

State Justice Sets a Hearing for Dec. 27 and Orders 3 Defendants to Appear

### QUICK DECISION PLEDGED

Widow of President Asserts That the Author Had Violated Her Rights

Texts of Principal Documents Appear on Pages 18 and 19.

#### By JOHN CORRY

Mrs. John F. Kennedy asked a justice of the State Supreme Court yesterday to block the publication of "Death of a President," a book she said she once had authorized in the interest of "accuracy, good taste and dignity."

Saul S. Streit, the ranking justice of the court, said he would hold a hearing Dec. 27 on her contention that William Manchester had violated her rights with his plans to have published the unapproved manpicript of his book about the assassination of her husband.

Justice Streit said he would "decide the matter shortly" after the hearing.

He ordered Mr. Manchester; Harper & Row, Publishers, Inc., and Cowles Communications, Inc., the publisher of Look magazine, to appear before him to show cause why an injunction against the book should not be granted. All are defendants in Mrs. Kennedy's suit,

At Stake in the Suit

At stake are the following: 9A four-part series of 80,000 words from the book in Look magazine scheduled to begin in

the issue on sale Jan. 10. The 300,000 - word book, scheduled to be published in March or April by Harper &

"Plans for publication of the work abroad in book and serial

A spokesman for Look said that, if Mrs. Kennedy was upheld, a substitute issue would not be published. He said there was not enough time to prepare another issue.

The suit joins together in a court fight celebrated names in politics and publishing. It involves old friends from both sides, substantial amounts of money, and, indirectly, political tensions between Senator Kennedy and President Johnson.

It is being fought, Mrs. Kennedy's complaint said, because the publication of "Death of a President' would cause her "great and irreparable injury" and "result in precisely the sensationalism and commercialism which we-Robert F. Kennedy and I-have sought so strenuously to avoid."

#### Three Key Clauses

"The threatened publication is in total disregard of my rights and, if it goes forward, will utterly destroy them," she said.

The most important issue is whether the defendants had permission from the Kennedys to publish. Mrs. Kennedy and the Senator said they did not.

Three clauses in an 11-point memorandum signed by Mr. Manchester and the Senator on March 26, 1964, are involved. The first says that Mrs. Ken-

hedy and the Senator must approve the text of the book. The second says that Mr. Mid-chester may hot dispose of sub-sidiary rights without their approval, and the third that the book may not be published before Nov. 22, 1968, exactly five years after the assassination of President Kennedy.

Harper & Row has said that Senator Kennedy told Mr. Manchester in a telegram last July that "members of the Kennedy family will place no obstacle in the way of publication of his

book."
However, in a five-page af-dwadt in support of Mrs. Ken-nedy, the Senator said that the 'telegram makes no statement approving either text, or time, or mode of publication."
The telegram said:
"Should any inquiries arise

re the manuscript of your book I would like to state the fol-

"While I have not read Wilitam Manchester's account of the death of President Kennedy. I know of the President's re-spect for Mr. Manchester as an historian and a reporter. I un-derstand others have plans to publish books regarding the events of Nov. 22, 1963. As this is going to be the subject matter of a book and since Mr. Manchester in his research had seems to more information and access to more information and sources than any other writer, members of the Kennedy family will place no obstacle in the way will place no obstacle in the way of publication of his work.

at However, if Mr. Manchester's account is published in argments or excerpts, I would expect that incidents would not be taken out of context or slimmarized in any way which might distort facts of or the events relating to President Kennedy's death."

Kennedy's death."

Sent at 'Urging'

Mr. Kennedy's said the telegram had been sent at the 'urging of defendants Manohester and Harper."

'I was told by Harper's representatives." he said, "that Manchester was becoming ill from an obsession with the from an obsession with the thought that the book might never be published."

never be published."

He sent the telegram, the Senator said, "after repeated requests to send a message which would allay his fear."

Mr. Kennedy said that before and after the telegram was sent fivan Thomas, the editorial vice president of Harper & Row, and Mr. Manchester "assured and and others associated with the that nothing would be published without the approval of lished without the approval of Mrs. Kennedy and myself." The Senator said that on July

The Senator said that on July 23, the day after he sent the telegram, he spoke with Mr. Manchester and that he had been "specifically and emphatically assured" that the original contract would be followed secunilously.

contract would be followed scrupulously.
On Aug. 4, the Senator said, he received the following tele-gram from Mr. Manchester and

Mr. Thomas:
"Homer Bigart of Times is "Homer Bigart of Times is on to book and serial story and has gathered many facts including price of sale. We have been evasive in our replies regarding money. Under existing terms we expect book to be larges [sic single contributor to library and are delighted with that prospect. In the absence of any further discussion we must assume that original signed agreesume that original signed agree-ment prevails."

Senator Kennedy said he had answered Mr. Manchester and Mr. Thomas with the following

reply:
"Re telegram where you say

quote in absence of any instrucduote in absence of any instruc-tions signed agreement prevails unquote. Agree, and that pro-vides that Mrs. Kennedy and I must give permission for publi-cation of book and that has not yet been given."

## Meet With Editors

Throughout the summer, rep resentatives of the Kennedys notably Richard Goodwin, a former assistant to President Kennedy; John Siegenthaler tormer assistant to President Kennedy; John Siegenthaler, the editor of The Nashville Ten-nessean, and Edwin O. Guth-man, the national news editor of The Los Angeles Times, met with editors of either Harper & Row or Look and suggested revisions in "Death of a Presi-dent."

The defendants are expected to assert that these meetings indicated that the Kennedys

were willing to accept both the serfallization of the book and the subsequent publication in

Spokesmen for the Kennedys have said, moreover, that they detected some feeling in the family that the dates specified in the contract might have been waived if material that was considered objectionable was removed. was removed.

However, in his However, in his affidavit, Senator Kennedy said it was incorrect to infer that because "certain of Mrs. Kennedy's friends and my friends read portions of the manuscript and made suggestions as to its text. Mrs. Kennedy and I have made suggestions as to its text, Mrs. Kennedy and I have some-how approved the manuscript." I'The Senator said that he had never read "Death of a President" and that "no one who read the manuscript had authority to approve it on behalf of Mrs. Kennedy or me."

In her II-page affidavit, Mrs.

In her 11-page affidavit, Mrs. Kennedy said:

"I have never seen Manches manuscript. I have not approved it, nor have I author-ized anyone else to approve it

for me.

"I cannot be said to have approved what I have neven seen, and yet, because it is widely known that I personally (and the Kennedy family) experied so much help to defendant Manchester, it will only be natural for the public to believe natural for the public to believe

that the manuscript is pub-lished with my approval."

# Public Statement

Earlier this week, Mrs. Kennedy issued one of her infre-quent public statements in which she said that the book, contained "inaccurate and un-

which she said that the book, contained "inaccurate and unfair references to other individuals."

The did not identify the other individuals, but those who have read the original manuscript insist that it presents President Johnson unfavorably, that it speaks of Mrs. Kennedy and her friends as being infuriated by his behavior after the assassination in Dallas, and that it contains gratuitous insults to Mrs. Johnson.

Senator Kennedy and his colleagues are said to have believed that, these characterizations of Mrs. Kennedy's annoyance with Dayloud strain future John went and the property of the same of the same

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