

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

MALCOLM X LITTLE

PART 18 OF 24

BUFILE: 100-399321

FILE DESCRIPTION BUREAU FILE

SUBJECT_	MALCOLM X LITTLE
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
FILE NO	
	Section 18
	Serials 409-442

Mederal Bureau Investigation ALL INFORMATION CONTANT Washington D.C. HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED M. DAJE 12/1/3 BY 12/9 His Investigation to language the the the Management of the the Preas or by return mail or both why we never even heard of any Mys Investigation in anyway shape or form !!at all even as some thought The Black Moslems or Muleus billed drim about the woman from Setroitinallal Now when the as you call then the Khe Klux Klan was ordered trailed down. by ours President as well as you and the FB. and god lenows how many W.S. Marshall out of Washington what what is wrong they didn't waste a lot billed Malcolist of and they affect it will give the pational Capital os a black eye, or will it give \$ 1865 How and other a black eye on sto you fift for Civils Rights

Iwould like to hear from you within about the days or I am going to have My trank Book my longuessman bring it up or fut an Ofera Tomm in papers down there and where to I'm sending the same letter to attorne General Katzenbaum to sel-what answer I get from in the same mail and probably one to Oresident Johnson because he was one of the most who broadcast afort the Klu Kluy Klaro Hoping something will be heard Radio or otherwise, I light bear from you Hours Truly 8. Jan a man 75 years old and I want to see if there is a square deaffor all and not a cover of like the Bolly Boken for the President and others

REC 27/00-397326-409 B. APPROX EX. - 107

Your letter dated June 30, 1965, has been received in Mr. Hoover's absence.

Your communication will be brought to Mr. Hoover's! attention when he returns; however, I know he would want me to inform you that the murder to which you referred does not constitute a violation of Federal law coming within the investigative jurisdiction of the FBI. With reference to the other matters you described, information in FBI files is confidential, pursuant to regulations of the Department of Justice. In this connection, I would like to point out that this Bureau is continuing to make every effort to discharge its responsibilities with the highest degree of thoroughness and dispatch.

Enclosed are publications which I hope you find of ALL INFURMATION CONTAINED interest. DATE A A RYAN

MAILED & 7 1965 JUL COMM-FBI

BY82687H

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July 7, 1965

Helen W. Gandy Secretary

Enclosures (2)

U. S. News & World Report article, 12-21-64 The FBI...Guardian of Civil Rights

NOTE: Correspondent is not identifiable in Bufiles under the name

Felt

TRUE COPY

570

M J. Edgar Hooyer Federal Bureau Investigation Washington D C. June 30, 65

I would like to know either through the Press or by return mail or both why we never even heard of any Investigation in anyway shape-or form in regards to the killing or murder of one of the gangs or leader Malcolm X I never saw anything in papers or Television at all even as some thought the Black Moslems or Mulems killed him About the woman from Detroit in Alabama now when the as you call them the Klu Klux Klan was ordered trailed down by our President as well as you and the F. B. I. and god knows how many W. S. Marshalls out of Washington what what is wrong they didnt waste a lot more money to find out about who killed Malcolm X are they afraid it will give the National Capitol a black eye, or will it give you and other a black eye on yor fight for Civils Rights would like to hear from you within about ten days or I am going to have Mr Frank Box my Congressman bring it up or put an Opera Forum in papers down there and up here to I am sending the same letter to Attorney General Katzenbaum to see what answer I get from in the same mail and probably one to President Johnson because he was one of the most who broadcast about the Klu Klux Klan

Hoping something will be heard Radio or otherwise, I hope hear from you

67C Yours Truly /s/

P. S. I am a man 75 years old and I want to see if there is a square deal for all and not a cover up like the Bobby Baker for the President and others

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UNITED STATES GOVENMENT Memorandum

TO

FROM

DERECTOR, FBI (100-399321)

DATE: 7/16/65

SAC. NEWARK (100-40295) (P)

SUBJECT:

MALCON K. LITTLE, aka IS-MI

HE: Newark letter to Bureau, 6/2/65, and New York letter to Newark 6/7/65.

Enclosed to the New York Office is a photograph taken 6/30/59

57C./ has been identified as the rerred to in referenced letter.

photograph is furnished, complete with physical description and FBI number, to the New York Office in order to establish if can be identified as one of the individuals responsible for subject's murder.

The enclosed photograph need not be returned to Nevark.

