LONDON

# VVCCN ) (5,66)

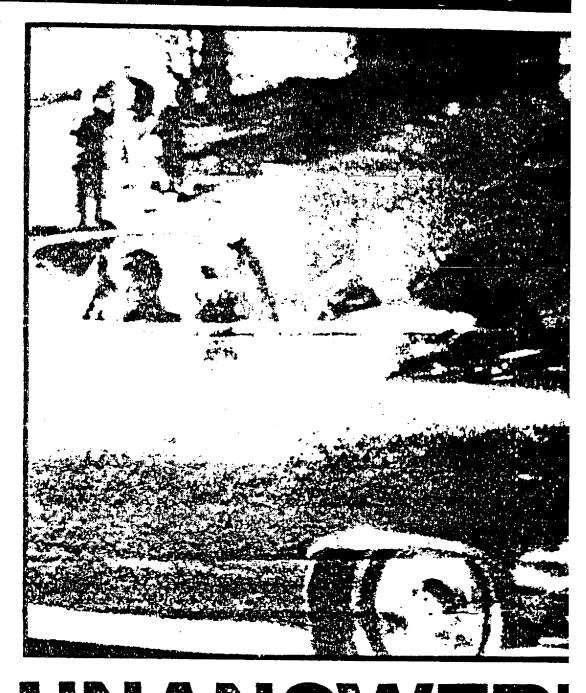
Do you better e that Kennede (right) was shot by Oswald atting alone? If so, how do you plain the jast that the President's head, after being hit jiom behind, jerked back, as can be seen from a bystander's film?

I believe there was only one effeman firing. A second would have increased the chances of detection in advance. And a second rifle wouldn't increase the chances of hitting the President, if the assumption was made that only one shot could be fired before protective measures were taken.

The impact of the bullet was not the only variable governing the direction in which his head moved, it could have moved back wards (a) because the car was accelerating and (b) because of the reaction of the President's central nervous system

Since we there enableds doors have been freed from Oswald's riple in only to account the time postulated by the Warren Commission?

They established that time by examining the film. The third, tatal, shot occurred on the 313th trame. Mice a ecconstruction the Commission assumed that the mittal shot could not have been fired before the 210th trame — a 56 second gap because before that the assassin's view of the car would have been blocked by an oak tree. But the reconstruction was in June 1964 when the tree was in full leaf, the assassination was the previous November when it had no foliage. The suiper could have fired as early as the 186th frame allowing seven seconds for three shots 1/131 agents testing the rifle were able to fire it accurately three times in that period



IT WAS suggested in the BBC recent Panarama programme that Oswald may have been the patsy" in a Majia plot to assassinate Kennedy What do you think of the strength of this theory?

As far as I can see it is not hared on evidence but a cur bono form of induction. The thesis being. Kennedy was after the Mafia, therefore the Alaha Lifled Kennedy. The same sort of cur nono logic could be applied more realistically to Castro, the North

## on A acquarically about his

From A demandably about his owner hip of the ciffe

Even if it accepted that Oxidate was the effection, it need not be accepted of course, that Oswald did the act alone. Any unknown partry could have partd, commaged or manifed him.

A good deal still remains unknown about Oswald's secret lite; but from what is known in 18 lear O could associated with proand anti-Castro Soloms in New Orleans. Cuban officials in Alexico, Sovier intelligence agents A recent Panorama television programme quickened interest in the Kennedy assassination by suggesting that his killer Lee Harvey Oswald, was being used by the Malia or the CIA and by reopening vexed issues such as the possibility that a picture of Oswald with a rifle was a forgery. In the past three weeks The Sunday Times has published extended

extrac EDW/ strong KGB, raised imans of the and t figure.

# review

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# RED QUESTIONS

stracts from an important new book by DWARD JAY EPSTEIN, which indicates roughly that Oswald was an agent of the GB. Today Epstein discusses the issues used by Panorama and looks at other nanswered questions such as the true role of the shadowy George De Mohrenschildt and the series of deaths involving key gures in the affair

on a dangerous CIA mission, he would be amply rewarded on his return in 1962. In fact Oswald received an undesirable discharge from his reserve unit and returned to a life of near-poverty in Texas.

