Oswald Interview Recalled

By FRED POWLEDGE

cial to The New York Time: NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 29 --Lee H. Oswald told an interviewer here last summer that his two and a half years in the Soviet Union had left him disappointed with the Russian brand of Communism. The professed "Marxist"

seemed much more at ease when discussing the Communism of Cuba under Fidel Castro, the interviewer said.

It was Oswald's participation in a pro-Castro campaign here during the summer that led the interviewer, William K. Stuckey, to seek out the 24-year-old former marine and ask him his views.

Mr. Stuckey, a former newsnaperman who now works in public relations here, made a 37-minute tape recording for a radio program he conducts, "Latin Listening Post." The tape was never used.

Mr. Stuckey declined today to allow publication of direct quotation from the tape recording, imperialism in Hungary was a historical document.

words of the man who was ac- That all Cuban refugees in cused of murdering President the United States are either

The interviewer also recalled educated. this statement by Oswald, That the United States drove which he said the young man Premier Castro into the arms made after the taping session, of the Russians by cutting its while drinking a beer in New Cuban sugar quota. Orlean's French Quarter:

"I was disappointed with Russia. It wasn't what I expected. In many ways, it's just as bad as it is here. In the factory where I worked, I saw a lot of selfishness and pettiness. It seemed like they were trying to copy many of our ideas about the economy and about produc-tion — many capitalist ideas. They are a long way from true Communism." On Aug. 21, Oswald appeared on a radio panel program on a New Orleans station, WDSU, with Mr. Stuckey and two other local critics of Castro. Mr. Stuckey said he had asked Oswald if any event in his personal life had led him to Marxism. The interviewer re-called this reply: "It wasn't from my family sia, It wasn't what I expected.

Play for Cuba Committee, a pro-Castro organization. The in-terviewer said Oswald told him that a similar organization would never be allowed to exist in Russia.

"Life is very bland there," Mr. Stuckey quoted Oswald as having told him. "They have eliminated all the dissenters."

Conversation With Stuckey

Most of Oswald's taped conversation with Mr. Stuckey con-cerned Cuba. He said, in paraphrase'

That democracy, in his opinion, meant the right to be a member of a minority and not to be suppressed—a right that is lacking in the United States, he said, for persons who want to see Cuba for themselves.

That those who believe in democracy should also believe in supporting Premier Castro and his right to govern the is-land nation any way he wants to govern it.

That Premier Castro is independent of Russian authority. This may be shown, he said, by an examination of Cuba's trade with independent nations and by Castro's differences with Soviet Premier Khrushchev over the removal of Russian missiles in Cuba.

That he, as a purported member of the Fair Play For Cuba Committee, felt Russian

which he considers a valuable bad thing. (The Fair Play For historical document. But in a 3,000-word memo-randum he paraphrased the Oswald.)

Kennedy one week ago, and who supporters of former dictator himself was slain two days later. Fulgencio Batista, lazy or un-

Appeared on Panel Show

On Aug. 21, Oswald appeared

"It wasn't from my family. Communism." Mr. Stuckey noted that Os-wald achieved public notice here last August when he passed out literature signed by the Fair Play for Cuba Committee, a

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