4 Critics and 2 Defenders Debate Warren Report

By PETER KIHSS

Frour authors aired their criticlisms of the Warren Commission's conclusion that Lee Har
The Warren Commission's conclusion that Lee Har
The Said he expected to support the commission's finding that vey Oswald alone killed Presi-Oswald was the lone assassin.

night on WNEW-TV. some defense of the Warren

In the recorded telecast, Mark these points: Lane, whose "Rush to Judgment" this week became the ment" this week became the An Italian Mannlicher-Car-gation's top nonfiction best-cano carbine identified as Os-seller with 110,000 copies sold, wald's had been delivered to a contended that "shots were fired Dallas post office box. Mr. Metage points." Mr. Lane, a New York lawyer, said that the view York lawyer, said that the view that Oswald was the lone assistin "cannot be reached upon assassination, Oswald's wife had assassination, Oswald's wife that the content of the said she "could not identify that what the commission discov-alleged assassination rifle" as

Harold Weisberg, the author of "Whitewash," argued that it in February, 1964, after "she

ition with the cases of Oswald or his accused killer, Jack Ruby. A rebuttal was offered by Jacob Cohen, who is working on a book defending the Warren thesis against Oswald and who wrote an article that was published in The Nation.

Discussing a bullet supposed to have hit both President Kennedy and Governor John B. Connally Jr. of Texas, he said:

"The explanation that I've been given by several doctors, including Dr. Milton Helpern, the chief medical examiner of New York City, is that Kennedy was hit when he was waving, and his muscles were gathered in the back of his neck. Later, in the morgue, he was relaxed and that this would tend to close off the channel of exit. Jim Bishop, a syndicated col-

deat John F. Kennedy in a Mr. Bishop, who led the dis-special three-hour telecast last hight on WNEW-TV. Mr. Bishop, who led the dis-cussion, said each participant had "read and digested the 10.4 Two other writers offered Commission report."

The discussion, which was a corded last Aug. 30, took up

OSWALD'S RIFLE CAPS

of "Whitewash," argued that there had to be at least two assassins. Leo Sauvage, a Frenchman, who wrote "The Oswald Affair," contended that there was "no case against Oswald," and suggested a contolracy to impersonate Oswald," and suggested a contolracy to impersonate Oswald, "Something 'Sinister'

Something 'Sinister'

Penn Jones, the editor of the weekly Midlothian (Tex.) Mirror and the author of "Forgive My Grief," saw something "sinister" in the deaths of 14 persons who had had some association with the cases of Oswald or his accused killer, Jack Ruby Missage and before the commission was clearly marked "MADE ITALY, CAL. 6.5."

However, she did so identify in February, 1964, after "she had been in police custody," assaid. He said that when a weapon was first found on the sixth Depository in Dallas, it was identified as a German Mauser mour Weitzman, who filed an affidavit the next day; by Capt. Will Fritz of the Dallas police, who ejected a live round from the rifle after inspecting gene Boone. Mr. Lane said the rifle shown him when he appeared before the commission was clearly marked "MADE ITALY, CAL. 6.5."

Mr. Lane said.

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A solution of the Texas School Book Depository in Dallas, it was didning the sixth had been in police custody."

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Chief Justice Earl Warren

on Television

13, 1966.

otomy."
Mr. Cohen said the autopsy surgeons later that day found a the throat.'

conflicting Federal Bureau of Investigation report, Mr. Co-hen asserted, was based on the first incomplete findings during

the autopsy.

Mr. Weisberg said that "the doctors testified that these bruises could have been caused

But Mr. Lane argued that the bullet, Exhibit 399, found on a stretcher in the hospital was practically "pure, pristine." He said these included 17 Dallas deputy sheriffs, a Dallas police officer, eight railroad employes and some Depository executives. He offered film interviews with three witnesses who said they had glimpsed a puff of smoke or a flash of light in that area. One of the firee had never been called or interviewed by the commission.

WOUNDS

Mr. Lane argued that the bullet, Exhibit and a test bullet from the weapon, fired through a goat carcass, shattered the goat's end became "very deformed." as did a bullet test-fired at the wrist of a body to wist wound.

Mr. Weisberg said the bullet that wounded Governor Connally lost three grains of metal in his wrist. This, he said, the said that every doctor at Parkland Hospital in Dallas who made a statement on Nov. 22 said the wound in the President's throat appeared to be an entrance wound.

