

Harold Weisberg

Several views of the scene show giant men to whom the U.S. Marine Corps
Caption and picture date for Carlson's Raiders story. Each edit is made with
bio to score my vital biological
blood as establish a "no-man's land".

Each of the photographs supplied by the Navy and Marine Corps, not used in
the story must be returned. The address to which this each is to be returned
is marked on the back.

Other photographs, showing action, are available through the news service
agencies, particularly INP and AP.

Carlson's are not the only Marine Raider Battalion. One under the command of
Lt. Col. Merritt Edson did a grand job in the Solomons operation.

When Carlson left China in 1938 he was commended by the Commander-in-Chief of
our Asiatic Fleet, who said: "Your duties as an observer with the Chinese mili-
tary forces have required you to travel thousands of miles in the interior of
China, often on foot and horseback over the most difficult and hazardous
terrain, and under primitive living conditions, similar to those encountered
by native tribes. During the time the nature of your duties not only subjected
you to the immediate dangers of active warfare but to those of pestilence and
disease as well." He actually got dysentery and trachoma.

Makin Island is half-way between Australia and the Hawaiian Islands, which
gives an indication of the probable importance of the raid.

The Raiders carry everything on their backs. They are expected to reach a
maximum speed of 7 miles per hour, with pack, half running and half walking, and
on long marches they average 5 miles an hour. These speeds, with heavy packs
and all their equipment, greatly exceed the walking speed of civilians, with-
out any encumbrances.

Here are the words of "Carlson's Raiders", their "theme song":

predate before

In the memory of man there were those who were brave
And fought like the heroes of old
But none of the fame who carry the name
Of Carlson's Raiders so bold.

They were gathered from near and were gathered from far
They were picked from the best in the land
A hell-raising crew that sailed the blue
Was Carlson's Raider band.

They carried machine-guns like pistols, they say
And a knife that was tempered in hell
And the Raiders all claim no mortal by name
Could use them one quarter so well.

They whisper of Raiders who gamble with death
To fight like the demons of old
And those who were there are willing to swear
By Carlson's Raiders so bold.

They will sing of the soldier and sailor I know
And tell of the deeds that were done
But Carlson's Raiders will sing for themselves
And tell how the battle was won.

To some it's to the Raider who stands by his flag
Who offers his life for his land
Who marches to fame with pride in the name
Of Carlson's Raider Band.
Carlson learned the importance and value of songs, slogans and cries while
his company the Chinese armies, which served as an example of the way

Below are excerpts from the battle-cry adapted by Carlson from the Chinese
industrial cooperatives slogan "Gung Ho," meaning "work together" and "preaching,
of course, the need for cooperation. The battle-cry is called "The Doctrine of
the Raiders":

A force of before we die we must do gainst the Japs who stand in our way

We are Raiders of Land and Sea; (2) We are tough; we are just;
We work together for Democracy. We fight when ever we must
Gung Ho! Gung Ho! Gung Ho! No one breaks us down; we stand tall the right
for the right to be free.

We want to do our duty-
because it's right;

and our duty will be to give those Japs
a fright.

seconded to the two

"We stand tall the right to be free"

We execute all orders with a promptitude
that will shatter the Mikado's latitude.

We are unbeatable-because we are right;
Those Japs cant lick us-for we've got might.

We're Raiders - for Democracy.

We work together: that's why we're free.
Gung Ho! Gung Ho! Gung Ho! Ho!

This is the full text, not excerpts.

ictures: 1-6 are to be returned to the Navy. Their captions are adequate.

Note in 6 that these guys are skilled woodsmen, taking careful advantage of
their surroundings for hiding. The captions on them are adequate.

Pictures 7-13 show landing operations on an un-named South Sea island, They
show, without detail, how it is done. Not photos by combat correspondent.

14-15 shows some of what we did to the Solomons.

16 Baseball in the South Seas.

17-19, captions sufficient.

20- The day they left on the raid-shows how much they carry.

21-22, captions sufficient.

23-24. More of the day they left.