## 74 MOVE TO SCRAP CLA DATA IS SEEN

Officials Reportedly Asked for Authority to Destroy Records on U.S. Citizens 110175

By SEYMOUR M. HERSH gial to The New York Times WASHINGTON, Jan. 9-0 is of the Central Intelligen ncy's Counterintelliger authority last fall to destr liegal domestic files on nea 10,000 American citizens cause they feared the newly liberalized Freedom of Information Act, well-placed sources

said today. The sources said that the effort to gain official sanction for the destruction of the files was a direct result of Congress's amending the act to permit judicial review of secret documents.

Well-placed sources were quoted by The New York Times on Dec. 22 as reporting the existence of the illegal domestic files on nearly 10,000 American citizens. Today, The Washing-ton Post and Jack Anderson, the columnist, reported that the names of 9,000 Americans were submitted in 1970 to the C.I.A. by a Justice Department unit in an effort to coordinate overseas surveillance of these persons, a legal activity.

Justice Department officials said this evening that they had been informed the C.I.A. had made no use of the 1970 files and had destroyed them. The Times's sources said that the Counter-intelligence C.I.A.'s Division had maintained its own file system on American citizens separate from that of the Justice Department.

The sources said that the C.I.A. request for permission to destroy the documents was ployee who had direct control over the domestic file system. The request was made to the C.I.A. legal office, the sources Continued From Page 1, Col. 1

persons to file a complaint in

sources were also quoted as of 9,000 names turned over to sources were also quoted as of 8,000 names turned over to the C.I.A. by the Justice Department and determined that the that domestic C.I.A. agents had been authorized to follow and The person who initiated the photograph participants in antirequest did not do so on his war and other demonstrations one well-informed source At least one member of Conquoted Mr. Devine, now the said, but had been told to find gress was placed under surveil-inspector, general of the Law lance, the sources said.

about its domestic files on Americans.

But a source close to James J. Angleton, the former chief of counterintelligence whose retirement became known on Dec. 23, saaid that the whole question of files was examined late last year. This source said that concern about the files arose inside the counterintelligence by the files arose inside the counterintelligence in the files arose in the files arose in the files arose in the files were maintained that the intelligence in the files arose in the files were maintained that the intelligence in the files were maintained that the intelligence in the files were maintained that the surface of the files were maintained that the files were maintained

The Washington Post and the columnist Jack Anderson repersons to file a complaint in a Federal court to force a Government agency to produce information that it was withholding. Specifically exempted from the provisions, however, was any national security information.

Last Oct. 7, Congress approved changes that, among other things, provided for judical review of classified national security information to determine whether it could be withheld. Both the Pentagon and the C.I.A. opposed the legislation. The bill was vetoed Oct. 17 by President Ford, but the House and Senate overrode the vetoe a month later.

The New York Times, quoting well-placed Government sources, reported on Dec. 22 that the C.I.A. had maintained domestic intelligence files on nearly 10,
The Washington Post and the columnist Jack Anderson reported today that the names of ported today that the names of the clark. A computer printout, said to nelude the p

000 American citizens. The the similarity between reports

ways to destroy the files.

No past or present C.I.A. official could be found today who would discuss the concern within the agency last fall about its domestic files on Department had not known a source of the sources as a sum of the source of the sourc

1970 were the same files that have emerged as a focal point? These sources did say, how in the current dispute over dower, that the C.I.A.'s domestic mestic C.I.A. spying. "You lossiers apparently included a internal security functions. A know I design have any knowledge of F.B.I. reports and edge, or I would say I had locuments from other domestic knowledge?" he said.

He added that he was sorry the files, one source said, aphe had suggested that the parently has as many as 15 C.I.A. might be felselving "a or more entries in them. but information came from the information came from the C.I.A. might be felselving "a or more entries in them. but information came from the computer of the Justice Department." The source added what is a summer of the files. "It's something that just slipped out," he said. "I'm sorry I said it."

Additional sources with first other seancies." The source had knowledge of the C.I.A. do be wrong to make an assumption that the disputed the C.I.A. files reflect active files wer, in fact, a computer surveillance by that agency.

The sagency is not barred from maintaining files on American for the 1947 National surveil supplied by the "Under the 1947 National surveil surveillance by that agency."

ican citizens who have had contact with foreign agents or foreign intelligence officials. Senator John J. Sparkman, actions to determine whether a foreign connection existed, sometimes such that the Justice Department supplied its computer printout in 1970.

The problem, one source said, who is now Ambassador to in a foreign connection for almost anyone.

The source added that he was concerned because, he said, people are now saying that if there is even a remote to the file.

In a related development, Senator John J. Sparkman, actions committee, announced today that the committee would question Richard Helms, former C.I.A. director announced today that the committee would question Richard Helms, former C.I.A. director announced today that the committee would question Richard Helms, former C.I.A. director announced today that the committee would question Richard Helms, former C.I.A. director announced today that the committee would question Richard Helms, former C.I.A. director announced today that the committee would question Richard Helms, former C.I.A. director announced today that the committee would question Richard Helms, former C.I.A. director announced today that the committee would question Richard Helms, former C.I.A. director announced today that the committee would question Richard Helms, former C.I.A. director announced today that the committee would question Richard Helms, former C.I.A. director announced today that the committee would question Richard Helms, former C.I.A. director announced today that the committee would question Richard Helms, former C.I.A. director announced today that the committee would question Richard Helms, former C.I.A. director announced today that the committee would question Richard Helms, former C.I.A. director announced today that the committee would question Richard Helms, former C.I.A. director announced today that the committee would question Richard Ric