How Kennedy Viewed the Vietnam Conflict

To the Editor:

The theme of the Oliver Stone film "J.F.K." is that President John F. and correct. this is palpable nonsense, but as Kenconspired to assassinate him. Most of that the first point is essentially true for Far Eastern Affairs, the officer nedy's Assistant Secretary of State Vice President Lyndon B. Johnson gation and possibly people close to tagon, the Federal Bureau of Investi-Central Intelligence Agency, the Pen-Vietnam and that to prevent this, the Kennedy planned to withdraw from responsible for Vietnam, I can testify

bombing missions inside South Vietto send American combat forces. do the actual flying - covertly also authorized American pilots Kennedy told me that he was deternam. But he refused every suggestion training Vietnamese to fly T-28's to Americans serve as advisers, and he American war. He agreed to have mined not to let Vietnam become an On numerous occasions President Ξ

Once, at that time, you reported in a small front-page box that some "Remember Laos," he said on this American major general was visiting Victnam. The President called me at neutralization as we had in Laos. file in Vietnam so we can negotiate its States, he said, must keep a low proand other occasions; the United guage took me to task for letting an home and in decidedly purple lan-American general visit Vietnam.

slammed down the phone without even saying goodbye. That afternoon a general permission to visit Vietnam State for Far Eastern Affairs. of flag or general rank could visit a National Security Action Memoranthe trip. "Oh," said the President and ed out that I had no authority to deny sion of the Assistant Secretary of Vietnam without the written permisdum came out saying that no officer - in fact, I had not even known about When he paused for breath, I point-

was the hot spot, and the departing When Kennedy took office, Laos

dent Kennedy sent W. Averell Harrible. What I want you to do is find a these people want me to go for a military solution in Laos," Kennedy ute telephone conversation. months of negotiations in a five-mining that he got the instructions for six on Laos. Harriman was fond of sayman to head the Geneva negotiations political solution." told Harriman, "but that is impossi-Shortly after the Bay of Pigs, Presi-IIA"

our ground forces. . . . I don't recall

he [Kennedy] wanted was to put in

anyone who was strongly against [the

recommendation), except one man

and that was the President."

In a press conference in March

the Congress."

decision, [and] of course I would go to

bat troops would be "a basic change 1962, Kennedy said that sending com-

.. which calls for a constitutional

send troops. According to Roswell Gilpatric, the Deputy Secretary of aid and advisers, but also 10,000 U.S. combat troops. Kennedy approved of done reluctantly. Defense, even sending advisers was the aid and advisers but refused to recommended not only an increase in tow to Vietnam to investigate. They Maxwell D. Taylor and Walt W. Rosmore aid in 1961, Kennedy sent Gen.

nam economic and military aid. about troops or fighting but about But the quote is taken out of context. It was in answer to a question not quoted as citing the so-called domino theory that if South Vietnam fell, the rest of Southeast Asia would follow. why Kennedy continued to send Viet-President Kennedy is sometimes

can war. One was when Gen. Douglas not to let Victnam become an Ameridocuments other episodes showing Arthur Schlesinger Jr., in his book "Robert Kennedy and His Times," President Kennedy's determination

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President, Dwight D. Eisenhower, warned Kennedy he might have to fight there. If so, Eisenhower said, he troops to remove one 9,000 miles away, how can I ask them to use eral people, including Richard Nixon, after the Bay of Pigs fiasco in Cuba eral hawkish public statements. But next few weeks Kennedy made sev-Communist regime only 90 miles not want to use troops to remove a that since "the American people do he changed his attitude. He told sevwould support the decision. Over the that Taylor and Rostow made to send thur, then I'll be convinced." hell of an impression on the President troops, Taylor said: "The last thing or from me or anyone else, he'd say, military advice from the Joint Chiefs said that MacArthur's views made "a matic table. Later General Taylor problem should be solved at the diploish to fight again in Asia and that the MacArthur told him it would be fool back and convince General MacAr-'Well, now, you gentlemen, you go Referring to the recommendation so that whenever he'd get this

When South Vietnam asked for

it was in good shape or bad." stood President Kennedy wanted to close out Vietnam by 1965, "whether drawal of U.S. military personnel a plan. Before his tragic death in an May 1963 that the Pentagon produced fense Secretary Robert McNamara international affairs, said he under-Assistant Secretary of Defense for airplane crash, John McNaughton, from Victnam, but it was not until to start planning for the phased with-In July 1962 Kennedy ordered De-

home. clear: President Kennedy was deterby ordering the first 1,000 advisers before his death, he took the first step' the groundwork for doing so. Shortlyer, the record is clear that he had laid including the 16,500 advisers. Howevtermined not to send U.S. combat mined not to let Vietnam become an' would have withdrawn completely, Victnam. This does not prove he fight in Victnam nor to bomb North' troops (as opposed to advisers) to American war - that is, he was de-The historical record, in sum, is ROGER HILSMAN