F.B.I. Aide Terms Effort To Vilify Dr. King Illegal

By NICHOLAS M. HORROCK TIMES Special to The New York Times

top official of the Federal Bu-clude that its purpose was to cau of Investigation said today force a suicide. that there was no "statutory "As I read it, I don't know basis or justification" for some what it meant," he said. 25 separate incidents of bureau Evidence concerning the letharassment of the Rev. Dr. Mar- ter and tape recording was tin Luther King Jr. during a given to the committee yestersix-year campaign to discredit day. the civil rights leader.

an anonymous threatening let-you." ter, found in bureau files, had The letter was found in F.B.I. ter, found in bureau files, had accompanied the tape.

the committee, Dr. King regard- the bureau's counterintelligence ed the tape recording and un-operation. Mr. Sullivan told signed letter as an effort to committee investigators that he drive him to suicide. Mr. Adams

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19-A the letter but could not con-

The letter read: "King, there James Adams, assistant depu- is only one thing left for you ty director of the F.B.I., also to do. You know what it is. told members of the Senate Se- You have just 34 days in which lect Committee on Intelligence to do it. (This exact number that he could confirm that the has been selected for a specific F.B.I. mailed Dr. King a tape reason.) It has definite practirecording in late 1964. Mr. cal significance. You are done. Adams said he "assumed" that There is but one way out for

files that had belonged to Wil-According to evidence given liam Sullivan, former chief of

said, however, that he had read Continued on Page 30, Column 4

Really critical questions con really critical questions con King's movement.

F.B.I. harassment tactics by saying, "we're not trying to avoid embarrassment, we're only trying to hold back the names of informants and sensitive projects." He said many of the bureau's counterintelligence proites were started by metaline in the movement. One associate said. Mr. Adams responded to genof the bureau's counterintelligence projtcs were started by men who "felt they had a responsibility to act, and having felt this responsibility, did act." He said the projects were started at a time when cities were being burned, and there was unrest on college cambuses.

reduce their role in the movement, one associate said. Use Senator Church alluded to the incident today without the incident t

decision to investigate Dr. King

was made because it was feare

his movement was being infül-trated by members of the Com-munist Party. But Mr. Adams declined to discuss the details of the investigation because he said it might endanger an ongoing F.B.I. investigation. F.B.I. sources and published

F.B.I. sources and published

accounts of Dr. King's activities

have said that the bureau was

concerned because two men allegedly with Communist con-

nections were involved in Dr.

York could not find evidence

Senator Philip Hart, Demo-

take retaliatory action, which would disrupt the [Black Pan-

to send a fake telegram warn-

we didn't know what the end would be, he said.

Mr. Adams conceded that there was no legal authority for the harassment tactics and that F.B.I. officials cated outhand that F.B.I. officials cated outhand the constant of th side authority in taking part in was not associated with Committee for clear-cut guidelines and law on what the F.B.I.'s Senat domestic security role should crat of Michigan, a member of

domesuc security role should crat of Michigan, a member of the committee, made public a committee to find the committee, made public a letter proposed by the Chicago doing too little." he said.

The committee staff has established that the tape sent to the Blackstone Rangers, a black King in 1964 was obtained from would page that said the Blackstone Rangers, a black was contained from the committee, made public a letter proposed by the Chicago was to have been sent anonymous the Blackstone Rangers, a black was contained from the committee.

tablished that the tape sent to King in 1964 was obtained from an electronic surveillance service, or bug, placed by the F.B.I. Committee staff members told reporters in a briefing today that F.B.I. documents showed Attorney General Robert F Kennedy had not author. ert F. Kennedy had not author-

in premises occupied by Dr. King.

Michael Epstein, who has conducted much of the staff investigation of the King matter, said that in October 1963

the F.B.I. sought permission to Brenosal to lace fruit with a lace fruit with a

ter, said that in October 1963 Closed a Newark field office the F.B.I. sought permission to install three wiretaps on Dr. king.

Several weeks later, Mr. Kennedy, then Attorney General, authorized one tap on Dr. king's home telephone in Attorney at the send a feks telegram warn. King's home telephone in At-King's home telephone in Atlanta and one on the head-quarters of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference, which Dr. King headed, in Atlanta, as well as one on the S.C.L.C. headquarters in New York York.

The bureau never sought approval to continue this sur veil-lance, he said. Yet, testimony and F.B.I. documents submitted to the committee yesterday dis-closed that the bureau had installed 16 wiretaps and bugs in eight rooms, apparently using this original authorization.

Mr. Adams said the original

F.B.I. Official Views Campaign To Discredit Dr. King as Illegal

Continued From Page I, Col. 3

did not write the letter.

Representative Andrew Young, Democrat of Georgia, told a reporter today that such a letter and tape had been received by Dr. King shortly after he received the Nobel Peace Prize

on Dec. 10, 1964.
Mr. Young was a close associate of Dr. King during the civil rights campaigns of the early 1960's.

He and other associates of the black leader, who was assassinated on April 4, 1968, have said the letter and tape from the F.B.I. reached Dr. King well after it had been sent because it had languished in unopened mail at the headquarters of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference in Atlanta for some days,

Mr. Adams said that the ref-erence to 34 days in the letter made it appear that the dead-line was Christmas Eve 1964.

'No Christmas Card'

Senator Frank Church, chairman of the committee, saidt he letter "is certainly no Christ-mas card."

Mr. Adams agreed. "It's improper and I can't justify its being proposed," he said.



James B. Adams of F.B.I. testifying yesterday.