter indicates (2) Truly mentioned no one (3) No one else ever came forward and expressed that they were there.

Although he had no previous criminal background, a policeman's alibi was still not good enough for the likes of Oswald. Furthermore, Dallas police authorities claimed they had never heard of Oswald before, but they were absolutely positive that he was a killer. All of this was amazingly learned in less than an hour of remarkably stupendous on the spot investigation utilizing dubious shreds of very controversial, highly circumstantial, and virtually unsubstantiated "evidence".

So we have learned that publicity of the lunchroom story actually forced it into the Commission's Report from the very beginning and then the entire world was asked to believe that a Super Lee had emerged able to leap tall school book depositories in a single bound!

Immediately following the gunfire in Dealey Plaza, many reporters scurried out of their press cars and into nearby offices anxious to phone in an incredible bulletin to their respective editors. Some of these reporters hastened to the Texas School Book Depository and impatiently complained of delay in using these telephones. All of the lines were tied up instantaneously in the rush to grab the instruments.

One line that should have been available (if it wasn't otherwise supposed to be busy) was the one reserved for employees' personal calls, the one to the 2nd floor lunchroom where Lee Oswald was alone.

BABYLONGATE: THE CONSPIRACY TO CONCEAL THE TRUTH

The word "babylon" comes from the Aramaic (ancient Hebrew). It means confusion. This translation was based on the post-flood biblical account of the world's very first so described metropolis. It's inhabitants suggestively, were in open defiance of specific Divine orders i. e. "Go forth into the world and multiply it."

Paralleling our own metroplex oriented generation of the new millenium, urbanites of Babylon in that day were content with their situation. Secure and with all the conveniences, they chose to ignore "the big cruel world out there".

The most popular religious belief in Babylon was that of astrology. Great strides were made by students of this cult. The students became scholars and ultimately the influence of Babylonian government, business, and commerce. As a self serving monument, the king, clergy, officials and businessmen of Babylon commissioned excavation for a tower to the sky whose stars allegedly determined their fate. They could stand on the observation deck and admire the view. (Shades of the evolution of a big city skyline?)

Something happened in Babylon. A phenomenal communication breakdown. Words and ideas simply didn't make sence anymore. The doctrine of their purpose lost all meaning. They became confused. A constituted break from the mainstream culture occured and the ultimate wishes of creation were fulfilled.

"The Past is the Prologue of the Future". These words are engraved above the doorway of the National Archives building in Washington D.C. Now be mindful that the U.S. citizenry of the 19th century generally considered the bible "old news". This inscription practically mandates that old news be tossed up for an occasional rehash.

A conceivable warning of a full scale repitition of the Babylonian stigma has been issued and appears to be unfolding before our eyes as if we could presently stand more confusion.

"For the time will come when they will not endure sound doctrine..
And they shall turn their ears away from the truth and shall be turned
unto fables." II Tim. 4

"In the last days perilous times shall come for men shall be..."
(among several other improprieties).. "false accusers, traitors..hard
headed and highminded." II Tim 3

In the latter days, "God will cause great delusion so that they
should believe a lie." II Thess. 2

The definition of "they" can be left to the discession of the
reader. The presence of this warning and this stigma is evident. People
that can uphold credence to the boundless amount of present day mendacity
are willing to believe anything.