> **ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED** HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 12/21/83 BY 8269 THE WESDI

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2-Bureau (RM)

2-New York (105-8999) (Enc.1) (RM)

2-Newark

GRB: Lmd

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REC 72 ST-100 /00

JUL 19 1965

AND FIELD OFFICES UNITED STATES GOVE MENT ADVIJET BY ROUT MemorandumSLIP(S) OF DIRECTOR, FBI (100-399321) DATE: 8/4/65 SAC, BOSTON (100-27649) (P) MALCOLM K. LITTLE CONFIDENTIAL IS - MMI Re New York letter dated 6/24/65. furnished a photostatic copy of letter dated 6/18/65 which ich is apparently identical with that mentioned in relet. U advised he was forwarding to copy of a communication received by the Surfolk County Superior Court Probation Department, Boston, Mass. This anonymous communication dated 6/13/65 received by the reads as follows: // Black Moslem, said to be hiding in another state with gunshot wounds due to the fact that he was involved in the killing of Malcom X. Try questioning his wife. Florida is a likely place. "He was on probation." The return address on the above anonymous communication was in his letter to the said the latter address is fictitious, there being no such address in Boston. advised in his letter that the individual referred to in this anonymous communication was believed to further mentioned his department had been unable to locate 2-Bureau (100-39932) 2-New York (105-8999) Encs of the contract of the Days of Declaratication Inde - L-Boston KPW:mm

Bay U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

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	Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to you or the subject of your request.
	Information pertained only to a third party. Your name is listed in the title only.
	Documents originated with another Government agency(ies). These documents were referred to that agency(ies) for review and direct response to you.
	Pages contain information furnished by another Government agency(ies). You will be advised by the FBI as to the releasability of this information following our consultation with the other agency(ies).
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BS 100-27649

CONFIGENTIAL

It should be noted that Boston on 6/15/64 and again on 6/18/64 submitted an airtel and letterhead memorandum entitled "Muslim Mosque, Inc., IS-MMI" (Bufile 100-441765 and New York file 100-152759). Therein information was set forth concerning an altercation between some members of the MMI and NOI including

ЫD

For the information of New York, a copy of the anonymous communication and envolope plus letter is being sent to New York. In addition, two copies photograph are being sent to New York. description is as follows:

Race:

Date of Birth:

Place of Birth:

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Height:

Weight:

Build:

Hair:

Eyes:

Wife:

LEADS:

BOSTON

At Boston, Massachusetts, Will continue efforts to develop a specific address

2/20/65

Airtel

- Pr. Bate

- Mr. Philling

To:

MACs, Mismi (Enclosure) New York (105-8999) Boston (100-27649)

From:

Director, FBI (100-399321)

MALCOLN K. LITTLE

INTERNAL SECURITY - MUSLIM MOSQUE, INC.

Religiet to Bureau and Boston 6/24/65 which, for the information of Mismi, reported that the had received a communication from the to the effect that

was believed have been involved in the killing or micola k (subject) on 2/21/65 at New York City. According to the is believed to have been wounded at the time, could not be located in and was believed to be in Florida recuperating from his wounds.

Subsequent investigation by the Boston Office as reported in its letter 8/4/65 has been negative relative to locating A copy of the Boston letter is enclosed for the information of Miami.

SEP: DP 6P (10)

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Airtel to MACS, Mismi New York Boston Re: MALCOLN K. LITTLE 100-399321

Mismi is instructed to immediately attempt to locate and advise the Bureau and New York so that the New York Dirice may in turn advise the Interview with relative to his possible participation in the killing should be handled by New York City authorities rather than Bureau Agents. Nowever, Mismi should stay very close to the situation so as to obtain all available information concerning the lactivities particularly as they pertain to the Muslim Mosque, Inc.

Keep the Bureau promptly advised of all pertinent developments, and information which may be disseminated should be included in letterhead memorands.

CODE From Director Fe! (100-145): Francis has even a leader in the muslim hosque, INCORPORATED, A BLACK NATIONALIST CHCANISATION, SINCE ITS PORMATION BY MALCOLN X. LITTLE AND WAS TITE LITTLE AT THE T OF LITTLE'S MURDER ON PERMANY TWO CHE. LAST. AT THAT TIME FRANCIS SHOT AND BOUNDED ON OF LITTLE'S ASSASSINS. FRANCIS CHARGED FITH FELCHIOUS ASSAULT AND WAS RELEASED ON A TIME THOUSAND/ BOND. HE VAILED TO APPEAR IN COURT ON MAY TWO ZERO. LAST, AND HIS WHEREABOUTS HAS BILLY UNISHOUN SINCE THAT TIME! NO UNLAWFUL FLIGHT TO AVOID PROSECUTION (UFAP) VARIANT EXISTS AND LOCAL OFFICIALS IN NEW YORK DO NOT DESIRE THAT ANY ACTION taken leading towards subject's apprehension. NEW YORK (100-146782) **₹** 100–399321