On the other hand, the evidence that Oswald was associated with Soviet intelligence is cogent. He defected to the Soviet Union, with miknown funds, and then othered the Soviets, according to his own admission, classified mili-

associations with Soviet Intelligence. Oswald fabricated a "legend," or false biography, for himself before returning to the US, lied in FB1 interviews, and attempted to conceal his mevements.

• The Warren Commission, the FBI and many other sleuths over the past fifteen years have investigated the Oswald case. How can you hope to come up with any new facts or different answers?

realistically to Castro, the North Vietnamese, or any other enemy of Kennedy's.

The Kennedy assassination didnot occur, however, in a factual vacuum. X-rays of Kennedy's body have now established that the shots came from behind from the direction of the book depository (both critics and supporters of the Warren Commission who have examined the X-rays and autopsy photographs now agree on this conclusion). Moreover, one bullet and fragments match a rifle found in the book depository, belonging to Oswald. Four witnesses saw a rifleman firing from the book depository. And during his interrogation by Dallas police afterwards, in which Oswald discussed the case, he showed consciousness of guilt by

in Mexico and Russia, and scientists, geologists and an educated elife of White Russians in Dallas. No links between Oswald and organised crime have been established. To be sure, it is always possible an assassin is recruited under a "false flag"—that is, he does not know the true allegiance of his recruiter—and that Oswald, thinking he was working for the Cubans, was actually induced to work on the behalf of another interest.

Oswald would be a likely can didate for such a recruitment. He had already written from Russia (in a letter intercepted by the CIA) that he would kill any American that opposed the USSR, and demonstrated to many people in Dallas that he was a revolution ary in search of a cause. His

shooting at General Edwin A Walfer in April 1963 further demonstrated his willingues to murder for political ends. His wire Marina, said, that he regarded Walker as a dangerous fascist.

● You contend that the vB1 and CIA suppressed evidence relating to Oswald that should have gone to the Warren Commission. What was then motive for such actions?

What was being concealed was aspects of the security case against Oswald which existed before the assassination. The FBI did oot even tell President Johnson that it had an open security case against Oswald at the time, and when I fidgar Hoover evaluated the failure of the LBI to keep Ofwald under surveillience in December 1963, he concluded that the FBI was guilty of "gross incompetency" which would torever destroy the ABU is an investigative areas. it it became public. The interest of Hoover was thus to conceal the fact that the FBI had any ceason to suspect Oswald of commage activities before the assassmation.

Hoover knew that Oswald had retused a he detector test, had made contact with a Soviet agent in Washington (Gerasinov) who was under FBI surveillence at the time as a paymaster for Soviet espionage, and had made contact with a Soviet agent in Mexico (Kostikov) who had been observed by FBI agents handling other "idlegal" agents for Soviet intelligence. But none of this information was turned over to the warren Commission. If a had been, it would cause meyitable questions of why the FBI had not kept closer tabs on Oswald.

Moreover, the FBI destroyed all evidence that Oswald was capable of a violent act. He had written a letter to FBI Agent James Hosix threatening to blow up the FBI offices in Dallas After Oswald was killed, Hosty, on orders from his superiors, destroyed the note. Hoover could then results the FBI had no coson to believe Oswald was a person capable of violence. If Hoover knew about the letter—as William Sullivan, head of FBI counterntelligence, insists he did—he perjored—himself—before—the Warren Commission.

The CIA had an obvious interest in concealing the existence of the assassination plots against Castro. If it became public that on the very day Kennedy was assassinated a CIA case officer was handing a weapon to Rolands Cubella, minister without portfolio in Cuba, who had agreed to murder Castro, it would compel the Warren Commission to undertake an investigation of the most closely-guarded secrets of the CIA.

• How relevant is it then that the CIA was actively anguaged in plots to kill Castro to the assassination of President Kennedy?

trought procede the motive fur-

tacts are now established by CTA's Impector General.

