There's No Basis for Questioning Verdict of Warren Commission

LAA-T-4 20 BBY WALTER LIPPMANN

What kind of opinion, I ask myself, am I able and entitled to have about the report of the Warren Commission? The massive document, which was released over the weekend, along with the 20 volumes of testimony which are still to be published, constitute the record of the pethumous trial of Lee Hasvey Oswald for the nurder of President John F. Kennedy.

No contemporary reader, it seems to me, can set himself up as an appellate court capable of reversing the verdict of the seven commissioners. Only they and their counsel and their staff thate heard all the second ence that is now available.

PifBecause Oswald is dead sand could not speak in his own defense, it is not possible to say and the commissioners do not say it — that this verdict is collicious.

"The attempt to reach a final Verdict on Oswald is snow in the hands of the historians.

But we may be confident that the historians will find nothing to make them question the perfect good faith of the record which the seven commissioners have compiled. These commissioners, individually and as a group are absolutely and entirely above any suspicion that they might have or would have or could have doctored the record. This is a judgment which we today are qualified to pass on to posteracy thereally—than

With this certainty about the commissioners, and in view of the scope and exhaustive detail of their investigation, there is no ground on which any contemporary man, here or abroad, should question the verdict.

The verdict is that Oswald alone murdered



President Kennedy, that he was not a member of a conspiracy of Communists, Cubans, or right wing extremists, and that lack Ruby who murdered Oswald was not the agent of a conspiracy to silence Oswald.

The commissioners are quite aware that the truth, as they found it, is stranger than fiction. It is hard to believe. The truth was confused and made incredible by the mishmash of the first reports from the Dallas police and by the press, But the truth a bout the assassination itself was made less credible by the fact that Oswald was murdered in the city jail two days later. For if there was a conspiracy, nothing would have been so necessary to

its success as to silence Oswald.

Because it is harder to believe the true story than it is to believe some theory of conspiracy, the commissioners have with painstaking thoroughness set down in detail the facts as they found them.

Having read a fair sample of the European literature of conspiracy, I spent much of the tree-end reading what the report says about every point that had seemed to me puzzling. The report evades none of these points, and it deals with all of them factually and authoritatively.

In general, it must be said, I think, that this was the kind of assassination which should have been prevented. It is obvious, for example, that Oswald had a record which demanded that he be watched during a visit of the President, It is obvious to that it was gross negligence not to have searched and guarded the buildings along the well-publicized route which the President would travel.

Finally, there is the general rule that while it is never possible to provide absolute protection if the assassin is willing to die in the attack, less fanatical men can be deterred by the fear of being caught. Oswald tried to escape. He was not prepared to die. The crime therefore must stand as one which should have been prevented.