vestigation jealous husbands, Cubans, Vietnamese, the International Brothergence Agency, the Federal Bureau of Inof the two murders. There have been alle-gations that President Kennedy and Dr. sination and the 1968 murder of the Rev. Dr. Martin L. King Jr. whether there is any relevance or truth to these allegations if it is, once and for all, to explain President Kennedy's assasslain, was said to be from Mr. Oswald. years, released a copy of a letter to a "Mr. Hunt" asking for "information con-cerning my position." The letter, dated two weeks before President Kennedy was nen and munitions makers food of Teamsters, gangsters, Texas oil-"The House committee must establish king were killed by the Central Intelli-^o **GA** retired Texas newspaper editor, Fenn Jones Jr., who has been fascinated instigated by Texas oilmen, including the life billionaire H.L. Hunt of Dallas. dent and that the assassination had been Mohrenschildt as having said that he had arranged for Mr. Oswald to kill the Presiappearing before the House Select Comby the Kennedy assassination for mittee on Assassinations, quoted Mr. De developments heightened public interest gressional committee was prepared to in- "leads" described at a secret committee vestigate his connection with Lee Harvey meeting appear to be new, either. Orswald. the accused assassin of President . The "Hunt letter" first became known Oswald, the accused assassin of President this daughter, Alexandra, was said by the police to be a suicide. Earlier, Mr. de Beach, Fla. habit of sketching and photographing de-reasons, killed Dr. King, Was killed by a shotgun blast in Palm the special House commut. day, George de Mohrenschildt, a 65-yearlast week: Kennedy. Mohrenschildt had learned that a Conold self-styled promoter who enjoyed the company of rich men and beautiful Assertions About Oswald Hundreds of people claim a knowledge **4**A Dutch reporter, Willem Oltmans, His death, at the home of relatives of С О WASHINGTON, April 3-Last Thurs-The rich men and ifronting House Group following subsequent 0 By MARTIN WALDRON Special to The New York Times beautiful 13 handwriting. The 39-word letter was dated Nov. 8, 1963, two weeks before Mr. Kennedy was slain. Mr. Oswald was living in Dallas and working at the Texas Schoolbook Accompanying the photocopy was a typewritten note in Spanish, saying that the sender, who signed himself "P.S.," had sent a photocopy of the letter to the F.B.I. in late 1974 and had not heard like information concerning my position, I am asking only for information. I am suggesting that we discuss the matter from the bureau. of the handwritten more fully before any steps are taken by me or anyone else. Thank you. Lee Harvey Oswald." in the summer of 1975. A number of as-sassination students, most of them pri-vate citizens, got copies of it in the mail from Mexico City. The letter has excited some interest thian Mirror, thian, Texas, where he once ran a prize-winning weekly newspaper, The Midlo-September, 1975, at his home in Midloin the last few days because Justice De-partment sources said the F.B.I. had con-firmed that the letter was in Mr. Oswald's committee last month that there were "promising" new leads, but neither the de Mohrenschildt accusations nor the Hunt letter is new. None of the other Since its establishment last September, the special House committee has spent about \$350,000. Staff members told the Oswald, acting alone, shot President Kennedy for complex personal reasons, and that James Earl Ray, an escaped convict Mr. Jones said he received a photocopy "Senor P.S.," as he became known, also P.S." had come indication of how "Senor the The letter said: "Dear Mr. Hunt, I would Official investigations found that Mr letter in August ទួ o-ported that it had had the letter analyzed by three independent handwriting experts
a who, like the F.B.I., concluded that it had at been written by Mr. Oswald. The experts
is said they had compared the letter with others known to have been written by ing stores and a small shop selling nation-al lottery tickets. co City is a four-story white stone apart-ment house containing a number of lower-middle-class flats. On the first floor of the building are two low-quality cloth-Mr. Jones said that he gave his copy of the "Hunt letter" to The jdallas Mornand the note was a return address: "In-surgentes Sud, No, 309, Mexico, Df, Mexi-co." Oswald. the envelope containing the photocopy happen to him and that he was going into hiding for a time. On the back of wrote that he feared something might Number 309 South Insurgentes in Mexi-Copy of letter reportedly written by Lee Harvey Oswald to a "Mr. Hunt" two THE NEW YORK TIMES, MONDAY, APRIL 4, 1977 Can Mr. weeks before the assassination of President Kennedy. ne and selevas are Come the Nov. 8, 1963 United Press International

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Treated for Paranoia

Other associates of Mr. de Mohrenschildt reported that he was treated for for paranoia for some weeks in Dallas earlier this year. He was a teacher at a small school in Dallas, Bishop College.

During his adventurous life, Mr. de Mohrenschildt had many careers: perfume salesman, oil geologist, polo player, Polish cavalry officer, movie producer and, many believed, spy. At one point in World War II, Mr. de

At one point in World War II, Mr. de Mohrenschildt was suspected of spying by both, the United States and Mexico and was detained and questioned in both countries.

