

New questions raised on JFK killing

By Robert L. Allen

THE COMPLICATED skein of events involved in the assassination of President John F. Kennedy became even more tangled with the arrest March 1 of Clay L. Shaw, described in the press as "a prominent New Orleans businessman."

New Orleans District Attorney Jim Garrison, who made the arrest, contended in a search warrant that at secret meetings in September, 1963, "there was an agreement and combination among Clay Shaw (alias Clay Bertrand), Lee Harvey Oswald and David W. Ferrie and others to kill John F. Kennedy."

AT GUARDIAN press time a preliminary hearing concerning this contention was in progress.

Shaw said at a press conference March 2 that he had played no part in an alleged conspiracy and he denied that he had ever met with or known Oswald or Ferrie. He said that he had never used the name "Clay Bertrand."

Ferrie, a former airlines pilot and alleged homosexual, was found dead in his bed Feb. 23. Garrison called the death a suicide; a coroner attributed it to natural causes.

THE GUARDIAN HAS received reports from Rome linking Shaw with various right-wing organizations and individuals, and possibly with the CIA. The GUARDIAN's Rome correspondent, Phyllis Rosner, quoting the Rome daily Paesa Serra, reported that from 1961 till 1965 Shaw was on the board of directors of

the Centro Mondiale Commerciale, which the paper said was engaged in obscure dealings in Rome.

Among the directors on the CMC board, said Paesa Serra, were several Swiss businessmen and bankers, the ex-Hungarian Peasant Party leader Ferenc Nagy, now living in the U.S.; Prince Guitere de Spadaforo, large Italian landowner and industrialist who is related by marriage to Hitler's "financial wizard" Hjalmar Schacht; and Dr. Enrico Mantello, who represented himself and six other shareholders, the most important being former U.S. Army Major L.M. Bloomfield, now reportedly a banker in Montreal.

Bloomfield is reported to have served
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in the OSS (which was the predecessor of the CIA) during World War II. French newspapers have charged, the Rome daily said, that he was a generous contributor to neo-fascist groups in France, Italy and throughout Europe.

Paesa Serra said it is believed that the CMC was set up by the CIA as a cover for channeling funds into Italy.

IT WAS ALSO REPORTED to the GUARDIAN from a source in New Orleans that Shaw was instrumental in arranging trade with Batista's Cuba from 1949 to 1959. For 18 years until 1965 he has served as a director of the International Trade Mart in New Orleans, an organization which was reported recently to have arranged for the first visit of a trade delegation from U.S. Southern states to South Africa.

Shaw reportedly played a part in arranging for Kennedy to speak at the Dallas Trade Mart on Nov. 22, 1963—the date of the assassination—a fact which to a degree determined the fatal motorcade route from the Dallas airport.

The name "Clay Bertrand" figures in the report of the Warren Commission's 1964 investigation. Dean Andrews, a lawyer in the New Orleans area, testified that Oswald and several homosexuals, whom he described as "Mexicanos," were sent to his law office in the summer of 1963 by a person named "Clay Bertrand." Andrews said that Oswald wanted help in getting his dishonorable discharge from the Marines changed to an honorable discharge.

Andrews told the Commission that on Nov. 23, 1963, "Bertrand" called him and asked him to go to Dallas to defend Oswald. Andrews said he was hospitalized and under sedation at the time. He said he called another New Orleans attorney, Monk Zelden, since he was unable to go to Dallas himself.

THE FBI COULD FIND no record of Oswald's visit to Andrews or locate the person who allegedly called Andrews, although it did confirm that Andrews and Zelden had talked about representing Oswald.



CLAY SHAW
Businessman arrested

Andrews was said to have given conflicting descriptions of "Bertrand" to the FBI and the Commission, and at one point he reportedly told the FBI that Bertrand was a "figment of imagination."

According to Mark Lane in *Rush to Judgment*, Andrews said he was so hounded by FBI agents—"like the plague"—that he told them "to write whatever they wanted in their report and to close their file on him. The agents evidently closed the file by writing that Andrews acknowledged that Bertrand did not exist, despite the fact that Andrews swore that he had never made such a statement."