In the summer of 1964 the became involved with Cube a plot to assassinate Castro.

Cubella satisfied himself the Kennedy Administration behind the plot through a mg with Desmond Fitzger high ranking. CTA official represented himself as emissary of Robert Kennedy.

triend of REK's...

3. Castro learned of this the autumn of 1963 (prothrough Cubella himself) issued a public warning American leaders would the action of the persisted (Oswal avid follower of Castro, protead the Press reports of warning before his trip (o.f. in September 1963).

was, indeed, an indent

At the very least, then, established that Castro I teal morive for inspirin attempted assassination. American leader Wheth-did or not is another que

But the Cubans certain! the opportunity to inspire ( to undertake a violent actravelled to Mexico on Sept 28, according to his wife f purpose of proving his loythe Cubans and being ac as a friend of the revolution Oswald appea have had at least three me with Cuhan officials. Whe pened at these meetings clear, but according to 1 reports toward appears to got into an argument wi Cubans about whether h performed sufficient servi die Cuban revolution accepted in Cuba.

Although this is purely larive, it does not seem



 Edward Jav Epstein, 42, PhD in government from University. His first book, originally his undergraduate raised early questions ab-Warren Commission's method findings and became a be-His book on Oswald and b in which he reveals the pr that members of US into agencies are working for t sians, involved two years of employing four full-time a part-time staff. Legend: the World of Lee Harvey Osw be published in Britain by son on April 24 at £5.50,



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summer of 1963 the CIA involved with Cubella in assassinate Castro.

tla satisfied himself that nedy Administration was the plot through a meet-1 Desmond Fitzgerald, a king CIA official who need himself as an 1 of Robert Kennedy (and ideed, an indentifiable of RFK's).

o learned of this plot in umn of 1963 (probably Cubella himself), and a public warning that an leaders would not be plots against Cuban persisted. (Oswald, andower of Castro, possibly e Press reports of this before his trip to Mexico miber 1963.)

e very least, then, It is sed that Castro had a otive for inspiring the d assassination of an in leader Whether he sot is another question, ne Cubans certainly had

ertunity to inspire Oswald rtake a violent act. He to Mexico on September eding to his wife for the of proving his lovalty to ans - and being accented friend of the Cuban on. Oswald appears to d at least three meetings ban officials. What hapa these meetings is unat according to various Oswald appears to have an argument with the about whether he had ed sufficient service for ban revolution to be Lin Cuba.

igh this is purely specut does not seem incon-



d Jay Epstein, 42, holds a government from Harvard c. His first book, Inquest, his undergraduate thesis, arly questions about the Commission's methods and and became a best-seller, on Oswald and Kennedy, he reveals the possibility nhers of US intelligence are working for the Rusolved two years of research g four full-time and four staff. Legend: the Secret Lee Harvey Oswald will hed in Britain by Hutchinaril 24 at 15.70.

ceivable to me that in the heat of these discussions some Cubian officials mentioned either the assassmation plots against Castro or Castro's warning to American leaders. It may then have been that Oswald took this as marching orders to attempt such an assassination and that he chose his own target, Kennedy, to win the approval of the Cubans.

Your book makes the case that Oswald was a low level agent of Soviet intelligence who ran amok. Is it not equally possible that Oswald was a low-level CIA agent sent to Russia as a phoney defector.

I considered this possibility when I began my research. If Öswald had been a CIA agent dispatched on such a sensitive mission I assumed as a working hypothesis that he would have to have been recruited and trained by the CIA sometime between 1957, when he joined the Marmes as a 17-year-old high school drop out, and September 1959 when he defected to Russia. As a practical matter this would require some interlude in his Marine service when he was detached from duty and trained. Since the Warren Commission interviewed only one Marine who knew Oswald during his tour of Japan and the Pacific, and lett a number of intriguing blanks in his service record, it seemed at least conceivable that he had been separated from his regular duty

