BOND FIRM TO PAY ^τ_{3ho}ORLEANS \$333,912

Agreement Is Reached in Orleans Contest

The District Attorney's office Wednesday settled for about half of the money it said Maryland National Insurance Co. owed as a result of appearance bond forfeitures which accumulated since 1966.

In a motion signed by all concerned parties, the compa-ny agreed to pay \$333,912.50 to the District Attorney's office in settlement for claims of \$798.575.

The motion was presented to Criminal District Court Judge Matthew S. Braniff, who signed a judgment against the compa-

ny to that effect.
District Attorney Jim Garrison, his first assistant, James L. Alcock, State Attorney General Jack Gremillion, and attor-neys for Maryland National signed the motion.

ACTION ENDED

The agreement ended legal action on another motion which has pended before Judge Braniff for months. This motion, filed by Maryland National, sought to have the District Attorney's office enjoined from moves to collect the money for the forfeitures.

The money which a bail bonding company forfeits when one of its clients fails to appear in court goes to the District Attorney's office.

Judge Braniff said he envisioned setting aside an entire week for nothing but hearings on the forfeitures after preliminary legal battles were disposed

Maryland National in its motion requested that all forfeiture judgments rendered by judges be set aside on various grounds.

'It attacked constitutionality of the forfeiture procedure, alleged that payment had already been made in several cases, said that other companies were responsible in some other cases, and argued that defendants were returned to the custody of the court within a six-month period of grace in other cases.

A previous claim of \$800,000 was reduced to \$651,325 after

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audits of the records of the Dis-Forfeitures which became trict Attorney's office and those effective after October totaled of Maryland National.

PAYS ABOUT HALF

The company agreed to pay about 50 cents on the dollar to ed. This consisted of forfeitures the District Attorney's office where the defendant was al-

the agreement, called it an "op-error had been made in the fortimum settlement."

"The \$333,912.50 settlement," tion of bail bond forfeitures settlement was made. ever by a District Attorney's of-

fice in Louisiana.

case through the courts for several years at the end of which there may have been no money whatever for us.

"Maryland National is now in process of liquidating its business. The company is down to three employes. In addition to claims against it in Louisiana and Oklahoma, a judgment for the possibility of putting the \$500,000 has just been returned money into 90-day treasury against Maryland National in notes in order to obtain interest Miami.

"We reached a fair agreeconsidered the absolute maxi-been in charge of bond forfeitmum.

The company has been unable to operate in Criminal Court since the judges there forbade the clerk of court to accept Maryland National as surety for appearance bonds nearly one year ago.

The large backlog of uncol-ure payments. lected bond forfeitures came to Wimberly has taken action light last year when Garrison's are firm which has fallformer first assistant, Charles against any firm which has fall-R. Ward, resigned to run en as much as \$2,000 behind on against him in the Democratic forfeiture payments. primary.

Ward, now an assistant city cock said.

in arriving at their final agreement, Alcock and attormey's Office to accept a settlemey's for Maryland National delight that the final delight the final delight the final delight to the company. termined that forfeitures of attempted extortion. Milton P. Masinter a ed to \$750,825.

\$47,750, which amounted for the total of \$798,575.

However, \$147,250 was deduct-Robert L. Redfearn, an attorney; represented the company.

Alcock, who handled details of or where some administrative feiture.

In this way, the total was rehe added, "is the largest collec-duced to \$651,325, on which the

Alcock said the settlement money will go to the fines and We had the choice of going fees account. At the end of the for a settlement or pursuing the year, anything that is left will be split with the city.
"Our hope is that at the end

of the year, we will have some \$200,000 in the account and at that time, Mr. Garrison will present a check for \$100,000 to Mayor (Moon) Landrieu," Alcock said.

Alcock said he is investigating rather than leaving it to sit idle.

"We reached a fair agree-ment and got out with what we Shirley G. Wimberly Jr. has ures since December, 1968 when he began to move against Maryland National.

Wimberly's records show that only three bail bond firms still do any significant amount of business in New Orleans, and each is up to date on its forfeit-

"I'm as certain as I can be Garrison claimed that Ward that we will never again see the ran the office and allowed the during this administration," Al-

attorney, charged that Garrison specifically ordered him not collect the forfeitures.

Three attorneys were mucceum by the Orleans Parish Grand Jury, whose legal advisor is the District Attorney's Office, at the

Garrison weathered what he called "the worst mistake of my administration" and defeated Ward and two other candidates. He pledged to collect all of the controversy over the forfeiture backlogs. One, Ralph Kaskell, represented Maryland National. He was accused of communicating a threat to Wimberly in 1969, in the money.

He was indicted on a charge

Milton P. Masinter and Thomas Toranto Jr. were charged with corrupt influencing. They were accused of a c c e p t in g \$12,500 between Aug. 20 and Dec. 31 of 1968 for the purpose of influencing Ward not to collect forfeited bail bonds.