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	Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to you or the subject of your request.
	Information pertained only to a third party. Your name is listed in the title only.
	Documents originated with another Government agency(ies). These documents were referred to that agency(ies) for review and direct response to you.
	Pages contain information furnished by another Government agency(ies). You will be advised by the FBI as to the releasability of this information following our consultation with the other agency(ies).
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Memorandum

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TO

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DIRECTOR, FBI (100-399321)

DATE:

8/31/65

FROM

SAC, NEWARK (100-40295) (RUC)

SUBJECT:

MALCOLM K. LITTLE, aka IS - MMI (00: New York)

951

Re Newark letter to Bureau 7/16/65.

17C

Referenced letter enclosed a photograph of for possible identification as one of the individuals responsible for subject's murder.

Review of subject file at Newark reflects no outstanding leads at this time and is therefore considered RUC.

EX. - 107

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
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2 - New York (105-8999) (RM) 1 - Newark

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New York of the identity of its use in the

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NOTE:

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developed previously that a Lieutenant from Newark NOI may have been involved in slaying of Malcolm Little on 2/21/65.

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or use in the Little case.

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UN. IED STATES CORRENT Memorandum

Mr. W. C. Sullivan

DATE: August 25, 1965

TO

F. J. Baumgardne

SUBJECT:

CONF ENTIAL INTERNAL SECURITY -

The New York Office has advised that Rueben M. Francisc who is being sought by the New York City Police Department after failure to appear in court, is possibly residing in the New York requests authority to advise the New York City Police Department of the address at which Prancis could possibly be located. //

Malcolm X Little, leader of the Muslim Mosque, Incorporated, a Black Nationalist organization, was murdered on February 21, 1965. New York City Police Department has arrested three individuals suspected of being the assassins. In addition, the police arrested Rueben M. A Francis, who was with Little at the time of his murder and shot and wounded one of the assassins. Francis was charged with fatherious assault and was released on \$10,000 bond. Francis was scheduled to appear in court on May 1967 in connection with this charge. He did not appea and the New 1977 City Palice Department has been attempting to determine his whereabouts ever since. //

The charge for which trancle is being sought comes within the scope of the Unlawful Flight Statute and the New York Office previously has discussed with police officers handling this matter the possibility of seeking Bureau assistance under the Unlawful Flight Statute. While the New York Office is receiving a continuing flow of unlawful flight cases from the New York Police Department; there has been a hesitation in asking our assistance in this manti-outer page. The New York Office HEREIN IS UNGLASSIFIED EXCEPT

Enclo<u>sure</u>

1 - Mr. Belmont

1 - Mr. Mohr

- Mr. DeLoach

- Mr. Sullivan

TPR:JBE:dln./ (11) (1) (I)

WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE. _ REC ! 1 - Mr. Gale

- Mr. Bland

1 - Mr. Baumgardner

SEP 2 1965 X l - Mr. Phillips

1 Mr. Rosack Exempt hom GDS Category

CONTINUED Classified by Gel

Memorandum Baumgardner to Sullivan RE: NALCOLN X LITTLE

CONF ENTIAL

advises that officers responsible for the Francis case have been convinced that Francis has been hiding out in the New York City area we have received similar reports; however, the current information clearly indicates Francis has fled to Mexico. The New York Office on August 24, 1965, advised that with the current information indicate subject is out of the country, the New York City Police Department all likelihood would request Bureau assistance under the Unlawful Fl Statute.

have Francis deported to the United States where he could be taken in custody by Bureau Agents.

With this in mind the New York Office is being instructed to contact the New York City Police Department and, utilizing the current information indicating subject has fled the country, fully explore the possibility of obtaining a Federal unlawful flight warrant.

ACTION:

There is attached for approval an airtel instructing the New York Office, based on information that subject has fled to Wexico, to fully explore the possibility of obtaining a Federal unlawful flight warrant concerning subject Francis.