However, when I located some sixty other Marines who served with Oswald at various points in his career, these gaps were gradually tilled in. Marines were found who served with Oswald in his basic training unit, his training courses, during transit to and from Japan, during the manneuvres in the Pacific and in hospital. Even the doctors who treated him for a gunshor wound and VD were interviewed At every point, Marine, were found who shared quarters with Oswald, drank with him, played cards with him, and served long hours on radar dury with him. Some considered them. selves close friends, and produced snapshots and records drowing Oswald was indeed on duty with

What emerges is a fairly complete and believable account of Oswald's time in the Marines. There seems to be no period during this time when he could conceivably be detached and trained by the CIA, and certainly more of the men who hved with him had any chie that suggested he had any special sort of duty. (And his recalcitrant behaviour hardly suggests him as a candidate tor any such assignment.)

Furthermore, Oswald activities in the Sovier Union do not seem consistent with a CIA mission. It seems at least implausible that the CIA would allow him to marry a Soviet citizen, and thus complicate his repatriation. Finally a would seem reasonable to export

Soviets, he handed his passport to the US Embassy in Moscow, and announced his intention of providing the Soviets with US military secrets. In effect, he put himself completely in Soviet hands for a two and a half year period. In return, the MVD, a Ministry associated with Soviet intelligence, provided Oswald with a subsidy to live on, a plush apartment, job and other amenities.

After Oswald returned to the US, he refused a FBI request to submit to a lie detector test, kept constantly in contact with Soviet Embassy officials, and contacted a known KGB officer, Kostikov, in Mexico City.

Finally, some effort seemed to have been made to cover Oswald's

that there was something new to be found out about bullets, wounds, or the grassy knoll. Instead I asked: Why did Lee Harvey Oswald defect to the Soviet Union in 1959? It seemed incredible to me that a 20-year-old Marine would suddenly decide to leave his family and friends and go to live in a strange country. I became interested in the question of motive.

I wanted to know what happened to Oswald in the Marine Corps. The Warren Commission had questioned only one Marine who served with Oswald at the Atsugi air base in Japan. With the help of four researchers, I

Continued on next page



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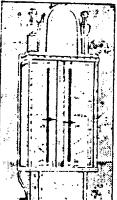
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### OSWALD



### Continued from preceding page

found 104 Marines who had known Oswald or had worked with him in Japan. It then became possible to reconstruct Oswald's activities in the Marine Corps before he defected.

• What did you learn from the Marines?

Oswald was a radar operator who, along with the other men in his unit, frequently saw the U-2 taking off and landing and heard its high altitude requests for weather information on the radio.

How was this important?

I didn't know at the time But I questioned the designer of the U-2 at Lockheed, Clarence Johnson, and Richard Bissell, former special assistant to the director of the CIA, who was in charge of the U-2 programme in 1958. I found out that acquiring detailed information about the altitude and flight patterns of this novel apy plane was the No I priority of Soviet intelligence. I also questioned Gary Powers, the U-2 pilot shot down over Russia in 1960.

• Powers died in 1977, when his helicopter ran out of fuel over Los Angeles Didn't two other witnesses you interviewed die violent deaths?

Yes, William C. Sullivan, former head of counter-intelligence for the FBI, who was killed in a hunting accident in 1977, and George De Mohrenschild: who shot himself after the second day of our prearranged four-day interview Ir is tempting to see a connection between these deaths, but I don't. After all, I interviewed over 200 witnesses.

• De Mohrenschildt became a good friend of Oswald's after Oswald returned from Russia in 1962. What did he tell your

He arranged a good part of Oswald's life in Dallas, but said he never would have done so had he not been encouraged by a CIA efficer, J. Walter Moore; the head of the Domestia Contact Service in Dallas, a unit which interviewed individuals who had returned from Eastern Europe and the Soviet Union.

De Mohrenschildt said he had discussed Oswald with Moore and Moore had told him that Oswald was "harmless." But De Mohrenschildt strongly suggested that Moore was interested in what Oswald had to say. De Mohrenschildt didn't detail any specific arrangement he had with Moore.

