FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date November 29, 1963

Mr. MAX E. CLARK, 4012 Borkirk Drive West, Attorney, Ridgeles State Fank Building formished the following information:

CLARK is a native-borg institute. He met his wife in France during World War II. She was born in France, but her parents were born in Russia. His wife speaks and translates Russian. In this way they have met and become at winted with a putber of citizens from Russia in the Dallas-F. .: Worth area.

In June, 1962, Mrs. CLARK received a phone call at her home from a man gaving his name as OSWALD. OSWALD told her that he and his wife had just come to Fort Worth from Russia and that he speaks Russian and that his wife was born and raised in Russia. He stated be had obtained the name of Mrs. CLARK through some contacts at the Fort Worth Public Library. He further advised that he and his wife would like to meet and talk rith Mrs. CLARK. She told him that she would call them later and maybe they could get together. A short time later, possibly a tesk-or two. Krs. CLARE called the OSWALDS and talked to Mr. LEE OSWALD. She invited them to come down to their home for a visit. OSWALD said that it did not suit them to come down to their house and would they come out to their birs in Ridgele, West. At that time, Mr. MAX CLARK got on the phase and talked to OSWALD and asked him to come down to their kine for a visit. He again said it did not fit into their plans and told them to come out to see them. CLARK said be was not going to do that and maybe they would talk to then later. Mrs. CLARE was gone to France all during the summer of 1961. CLARE stated that on one occasion his wife wert to the bons of the OSWALDS at the time they were living rear Wentgimery Ward Store. She made this trip with ANNA WELLER and CEORCE ECUME, of Dallas. CLARK stated that he did not go on this visit.

CLARE advised that a friezd of theirs tamed ELENA HALL, who lives in Fort Worth is of Rissian descent and that she had met the OSFALDS on the occasion. In about September or October of 1962, the OSFALDS had had sine dimestic trouble, were separated, and OSFALD had gine to Dailas. ELENA HALL asked MARINA OSFALD to stay with her as at that time HALL and

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her husband were separated and in the process of getting a diverce. MARINA COWALD moved in with ELENA HALL. She remained there for two or three weeks. After about a week or ten days, Mrs. HALL was injured in an automobile accident and had to stay in the hospital. During that time, MARINA ONWALD was at this home by herealf. Mrs. CLARK would go by re mearly every day to buy her groceries and see what in-y might need. After Mrs. HALL returned home and had reof ered from her accident, CLARK and his wife went over to the home of ELENA HALL. This was on a Sunday afternoon and was sometime in Cotober, 1962. Mr. HALL had also driven in from Odessa, Texas, and was present on this occasion. While they were there, LEE OSWALD came to the home and stayed for several hours.

CLARK advised that he had heard about OSWALD and that he was interested in finding out things about the Soviet Union. He stated he got in a conversation with OSWALD and talked to him for about two hours on this one occasion. OSWALD related the following information to CLARK:

While OSWALD was in the service of the U.S. Marines or the U. S. Army, he read and studied a lot of KARL MARX. He was diseatisfied with the Military Service in the United States and made up his mind to go to Russia as soon as he was discharged. He believed Russia was the place to live and work. Immediately after his discharge, OSWALD obtained a passport and did go to Russia. CLARK did not believe that OSWALD returned to his hime after his discharge but went directly to Russia. He turned in his passport in Moscow and immediately obtained a work permit from the Soviet Union government. He was sent to Minsk, Russia, and they placed him is a factory as some type of sheet metal worker. He was furnished a shall apartment to live in, and the government paid the utilities of this apartment, OSWALD said that he had a little better place to live than most of the workers due to the fact that he was an American and had recently come to the Soviet Union. He stated that his apartment had a privite bath, while most of the other apartments had to share a bath with from four to six apartments. OSWALD advised that the Soviet Union also furnished medical aid and furnished free schooling for the children. He had to pay for his food and clothing out of the 75 rubles a month that he earned working in this factory. He met his

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wife in Minsk cas night when he attended a dance given by the workers of this factory. His wife was working in a doctor's office doing some type of work. He later married this girl that he met at the dance, and when she became pregnant, the government made her work up to one month before the birth of the obild and gave her a leave of this months after the child was born. At that time, : wife had to go back to work and the government took the child and placed it is a government operated sursery. CCTALD mentioned that this was one of the things that he did not like in the Soviet Union. He also stated that he did not find that conditions in Russia were exactly like the writings of RARL MARX. He felt let down when he was sent to Minsk to work as he thought he should have been kept in Moscow. He did not care to raise his child in this government cursery. He started thinking about returning to the United States shortly after his child was born. CLARK related that during this conversation with OSWALD that OSWALD would get mad and arrogant and talk rather sarcastically about the United States and the government and also about some of the conditions in Russia.

OSWALD told CLARK that it was easy to get into Russia if a person would handle it properly. He stated the way he got into Russia was that he wrote to a Russian tourist agency either in Washington or New York and got a permit from this tourist agency. He said he had to put up some money with this tourist agency. After getting this permit, he then got his passport and later obtained a visa. He told CLARK that he turned in his passport to the U.S. Embassy in Moscow. He wanted to become a Russian citizen, but the Soviet Union Covernment never took his in as a citizen, and he always worked as an alien in Russia. He told CLARK that he stayed in Russia a little over two years.

CLARK stated that this was the only time he ever saw or talked to LEE CSWALD.

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