Andrews also said he saw "Bertrand" only twice and that "Bertrand" was "mostly a voice on the phone."

Shaw, in the March 2 news conference, said that he knew of Andrews but was not personally acquainted with him.

ANDREWS WAS QUESTIONED by Garrison March 2. Afterward, Andrews told reporters he had talked with "Bertrand" by telephone 10 or 12 times in a year. He said "Bertrand" sent boys to him for legal representation. If the defendants were unable to pay the attor-

ney's fee, he said, "Bertrand" would.

Andrews said he "didn't know" whether "Bertrand" and Shaw were the same man. The New York Post quoted him March 2 as saying he "couldn't say for sure."

The same day Acting Attorney General Ramsey Clark said that, on the basis of an investigation in November-December 1963, by the FBI, "no connection" was established between Shaw and the Kennedy assassination. The Clark statement makes it clear that Shaw was the subject of an inquiry; yet Shaw's name is not mentioned once in the 29 volumes of the Warren Commission Report nor in other documents in the National Archives related to the assassination. There is testimony only concerning "Clay Bertrand."

A Justice Department official told reporters that his agency was convinced that "Bertrand" and Shaw were one and the same, and that this was the basis for Clark's statement.

ANOTHER ASPECT of the New Orleans investigation involves Cuban exiles. Several exiles in Miami and one who was a prisoner in a Louisiana state prison apparently have been questioned by Garrison's investigators.

A source in Garrison's office told the New York Post March 3 that investigations had been made at two sites in the New Orleans area which reportedly had been used by the CIA to train Cuban exiles for the Bay of Pigs invasion in 1961.

It was also reported that Oswald had been arrested with three Cubans in the summer of 1963 while distributing "Fair Play for Cuba Committee" literature. He told police and the FBI that he was a member of the New Orleans branch of Fair Play, which had 35 members. No such branch, however, had been chartered by the National Fair Play—and he apparently was the only "member."

STRANGELY ENOUGH, Oswald—or a person looking very much like Oswald—also reportedly met with anti-Castro Cubans in the summer and fall of 1963. This brings into play the "two Oswalds" theory advanced by Harold Weisberg in *Whitewash*. This theory holds that the alleged conspiracy to kill Kennedy used a false Oswald and placed him in compromising situations in order to implicate the real Oswald as the lone assassin.

The allegations listed in Garrison's search warrant were based on statements obtained from a "confidential informant" who was said to have taken part in the secret meetings with Shaw in September, 1963. The reliability of this informant was reportedly checked by using sodium pentothal, a so-called "truth serum." It was expected that the identity of this informant would be revealed

De-humanization . . . in politics and art

The great Mexican muralist Siquieros contrasts the tradition of public art in his country with that of formal art in Europe, citing Picasso as "proof of the de-humanization of art in the present period." He finds commercialism, dilettantism, delinquency in the arts as well as in politics of the bourgeois laboratory. This kind of material appears only in the National Guardian: just \$1 for ten weeks.

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at the March 14 hearing.

In the meantime, Shaw is free on \$10,000 bail. Louisiana law provides a penalty of up to 20 years for conspiracy to murder.

THERE IS MUCH speculation as to what will be the eventual outcome of the Garrison investigation. A special GUARDIAN correspondent writes from New Orleans:

"Both federal officials and local papers, as well as Dallas officials, are trying to discredit Garrison. And to some degree, at least locally, they are successful.

"Garrison is a headstrong and determined individual and the feeling is he will not cave in. However, he might be pressured into taking the case to court prematurely before he has time to develop his evidence and implicate all the suspected parties.

"If the establishment is not successful in intimidating and pressuring Garrison, it is possible they will try to pressure the informants and witnesses.

"The question that remains is, how will Garrison hurdle the jurisdictional and other barriers which prevent him from carrying the investigation to Dallas and even further?"