However, it seemed plausible enough that the CIA would want to debrief Oswald. He was one of the few Americans to spend two years in Minsk and he could have contributed invaluable information to the hographic file, on

Soviet leaders maintained by the CIA. More important, he had crucial information on the procedures which the Soviets applied to defectors (which could prove very useful if Western intelligence ever wanted to send a phoney defector to the USSR).

It also seems plausible that the CIA would attempt to debrief Oswald through a procedure which he was not aware of since he was regarded as houtheaftened he refused the he detector test. The normal procedure for such a debriefing is to place someone in Oswald's path, who would befriend him. De Mohrenschildt would be well-qualified for such a job.

De Mohrenschildt may, however, have been lying to me and casting suspicion on the CIA to hide a more smister relation he had with a foreign intelligence agency. I found De Mohrenschildt a highly competent person, brilliantly in command of what he disclosed, and perfectly capable of devising a cover story or red herring.

The CIA dented in the Warren Report and in every proceeding that it had ever had any interest in Oswald. What did Moore or other members of the CIA make of De Mohrenschildt's allegation?

Moore refused to speak to me for the reason that he was still a CIA officer and CIA officers were not allowed to be interviewed. The CIA public-relations man refused comment on the allegation. Finally, I asked Melvin Laird, now a Washington editor for the Reader's Digest, if he would try to contact Admiral Turher of the CIA and ask him about the charge. Turner apparently consulted with his PR people and then coined a new verb by replying: "We're no-commenting It."

• It's odd that other CIA and FP.1 officers were willing to give you almost all the facts about there is. How did you get them to talk?

The CIA men were former officers, retired or fired. I would usually begin by writing them a letter stating either that someone else had discussed the case they were involved in, and that I needed clarification from them, or that I had received some documents under the Freedom of Information Act which mentioned them or their case. Usually I found this piqued their curiosity. If they would agree to see me, I would usually do most of the talking, telling them what other people told me or what I had found out in documents.

But why did they talk?

One device that almost always worked was showing them Freedom of Information documents mentioning their name or operational details of a case. Predictably, their first reaction was fury that the CIA would ever release this information. Their record reaction was to be

offended that someone in the present CIA had it in for them. They were soon eager to correct the record or till out the context of a case. Their reasoning was that at the more reasoning to the record of till out the context of a case. Their reasoning was that at the more reasoning to the reason of the reason

• 1. this how you got the CIA officer who handled Nosenko to speak about his case?

yes He Know living in remaining the transport of the Know living in remaining the transport of the phoned him and wrote to him he refused to see me. Finally, after I had written a draft of my book, I tried again. This time I wrote stating the facts I was about to divulge, facts which included his name and his involvement in the case. He then according to the triangle of the state of the triangle of triangle of the triangle of triangle of the triangle of triangle of

Case. He then arread to see me.

We met at the Waterloo battletield in Belgium, and I showed
him about a hundred pages of
documents that involved him. I
had acquired these documents
under Freedom of Information.
He then told me that I was
"deeply wrong" because I was
missing a crucial element of the
Nosenko case, but he was not sure
that he was willing to provide it.

A few weeks went by and he agreed to meet me again, this time at Saint-Tropez in France. We then spent three weeks together, going mainly to the Club 55, a heach club, where he gave me what he considered to be the crucial context on the case, which was what Nosenko had done in 1962.

• And what was that?

Nosenko had been sent by the Soviets to the CIA to paint false tracks away from the trail of a Soviet mole in the CIA. A mole is someone working for one intelligence agency while being under the control of another, eg Pinlby.

Did you ever get to see Nosenko And Hea how?

Yes. The CIA put me onto him.

How do you explain that?

I presume that it found out I was writing a hook on Lee Harvey Oswald and its wanted me to pur Nosenko's message in it. Nosenko's message was that Oswald was a complete loner in the Soviet Union and never had any connection or debriefing by the KGB. I spent about four hours interviewing Nosenko

• Your book strongly suggests that Nosenko is a fake. Do rou believe the CIA was trying to mislead you by sending you to him?

