F.B.I. Focus of Inquiry on Oswald Note

By JOHN M. CREWDSON

The Justice Department has The letter reportedly con-suspicion aroused because Osbegun a criminal investigation tained a threat by Oswald, the wald had taken up residence of the circumstances surround-accused assassin of the Presi-in the Soviet Union, renounced ing the destruction of a letter dent, to "blow up" a Dallas his American citizenship and threatening the Dallas police police station unless the FBI then returned to the United that was delivered by Lee Har-ceased its efforts to find and States married to a Russian vey Oswald to the Dallas office interview him and to stop what native. of the Federal Bureau of In-he described as its harassment. The letter was delivered by vestigation shortly before the of his Russian-born wife, Ma-Oswald to the bureau's Dallas assassination of John F. Ken-rina.

sion to destroy the letter fol-Oswald before the assassination Special to The New York Times lowing President Kennedy's were prompted by security interests and were based upon

field office in early November,

being conducted by lawyers in recently ordered administrative made two visits to a home the department's Criminal Divi- inquiry by the bureau into the where Oswald's wife was staysion, was said by authoritative incident, the Oswald letter ing with a friend. sources to be focusing on "con- made no mention of any inten-Slicting statements" given by tion to commit a murder or of guage it contained, the letter present and former F.B.I. agent any animosity toward Mr. Continued on Page 27, Column 1 and officials about their roles Kennedy. in, or knowledge of, the deci- The F.B.I.'s efforts to find

According to several sources 1973, after a special agent The investigation, which is familiar with the results of a there, James P. Hosty Jr., had

Despite the threatening lan-

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was said to have evoked no extraordinary effort by the Dallas F.B.I. office to find Oswald, who had left the lefter with an office receptionist in Mr. Hosty's name and then departed before it could be delivered.

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The letter, the sources said, was simply made a part of Oswald's file. Mr. Hosty continued his efforts to find the former Marine rifleman, but they proved unavailing up to the time Mr. Kennedy was shot and killed while riding in a motorcade on a Dallas street.

Within days of the Kennedy assassination, sources said, the Oswald letter was removed from the file and destroyed. The chain of events that led to that destruction are the focus of an administrative inquiry now under way within the F.B.I.

It is in connection with that inquiry that the "conflicting statements" about the responsibility for destroying the letter were reported to have been made to F.B.I. investigators by present and former bureau personnel.

The Justice Department and the bureau have both declined all comment on the inquiry or the investigation. But one source said today that the deone partment's Criminal Division was attempting to determine "whether there are criminal violations" involved in the contradicting statements.

Under Federal law, it is a felony for anyone, even another F.B.I. agent, to give a false statement knowingly to a Federal investigator.

Word Spreads Afar

F.B.I. officials were understood today to be distressed over the letter incident, which until a few weeks ago had not been known outside the bureau and not widely known within

Clarence M. Kelley, bureau's director, reportedly knew nothing of the matter until the bureau received a query from a Dallas newspaper earlier this year about the possibility that such a letter had been destroyed.

The concern expressed privately by Mr. Kelley and others to associates within the bureau was said to stem not only from the embarrasment to the bureau for not having taken the Oswald threat seriously but also from the possibility that the matter could conceivably lead to the first criminal indictments of F.B.I. personnel.

Sources indicated today that it was by no means clear that such charges would be brought and pointed out that the fiveyear Federal statute of limitations had long since expired

with respect to such substantive charges as obstruction of justice or destruction of evidence.

Both Agent Hosty and J. Edgar Hoover, the late F.B.I. director, told the Warren Commission investigation of the Kennedy assassination they had no reason to believe that Oswald was capable of violence before the Kennedy shooting. Mr. Hosty, who is now as-

sas City, Mo., office, did not return a reporter's telephone call today. But sources said that he had conceded to the F.B.I. investigators that he had destroyed the Oswald letter, although on orders from his superiors in the bureau. The conflicting statements in ques-

tion apparently concern the re-

signed to the bureau's Kan-

sponses given to some of his assertions by others.