

Connally Rebuts Manchester, Plans Own Version

Special to The New York Times

AUSTIN, Tex., Jan. 10—Gov. John B. Connally Jr. said today that President Kennedy visited Texas in 1963 only to restore his waning popularity.

He called it "common knowledge" that the trip during which the President was slain was of his "own making" and that it was "planned in the wake of polls reflecting declining popularity."

The Governor, speaking at a news conference, also said that he and his wife "would assemble and present the facts and details as we know them relating to President Kennedy's visit."

In the first installment of "The Death of a President," which appeared today in Look magazine, William Manchester says that Mr. Kennedy visited Texas to...

...in particular... a political vendetta against Senator Ralph W. Yarborough, a lib-

A Tense, Clear Voice

Mr. Connally read his remarks in a tense, clear voice. He opened the news conference by announcing that he would read the statement and have nothing further to say. His statement was as follows:

For more than three years, Mr. Connally and I have sought to close the door on the memories of Nov. 22, 1963. We resisted repeated efforts to enlist our assistance in the telling of more details of the trip and the tragedy. The intensity of our personal feelings and sense of helplessness as participants left deep emotional scars which we felt were best borne in silence.

Regretfully, we have concluded that we no longer have that choice in view of recent developments.

The first published installment of the book "The Death of a President," represented as an authorized and authentic history, turns out to be an astonishing propaganda instrument cleverly woven to reflect favorably on those who gave birth, while rudely discrediting others involved.

It is filled with editorial comment based on unfounded rumor, distortion and incongruity. This transparent attempt to dictate history through a captive voice is shocking.

Discounted as Fact

The privately commissioned

him in which he reviewed the films of the assassination taken by Abraham Zapruder, an amateur photographer in Dallas. Mr. Connally told Life he thought that he and President Kennedy had been hit by separate shots. The Warren Commission, which investigated the assassination, said that one of the bullets that struck the President also struck Mr. Connally.

Although the Governor said the day after Life appeared that a new investigation was "neither warranted, justified or desirable," the interview prompted Life to call for a reopening of the Warren Commission's investigation.

Tower Tells of Threats

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10 (AP)—Senator John C. Tower

disclosed today that a dummy bomb had been sent to his office by mail after the Kennedy assassination by someone evidently believing political conservatives were responsible for the slaying.

The Texas Republican made the disclosure in denouncing Mr. Manchester's portrayal of Dallas as a city permeated with hate. The police had asked him at the time not to discuss the "bomb" incident, he said.

Mr. Tower said that after the assassination he had received so many threatening telephone calls and letters that he moved his family away from their home in nearby Bethesda, Md., for a few days to a secret address.

Mr. Tower asked in his statement that the public read the

ference between fact and opinion in mind.

"There was an atmosphere of hate, all right," he said. "It came immediately and was violently vociferous and strident. It came from the knee-jerk ultra-liberals of Mr. Manchester's stripe. And, it was violently directed—before the facts were in—at myself, my family, political conservatives in general and Texans in particular."

Attack on Johnson Seen

SAN JUAN, P. R., Jan. 10 (UPI)—Gov. John J. McKeithen of Louisiana, here for the christening of a New Orleans-built tugboat, told the San Juan Star in an interview today:

"Kennedy is trying to destroy Johnson, and that's what Manchester's book is about."

Author has contrived a presentation which undoubtedly will achieve widespread readership. I cannot, however, qualify as a neutral history. It actually is a distillation of recollections and observations collected and reflected through the prisms of prejudice.

For example, it has been reported that President Kennedy was unwillingly brought to Texas to settle a local political argument. To the extent that there was any significant argument prior to the trip, it was between then President Johnson and Senator Yarborough, both of whom were readily available in Washington.

The fact is it is common knowledge that this was part of a series of political trips of President Kennedy's own making planned in the wake of polls reflecting declining popularity. I purposely have refrained from publishing any personal account of the details of the trip. However, in the interest of unmanaged history, I have reluctantly concluded that we have no choice but to assemble and present the facts and details as we know them relating to President Kennedy's visit. The facts and details will be recorded in the hope that historians might find them useful in reaching objective judgments."

Life Interview Recalled

Such an account would not be the first time the Governor had spoken about the assassination for publication however.

In November, Life magazine carried a lengthy interview with