Yes. It sent me Nosenko as a legitimate witness to Oswald's activities in the Soviet Union without telling me that Nosenko had been suspected of being a Soviet disinformation agent.

• When did you first become suspicious of Nosenko?

A tew weeks after I interviewed Nosenko, I had lunch in Washington with the Soviet Press officer, Igor Agou. I had set up the meeting in the hope of per-

suading the Soviets to to go to Russia to in Soviet citizens who lead there. Agon, made it clear that it would not be reception idea. Mr Agon the very quiet voice: shouldn't be saying the you might be interest in their interest in their there is a America who could he a former KGB officers a Nosenko, who had he Oswald case and who much about Oswald as the Soviet Union."

• You mean that t Embassy officer was a commending that Nosenko?

Yes. I was a bit dun Here was an official Soviet Embassy reco that I see someone w traitor. And I could that Mr Agou was just be helpful to me.

Your book makes references to James the former head of couligence for the CIA. M agree to see you?

Because I had alrei viewed Nosenko. April that since Nosenlo was





An "expert" claimed on the BBC's Panorama programme that the photograph showing Oswald holding his rifle is a take. What is your evaluation of this?

The following evidence has to be considered. First. Marina Oswald admitted taking the photograph, even though it was an incriminating admission, and admitted destroying another copy inscribed by Oswald to his daughter June.

Secondly, Marguerite Oswald. Oswald's mother, admitted seeing the inscribed photograph before Oswald was killed, and further admitted that she assisted Marina in destroying this incriminating evidence. Since it seemed against her interest to make such an admission, serious weight has to be given to it.

Thirdly, photographic experts have undisputedly determined that the photograph was taken by Oswald's camera.

Finally, George De Mohrenschildt produced in 1977 another copy of the photograph which was inscribed to him in Oswald's handwriting and dated April 5. 1963. Further, it had a note on it written by Marina in Russian.

In order to believe the photograph is faked, one has to believe (1) Marina perjured thersett-(2) Marguerite Oswald perjured herself (3) Both Oswald and Marina's handwriting was forged on the De Mohrenschildt copyand all for no apparent reason, since there was sufficient evidence linking Oswald to the rifle.

My conclusion is that Marina took the photograph in 1963.

the Soviets to allow me o Russia to interview the citizens who had known there. Agou, however, it clear that the Soviets unt be receptive to such Mr Agou then said in a juler voice: "Perhaps 1 i't be saying this . . . but ght be interested in knowet there is someone in a arbo could help vou . . . er KGB officer named Yuri o, who had handled the case and who knows as bout Oswald as anyone in

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ict Union.

I was a bit dumbfounded. vas an official from the Embassy recommending see someone who was a

And I couldn't believe r Agou was just trying to ful to me.

ir book makes frequent ces to James Angleton, mer head of counter-intelfor the CIA. Why did he · see you?

ise I had already inter-Nosenko. Angleton knew ice-Nosenke-was working

for the CIA, he wouldn't have seen me unless the CIA had sent him Angleton, who had been fired from the CIA by William Colby, wanted to know why, after keeping Nosenko in isolation for thirteen wears; the CIA would suddenly send him to see a join nalist doing a story about Oswald.

● What did Angleton tell you?

For the first three meetings in Washington, he refused to discuss anything about Nosenko, Oswald, the CIA, or anything else bearing on what I was writing. He was far more interested in finding out what I knew than in telling me anything, and so I decided to look up the members of his staff.

 How do you know that these former CIA officers weren't misinforming you?

Of course, I have to assume that they had axes to grind. A number of CIA officers whose careers rested on the Nosenko case wanted to see it resolved in one way or another, I also realised that I could never be sure that crucial facts were not withheld.

