Chaney

JFK assassination records: searches; motorcade; Dallas Police Officers James He Chaney and D.L. Jackson

Ten menths ago, based on records I had to then been able to locate, I filed an appeal relating to the information possessed by Officer Chancy. Because of the relatance in C.4. 7050322 I referred to it in the caption, which also referred to withholding by dirty tricks. Thereafter, as I found other records, I filed several more appeals. These include the withholding of SA mesos where there is no real privacy question.

Fince then i have located other, scattered but related records. Because of the Fig.'s sammer of referring to earlier records the withheld names because absolutely essential for another reason, which is that without these there can be no certainty that the referred-to record can be identified, or distinguished from other records.

These more recently located records refer to information the existence of which is established but in not provided or included in the records theseelves. At the same time the records I have located do not state that the FMI obtained the obviously significant information or that it refused to obtain this information.

If taken at face value those records make it clear that the Fol failed to investigate the assessmentian itself at the time of the crime, refused to conduct a real investigation when inquiry into what was ignored was forced in 1975, and that since then the FEI has permisted in its refusal to investigate basic facts of the trime itself.

If for Fula purposes not having a copy of an existing records is an absolute defense against an allegation of withholding, in this case not having the relevant information seems that the Fill did not do its job and I therefore do not wake that assumption. Not raking that assumption I appeal withholding of the information referred to, particularly the contemporations notes of his purposal observations relating to the crime by Officer Jackson, who was encorting President Kennedy and was close to him at the time of the crime.

Interviews of pulicemen not interviewed at the time of the crime were directed by EQ. Copies of teletypes and FDJC2s (the latter as much as a month later) are provided. Copies of the notes of the interviewing EX SAS, whose mass are withheld (appealed) are not provided. They should exist in the Dallas files, which are at issue in C.A. 75-0522.

Sunce their Branson

"hilo it is a reasonable presumption that an interviewed makes notes during and perhaps following the interview, a presumption extrengthened when the interview is errored by FEIEQ, in these cases the nature of the information provided and the length of the documents appear to leave no doubt that there have to be notes of the interviews. Or tape recordings.

Ten months ago, because of the importance I sturibute to the matter, I provided you with details relating to what Officer Charcy know and had said. After finding these other records I is formed you that I have his own recorded voice representing his personal so-count of your of his observations. I now find that some of the Fal's representations are not in accord with the personal observations recorded contemporaneously by Office Chancy.

There is internal inconsistency in the FAL's representations, as in quoting Officer Chancy as looking to his left when he heard the first sound, thinking it was a backline of a seconcycle to his left, while at the same time also representing that he stated that he was certain all the sounds case from behind him.

As I informed you carlier FMI reporting that it had never interviewed Officer Chancy was not truthful, that in fact it had interviewed him, but not about the crime to which he was a close and professional witness. When the FMI was forced to interview Chancy about the crime in 1975 he informed it about Officer Jackson and his notes. Officer Jackson's notes are not provided. Thereafter, from street agents in Dallas through the FDING hier-archy there was no question asked (from the records provided) about either these motes or the large number of policesses at the scene of the crime will Director Relley added a note saiding about the number of policesses not interviewed.

The memo to which Director Kalley added his question recommends that there be no further inquiry because, allegedly, none had cast any doubt on the conclusions of the Marron Commission - for all the world as though the F.I itself had not reached any conclusions, as indeed it had in the report ordered by the President prior to creation of the Commission. This solf-serving seed is not factual with regard to the information provided by Chancy and Jackson, both of when provided information not in accord with what the Commission's Report states. Not this is what reached the Director in 1975.

If the rearranges the form in which the information asked for by the Director is reported (Serial 7746) the facts represented are that counting the sotorcycle on both sides of the Presidential limousine and those issociately before and immediately after it there were 18. Of these 18 not one had been interviewed by the FHI about the crime. Then in 1975 two were and the FHI out it off there.

To se this is incredible, which is why I becam by saying I am not willing to believe that the FM doesn't know the FM's business or refused to investigate the basic facts of such a crime. It also is not easy for me to believe that FMH would not or did not understand this and would not or did not direct that in some form or at some time a proper inquiry be made. I therefore believe that there should be and that concedent there are additional records.

Vith this kind of mitration the withholding of the name of the reporting SA, appealed 10 menths sip, when I said I believe the agent sus Charles T brown, surves an interest other than in protecting his non-existing privacy, his name having been disclosed early, in the records made swallable through the Commission. An obvious purpose is obfuscation. Another may be to cover up or inche searching. In any even, subsequently the processors alipped up. They failed to withhold his name in a second copy of the case record. One is 82-43-3614, the other is 62-100060-7257.

(I also suggest that this is one of the real reasons for use of the "proviously processed" device, as a sense of continuing to cover improper and unjustifiable withholdings.)

Checking through the various files in each of which inclusion of these records is appropriate is a time-consuming task, temporarily I do not have the copies I have made in my imposite of passession and therefore do not cite than by number. However, copies are attached. They are from three different files, not counting missing attachesots.

What is said to be attached to the Cooks to Callagher same of 9/12/75, Serial 7251 or 7256, is not attached. Searching for and trying to identify them also is time consuming. If as I believe I do I resember one correctly it states the official preconception, that all questions about the orine must be siped out and the nation must be led to believe there was

a lone-must excessin. It is by the them Dejuty Attorney General, he also believed the FEU's work was too "put" and thus subject to questioning.

This, of course, say explain why the attachments are not attached in the copies provided to see. Estations that may have been added also are thus withheld.

The recerds appear to be 62-109060, Section 18, Serials 1399, which consists of the two documents attached.

With the history of my requests and litigation in sind I draw your attention to the policy stated by the Deputy, that there should be a "statement that all the facts will be made public property."