Mr. Sauvage questioned the But Mr. Lane argued that the

Mr. Cohen argued that what Mr. Sauvage questioned the probability had seen was a "neat identification of Oswald at a gund which they then quickly half-closed sixth fleen window

widened to perform the trache-

back wound and several clues as to the bullet's path—"a bruise to the top of the lung, a pattern of contusion which was five centimeters in width." After conferring with the Dallas doctors, he said, they "concluded that this bullet had exited from

by the tracheotomy."
Mr. Bishop said "the ballistics tests go right back to the same rifle."

by Howard L. Brennan, a spec-on a rifle range "to be well tator who was sitting on a con-noticed."

He also questioned whether Oswald could have left that corner, hidden the rifle and run down to the second floor lunchroom in time to be seen there holding a soda bottle, by a mo-torcycle patrolman, Marrion L.

holding a soda bottle, by a motorroycle patrolman, Marrion L. Baker.

On one pair of commission tests, Mr. Sauvage said, it took Patrolman Baker only 1 minute 15 seconds to reach the lunchroom, while a Secret Service man imitating the alleged Oswald movement took 1 minute 18 seconds—giving "Oswald a clear alibi of 3 seconds."

But he noted that in another pair of tests, Patrolman Baker took 1 minute 30 seconds to 1 minute 14 seconds for the simulated Oswald, giving "Oswald a possibility of having been there by 16 seconds."

TIPPIT MURDER

Mr. Weisberg contended that "if the commission had used the only written evidence"—a taxicab trip card showing that Oswald got out at the 500-block of North Beckley Avenue—Oswald "couldn't possibly" have reached the site of the slaying of Patrolman J. D. Tippit in time to commit the murder.

Instead, Mr. Weisberg said, the commission used the oral testimony of the taxi driver, William Whaley, that Oswald had emerged in the 700-block, "a two-block difference."

Mr. Lane said that "the shells found at the scene and later delivered through various sources into the hands of the Dallas police were related" to a revolver taken from Oswald on his arrest, but "the bullets themselves were not related."

Mr. Bishop asserted that two women who had run out of an would not other than a rehash, of what has been done."

Disclosure of Truth Doubted of the sassassination would not other today. The render critique of the Warren cannatury into the Kennedy assassination that Americans Report, but it deleted the prepared conclusion that Americans were afraid of what a thorough inquiry into the Kennedy assassination bread conclusion that Americans were afraid of what a thorough inquiry into the Kennedy assassination bread conclusion that Americans were afraid of what a thorough inquiry into the Kennedy assassination bread conclusion that Americans were afraid of what a thorough inquiry into the Kennedy assassination were afraid of what a thorough inquiry into the Kennedy assassination of the Govern

tator who was sitting on a concrete wall 120 feet away.

Mr. Sauvage said the sun at the hour of the assassination

MNEW-TV called the program "A Minority Report", and said members of the Warren Commission and its staff had made the upper part of the winindicated they might participate
dow "a plain mirror you cannot
see through" and that Oswaid
the report. They had refused to
had to be "at least one foot
away from the window."

France Broadcasts Criticism

Special to The New York Times

PARIS, Nov. 12-The French radio broadcast today an ex

a revolver taken from Oswald on his arrest, but "the bullets themselves were not related."

Mr. Bishop asserted that two women who had run out of an apartment across the street in time to glimpse a fleeing man with a revolver had identified Oswald in a lineup later that day, as did a woman who had been at the intersection and said she saw the shooting.

FALSE OSWALD

Mr. Sauvage accused the commission of "systematically ignoring" a "strong possibility that someone was there to prepare a lead going to Oswald making Oswald the patsy or scapegoat."

He cited the following incidents:

A gunsmith found a repair ticket that indicated someone had given the name of Oswald when submitting a rifle for repairs on the telescopic sight.

As actually delivered, the final sentence was replaced by one reading: "Fear again, fear such as four years ago struck the Aman giving that names road-tested a car for sale.

Mr. Mehl commented that the truth about the assassination would probably never be known unless some unknown person tunes some unknown person were to come forward with a confession. "Do the American people want this?" Mr. Mehl asked He presented the words of an town University in Washington:

"Twould not want to see it as a political plot. That would really give me fear."

"There," said Mr. Mehl in its prepared text, "the big word is out. Fear. Fear of uncovering a whole world seathing with intrigues and lies, that world which the 'honorable members of the Warren Commission wanted to ignore to safeguard the national interest, perhaps to the detriment of the truth."

As actually delivered, the final sentence was replaced by one reading: "Fear again, fear such as four years ago struck the American people with the assassination of President