 What did you consider the greatest failure in your investivarion 2

the tailure to run down a lead

Pavel Voloshin. Voloshin's name turns up both in Oswald's address book and on a letter (from the Patrice Lumumba University in Moscow) found among Oswald's effects. I got a CIA "trace" on Voloshin, and he turned out to be a KGB officer who had been in the Far East at the same time Oswald was there with the Marines, and who had visited California in 1959 when Oswald was preparing to defect. He had been in Museuw when Oswald was there, and finally had been in Amsterdam when Oswald passed through on his way back to the United States in 1962. One former CIA counter intelligence officer suggested to me that Voloshin might have been the person who recruited Oswald or arranged for his defection.

 What was Voloshin doing in California ?

He was supposedly working as a Press officer for a Russian dance troupe passing through California, I asked Oswald's fellow Marines who served with hon in California whether Oswald had ever talked about this dame troupe. Nane of them remem bered, one of his friends, Nelson Delgado, remembered however, that Uspaid had talked to a man on a ranneout for an hour and a half one night when he was on guard duty. Another Marine also remembered this incident. They were impressed by the man's cameoat hecause it was almut 90 degrees that night,

I wanted to show these Marines. a photograph of Voloshin to see if he could conceivably be the man they had seen. I knew that the FBI had Voloshin under surveillance, and that the CIA had a photograph of him in it. file, but they refused to turn it over to me

 You mention the CIA's mileading you over Nosenko's bour fides; did then try to mislead will anywhere clse?

When we were checking the book, my researcher was told by the CIA that the CIA head quarters was only six storeys high -a small detail. Later I found out that Richard Helms's office was on the seventh floor and that it was common knowledge that the office was on the seventh floor. I still wonder why the CIA was giving me inaccurate information Possibly it was to make it appear that my own research was slipshod

● What about the FB1?

It provided me with very little information, but what they did give me was generally straight forward, and I think they tried to be as helpful as they could.

 Were there any witnesses that you were unable to find?

Yes. I had hoped to interview James Allen Mintkenbaugh, an American who admitted spying for the Soviets and who was subsequently rised and impressingd He went to Moncow in the same

month that Oswald did and the Soviets tried to arrange to have him marry a Soviet agent, whom he would bring back to the United States. I was curious to know what he thought of Oswald, and if he ever met him or Marina in the Soviet Union.

• Do vou think the mole that Sione Lode name of a dafector1 pointed to is still tunnelling his man up through American intelli-

He hasn't been caught yet, and it is entirely conceivable that one was planted. We know that the Soviets placed so many moles in West German intelligence that they effectively took it over, but more important, the CIA is particularly vulnerable to penetration since so many of its agents recruited after World War II are ordividuals of East European origin. As Augileton pointed out to me, the odds are always in tayour of recruiting one mole.

• Is the hunt that Augleton started for the male still on?

the former CIA officers who were involved in the hunt tell me that the "new" CIA has now made a policy decision to believe moles do not exist. All speculatuut on tire 11 + by been otherstip-deep

• Was James Angleion fired because he was onto the mole Sione had talked about?

Not directly, According to his former aides, Angleton and his counter intelligence staff were too strongly challenging Colby's conners in Russia, Accordingly, Coffry got rid of Angleton and his key staffers, one of whom, Newton Miler, told me that Colly wanted to close down or drastically revise the role of counter-intelligence in the CIA.

■ Might there be a mole in the 1 131 2

Ves. Indeed, Sullivan was convinced that the Soviets had penetrated at least the FBI's New York office. And the former deputy chief of the CIA's Soviet Russia Division told me that there was absolutely no way the Soviets could run the Fedora operation without the aid of a mole in the New York office.

 Does James Angleson really know who the mole in the CIA is?

Angleton refuses to say, but one of his ex-staff members told me with a wry smile: "You might find out who Colby was seeing in Rome in the early 1950s." When I pressed him about Rome, he changed the subject to Vietnam and told a long story about Colby's having dined with a Frenchman who turned out to be a Soviet agent. Colby should have reported the contact but didn't, and when Angleton raised the issue, Culliv became enraged. I asked Angleton about this confrontation, and he mentioned some CIA inspector general's report. He then switched to one of his favourite subjects the cymbidium orchid

