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learing Raises Question Of TV Witness

By LEE JONES USTIN, Tex., June 25.-(AP) the jury. -The question probably never occurred in the wildest dreams of yer at the trial, failed in an the first Texas court of criminal attempt to get the Texas supreme appeals in 1876.

But for the television-age judges persons off the jury. of the court, and for Jack Ruby, the question demands an answer:

committed on television a witness?

Eleven of the 12 jurors who sentenced Ruby to death for killing Lee Harvey Oswald either were watching television when it of the 12 jurors sale usey saw promotes a matter it on TV, then went through the from serving on the jury. He saw filmed repeats.

Oswald, whom the Warren Commission identified as President Kennedy's assassin, was gunned down in the basement of the Dallas police station Nov. 24, 1963, two days after the assassination.

Dist. Judge Joe E. Brown ruled that persons who saw the shoot-

Melvin Belli, Ruby's chief lawcourt to order Brown to keep such

Television cameras from the major networks were trained on Is a man who sees a crime the handcuffed Oswald, who was being transferred to the county jail, when Ruby stepped out of a crowd of police and newsmen and shot him.

"There was trial by ritual when 11 of the 12 jurors said they saw

ing over television could sit on aside all preconceived notions," of 162 questioned had not seen the liberties attorney, said.

> Clinton led off the defense Friday in the long-awaited hearing before the appeals court on Ruby's conviction.

Dallas Attorney Phil Burleson said Brown committed a fatal error in allowing the eleven persons who saw the crime to sit on the mony inadmissible. jury. He called them "juror witnesses.'

Texas law, Burleson went on, ritual of asserting they could set contended that if one person out

Sam Houston Jr., Austin civil televised killing, 11 more could have been picked from Dallas 70,000 eligible jurors.

> He cited a number of cases to show, as the appeal brief said, that "the fact that the jurors were watching a mechanical device and thereby became witnesses does not render their testi-

A recent U. S. Supreme Court decision, he noted, reversed a Louisiana conviction because four jurors were watching when a television news program showed the defendant confessing.

But Asst. Dist. Atty. James F. Williamson of Dallas had another view of the problem.

He said that the action happened so quickly, with Ruby's back to the camera most of the time, that it was difficult to tell it was Ruby. "Did he (a viewer) see some-

thing, or did he see just confusion in which he could not possibly identify anyone?" he said.