The United States incident came after he and Lilia Pardo Larin, then his mistress, were observed photographing and sketching the beachfront near Corpus Christi, Texas.

Mr. de Mohrenschildt told the Warren Commission in April 1964 that he had not realized the area he was sketching had defense fortifications. He said he resented having been considered a German spy.

spy. Later in World War II he was expelled from Mexico, but he said that was because a high-ranking Mexican official wanted to steal Mrs. Larin from him, that it had no connection with his being suspected of espionage.

In 1957, soldiers fired on Mr. De Mohrenschildt and his fourth wife, Jeanne; as they sketched and took photographs of a Yugoslav beach while sitting in a boat. "The little island we thought was completely empty, not a soul on it, they had fortifications on that island," Mrs. de Mohrenschildt told the Warren Commission.

The de Mohrenschildts testified before the commission after they had been investigated for weeks by dozens of F.B.I. agents.

The commission was interested in the de Mohrenschildts because they were friendly with the Oswalds. The de Mohrenschildts said they had met the Oswalds through the Russian-speaking community in Dallas and had felt sorry for Marina Oswald, whom Mr. Oswald met and married while in Russia in the early 1960's.

In April 1963, the de Mohrenschildts went to Haiti, where he tried to promote a deal with the government of the late President Francois Duvalier to search for oil and minerals. They were still living in Haiti when Mr. Kennedy was killed. The Warren Commission and the F.B.I concluded that there was no evidence to suggest that the de Mohrenschildts had had any connection with the assassination.

Mr. De Mohrenschildt told the commission that he was not sure Mr. Oswald had killed President Kennedy and that Mr. Oswald had not seemed inclined to political violence. Mr. de Mohrenschildt told the commission:

"In my opinion, if Lee Oswald did kill the President, this might be the reason for it: That he was insanely jealous of an extraordinarily successful man, who was young, attractive, had a beautiful wife, had all the money in the world and was a world figure. And poor Oswald was just the opposite. He had nothing. He had a bitchy wife, had no money, was a miserable failure in everything he did."

An accidentally released transcript of a secret meeting of the House Assassination Committee on March 17 disclosed that much of the information the committee "uncovered" in its six months of operation has been available for years.

Oswald letter.

Harold Weisberg of Frederick, Md., a former Senate investigator who has devoted the past 12 years to researching the Kennedy and King murders, said he got a copy of the letter in the mail in August 1975, as did Howard Roffman of Gainesville, Fla., a law school graduate.

Letters Unanswered

Mr. Weisberg and Mr. Jones said they had written o he address on the envelope and had not received answers, though their letters were not returned as undelivered.

The family of Mr. Hunt, who died Nov. 29, 1974, has protested published assertions that the letter was written to him.

In 1964, the F.B.I. checked the Hunt family in connection with he Kennedy assassination, but no member of the family testified before the commission headed by Chief Justice Earl Warren, which investigated the assassination. Several of Mr. Hunt's sons have called "ridiculous" the notion that any of the Hunts had been connected with the murder.

An associate of the Hunt family said yesterday that H.L. Hunt and members of his family "are not the only Hunts around."

"Wasn't there a Hunt connected with the C.I.A. back in 1963?" he asked.

There has been no evidence linking E. Howard Hunt, a C.I.A. agent who was involved in the Bay of Pigs invasion of Cuba in 1961, to Mr. Oswald. Mr. Hunt has just been released from Federal prison; he had been convicted of complicity in the burglary of the Democratic National Committee Headquarters at the

Watergate Hotel in Washington in 1972. The Oswald "Hunt letter" aroused still more interest after Mr. de Mohrenschildt's death, when Mr. Oltmans came forward to say publicly that Mr. de Mohrenschildt had linked H.L. Hunt to Mr. Oswald.

Relatives and associates of Mr. de Mohrenschildt said he was hospitalized recently for treatment of mental disorders, including paranoia, and tried to kill himself several times previously.

The House Assassinations Committee had heard part of the de Mohrenschildt story from Mr. Oltmans last month and had been searching for him to ask him to testify.

Mr. de Mohrenschildt died after he learned last week that a committee investigator had gone to Palm Beach to talk to him.

The authorities in the Florida city said that Mr. de Mohrenschildt had left a number of personal papers but that none of them seemed to be connected in any way to Mr. Oswald or the Kennedy administration.

Mr. de Mohrenschildt's daughter, Alexandra Taylor, whom he was visiting at the time of his death, said her father was "mentally and physically afraid" of Mr. Oltmans.

The Texan had gone to Amsterdam with Mr. Oltmans earlier last month. He tried to sell a book manuscript on the Kennedy slaying and appeared on television with Mr. Oltmans there.

"He felt he had been drugged in Amsterdam," Mrs. Taylor said. She also reported that her father had been mentally ill recently.