nesses overlooked in JFK probe

1978 By EARL GOLZ

Most winesses who may have seen someone other than Lee Harvey Oswald in the so-called assassin's win-dow in 1963 were either overlooked or intimidated by Warren Commission investigators

Johnny L. Powell, an inmate in the county juil at the time of the assassina-tion of President John F. Kennedy, recently told The Dallas Morning News he and others in his cell watched two near with a rife in the 6th-floor win-dow of the Texas School Book Deposi-tory across the street. When he looked,

the men were "fooling with" a scope on the rifle, Powell said.

The rine, rowell such that the same intermediate and the same time ana-courted at about the same time ana-teur photographer Charles L. Bronson was filming what seemed to be two moving images in the same window. This was about 12:4 pm., or six minntes before the shooting.

POWELL AND his fellow inmates weren't questioned by authorities, aithough one of lack Ruby's attorneys later mentioned to a Warren Commission investigator that the prisoners

"had a good view of what took place . . It might be helpful to the commissio mission to know that there were people in jail who saw the actual killing

who saw the actual Killing." Attorney Stanley M. Kaufman made the suggestion to Loot D. Hubert, sesistant counsel for the Warren Commission, when Kaufman's deposi-tion was taken three months before the assassipation investigation sination investigation was completed in September 1964. "I remember that that did occur and

it sort of concerned me at the time as to it sort of concerned me at the time as in why — if they were trying to find out all these facts — why they didn't go up there and talk to all these prisoners," Kaufman told The News recently.

On the day of the assassination, Kaufman was representing a county jail inmate Willie Mitchell His client "described to me exactly" what hap-pened when the shots were fired, Kaufman told Hubert, recalling "it made him (Mitchell) sick and everybody else

k up there." Unlike Powell, Mitchell said he -dion t use anyone in that window" in the depository, Kaufman said. Because he is black, Mitchell probably was on the 5th floor of the then-segregated county jail, which faces Houston Street "didn't see anyone in that window" in nd Dealey Plaza.

POWELL WAS in a sth-floor cell cater-corner to the sth-floor corner window of the depository where the Warren Commission placed Oswald at the time of the assassination.

"Quite a few of us saw them (two aen in the depository window)," Powmen in the depository window), Four-ell said "Everybody was trying to watch the parade and all that. We were looking across the street because it was directly straight across. The first thing I thought is, it was security guards...I

remember the guys." Powell, ther 17 and in jail for three days on charges of vagrancy and dis-turbing the peace, said "maybe more than half" of an estimated 40 inmates in his cell were trying to look from the wh

The two men in the wi the street "looked darks," than whites and were wearing "kind of brownish looking or duller clothes . . . like work clothes," Powell said.

When the shooting started Powell was "looking down. And then we kind of looked around. And it (depository ndow) was empty then. "I didn't tell very many

people."

Powell said. "Most people don't believe it when you tell them enyway ... I never said much about it because I didn't want to get involved in it."

Powell was located by The News after a tip that resulted from news accounts of Bronson's film.

KAUPMAN SAID he asked Mitchell to contact the Warren Commission but he had "this I don't want to get involved' attitude.

Ronald B. Fischer of Mesquite was peering up from the street below at about the same time Powell was watching from the jell.

er recently told The News that Fisch Devid W. Belin, an assistant counsel for the Warren Commission, tried to "intimidate" him into testifying the one man he was able to see didn't have the light-colored hair he insisted he

The agricourse that he interest we did have. "He (Belin) and I had a fight almost in the interview room over the color of the man's hair," Fischer said. "He wanted me to tell him that the man was dark-headed and I wouldn't do it."

Cark-needed and i wonant to it. Oswald's hair "doem't appear to me in the photographs to be as light as the man that I saw," Fischer said, "and that's what Belin was upset about. I see it now, but I didn't see it at the time." Fischer said he didn't see a rifle or

another person in the window but it was "entirely possible" from his point of view that he couldn't have seen another person.

The man he saw was wearing " Ine man he saw was wearing some kind of a light-colored shirt, like msybe a T-shirt, "and "all i could see through the open part of the window ... was from the middle of his chest up past the top of his head.

" GAZED at him a little bit becau to seeme a so transfired in the way he was sitting," Fischer said. "He was so still ... like he was heavily concentrat-ing on something or like he was asleep tting up."

Fischer said the man "seemed transfixed on the triple underpass" at a time when most people were looking the other way for the motorcade.

Across the street from Fischer and Edwards, at the northwest corner of Eim and Houston near the base of the depository, Mrs. Ruby Henderson also saw two men in the window.

"One of them had dark hair . . . a darker complex-ion than the other," Mrs. Henderson said. "I don't recall the appearance of the other man except form

like they were leaning out." She said she saw no gun, but "they weren't close snough to the window to be able to know if they were holding anything."

Standing a few feet from Mrs. Henders s Mrs. Carolyn Walther, a fellow worker at a dress factory across the street from the book depository.

Arross the street from the book depication. Mrs. Waither looked up at about the same time and also saw two men in an upper-floor window of the depository. One was holding a gun, she said. The gun-man was wearing a dark brown suit and the other man had on a light-colored shirt or jacket, she said.

Later the FBI "tried to make me think that what i w were boxes," Mrs. Waither said.

"They were going to set out to prove me a lisr and I had no intention of arguing with them and being harrassed," she said. "I felt like I had told them all I

Another witness, Arnold Rowland, said he saw a an in a 6th-floor window of the depository holding a man in a sta-mor window or the septence y noting a rifle across his chest at 12:15 p.m., or about 10 minutes before the sighting by the women and the shooting of Bronson's film. From his position along Hor Street about a half-block east of the depository, n of the depository, Row and said he saw a second man, a black, in mother window on the 6th floor — the floor from where Oswald was supposed to have shot the president.

BOWLAND STUCK to his story during a lengthy grilling by Warren Commission lawyers. Commission systematic counsel Belin, however, elicited from Rowland's wife that "at times my husband is prome to exaggerate" after he salad har whether "you can rely on everything that your husband says."

Rowland's story is also important because he saw the gunman in the 6th-floor window at 12-15 p.m., or minutes before a book depository employee said she saw Oswald in the 2nd-floor lunchroom.

mrs. Carolyn sonnston of Stephenville, Texas, told The News recently that also saw Oswald on the second floor as ahe was on her way out of the depository at about 1225 p.m. to watch the motorcade. Five minutes later the shots rang out. Mrs. Carolyn Johnston of Stephenville, Texas, told

Mrs. Johnston said she never had read the FBI reports of two interviews with her, but she was surprised to learn they made no mention of her sight-ing Osweld in the hunchroom.