## Ervin Alleges Army Spies Plumber-Like on Civilians

have infiltrated up to nine ci- which the Army says have ued surveillance is lurking vilian organizations since 1971 been dismantled, were at Ft. just beneath the surface." and conducted at least three Holabird, Md., and Ft. Monplumber-type operations to roe, Va. track down leaks to the press, "Beca Sen. Sam J. Ervin Jr. said yesterday.

The North Carolina Democrat disclosed the operations and vice versa," Jordan said. as his Judiciary Subcommittee on Constitutional Rights began hearings on legislation designed to prohibit military

spying on civilians. Robert Jordan, former gen-eral counsel of the Army, testified that the Justice Department under former Attorney General John N. Mitchell blocked a 1969 plan to disengage military intelligence dealing with disturbances in American cities.

"Because of the passion for secrecy it appeared that Fort Holabird was unaware of the Fort Monroe computer system

Ervin, who is also chairman of the Senate Watergate committee, launched his Judiciary subcommittee hearings to explore to what extent the Defense Department was complying with a March, 1971, directive seeking to end military surveillance of civilians under all but exceptional conditions.

Ervin said his subcommit-tee's follow-up investigation of from collecting information its own 1971 hearings indicates "the Defense Department has achieved significant success in Jordan also criticized the bringing its domestic intellicomputerized data banks the gence operations under con-

Army had kept until recently trol. But it also demonstrates Military intelligence agents on civilians. The data banks, that the potential for contin-

Ervin said, "The subcommittee has been informed that, under the provision in the Defense Department directive prohibiting covert penetration f civilian organizations uness approved by the Secretary f Defense or his designees, everal such penetrations-'no more than three in any given year'-have been authorized since 1971."

Ervin added, "Although the subcommittee has not been informed of the details of these special operations, they apparently involved the covert penetration of anti-military civilian groups who were thought to pose a threat to military personnel or property-

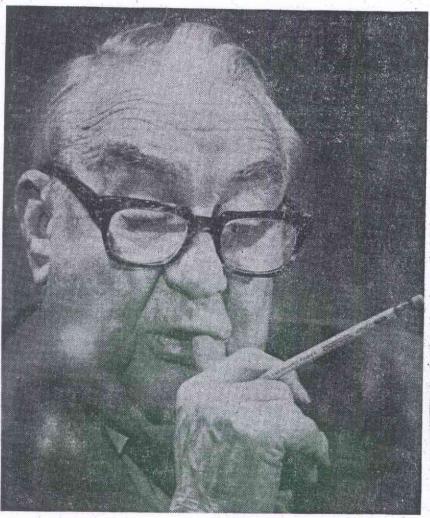
The senator also said his subcommittee has been informed that the Defense De-partment has "undertaken three 'plumber' operations to determine the source of leaks to the press of classified defense information."

He said that although his i committee investigators were r assured that Defense Department agents interviewed only persons connected with the I Defense Department, the 1971 Defense Department directive c appears to place no limitation on the scope of such investigation and thus they could spill over into the civilian commu-

Ervin said there was also a case in which military intelligence agents operating under he pretext of investigating military personnel in 1971 helped local police in Prince William County, Va., identify 29 civilians during an investi-

gation of a drug ring.
Jordan said that in early 1969, the Defense Department made a strong effort to withdraw from the job of collect ing information dealing with civil disturbances. He that although early drafts of the plan on inter-department action approved by President ixon in April, 1969, "placed he obligation for furnishing ecessary information on the ederal Bureau of Investigaon, the key language was nexplicably removed near the nd of the process of coordinaon, at the insistence of the

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United Press International Sen. Sam J. Ervin presides at hearing into military spying on civilians.