CONFIDENTIAL

8-25-65 - Mr. Belmont - Mr. Mohr. Mr. DeLoach airtel - Mr. Sullivan Mr. Gale Mr. Bland Mr. Baumgardner Mr. Phillips SAC, New York (105-8999) 1'- Mr. Rosack Director, FBI (100-399321) MALCOLN X LITTLE internal security - HMI Rourtel 8-23-65 and telephone call to New York Office 8-24-65. Since information has now been received indicating Rueben W. Francis is in Mexico, you should, utilizing this information, fully explore with appropriate officials of the New York City Delice Department/the possibility of obtaining a Federal unlawful flight warrant concerning him. In the event there is a continuing reluctance on the part of the New York City Police Department to request FBI assistance under the Unlawful Flight Statute in this matter, you should furnish the Bureau full details, This should be promptly handled and the Bureau advised of results. See memo Baumgardner to Sullivan dated 8-25-65, same NOTE: caption, prepared by TPR!JBE:dln:lam. MAILED 25 1965 SEP AUG2 5 1965 dOMM-FBI Belmont - New York Mobr D#Loach Caspet kii Sp € 03 6H .F. TPR:JBE:dln:lam Gale ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED Rosen Sullivan HEREIN IS, UNCLASSIFIED Tavel

BY 8349THEWESELD

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MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

LA 105-5591

The information in the enclosed letterhead memorandum regarding the interview with Los Angeles attorney Mrs. GLADYS TOWLES ROOT was previously furnished the Bureau in the report of SA dated 4/23/65.

Los Angeles airtel to the Bureau dated 8/30/65, reported the information about the paternity suit being off calendar.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF STIC

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No. Los Angeles, California September 2, 1965)

MALCOLM K. LITTLE

Reference the letterhead memorandum dated June 15, 1965, at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, wherein Malcolm Little was identified as the former leader of the Muslim Mosque, Incorporated (see appendix) and Elijah Muhammad as the leader of the Nation of Islam (see appendix).

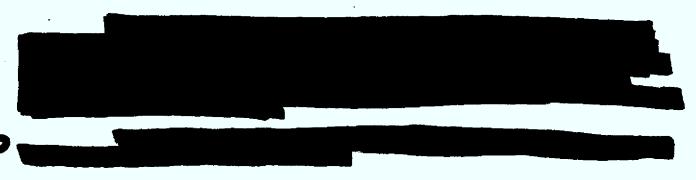
"The "Chicago Tribune" which is a daily newspaper published in Chicago, Illinois on February 25, 1965, reported an interview with Los Angeles Attorney Mrs. Gladys Towles Root who represented clients who filed the paternity suits in Los Angeles against Elijah Muhammad. Root disclosed on February 24. 1965, that Malcolm X, the Negro Nationalist Leader slain Sunday in New York, planned to be a witness against Elijah Muhammad, the Black Muslim leader in the two paternity suits. Malcolm X was reported to be the intermediary for Elijah Muhammad in trying to settle out of court the claims of the two women plaintiffs before he split with Muhammad. Mrs. Root reiterated that after the paternity suits were filed on July 2, 1964, Muhammad had tried to induce an assistant to assume responsibility for the paternity so that Muhammad could keep his spiritaal image on a high plain in the eyes of his followers. She stated that Malcolm X had stated he had intended to tell all of this in court when the cases came to trial and he also said, "If these cases are not hurried, I'll never be alive." The two women who filed paternity suits were reportedly residing together and they moved twice since the suits were filed, according to the lawyer. She said that there had recently been an explosion at the dwelling next to the one occupied by the two plaintiffs. Mrs. Root explained she had not attempted to get an early trial set for the two cases because the women had been receiving \$100 a month support for each child. The money was described as having come "from the church" by the attorney, and she said that she could not define the source of the money more specifically. It was developed during the interview that the paternity actions may have to be transferred to Chicago because that is where Muhammad has property in his own name.

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ATE 12/21/83 BY 82417HELUESEE 100-399321-417

MALCOLM K. LITTLE



This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

, n' leoin R. Littie,

APPEIIDIX

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MUSLIM MOSQUE, INCORPORATED (MMI)

The March 13, 1964, edition of "The New York Times," a daily newspaper published in New York, New York, contained an article on page 20 which indicated that MALCOIM X (LITTLE) former national official of the Nation of Islam (NOI) who broke with the NOI on March 8, 1964, publicly announced in New York City on March 12, 1964, that he had formed the Muslim Mosque, Incorporated (MMI). The MMI, according to the article would be a broadly based politically oriented black nationalist movement for Negroes only, financed by voluntary contributions. In this public statement MALCOIM X urged Negroes to abandon the doctrine of non-violence when it is necessary to defend themselves in the civil rights struggle, and he also suggested that Negroes form rifle clubs to protect their lives and property in time of emergencies in areas where the government is unable or unwilling to protect them.

Incorporation papers of the MMI filed on March 16, 1964, with the Business Section, Clerk of Courts, New York County, New York, New York, reflect that the MMI was incorporated under the Religious Corporation Law of the State of New York to work for the imparting of the Islamic Faith and Islamic Religion in accordance with "accepted Islamic principals." The principal place of worship to be located in the Borough of Manhattan, New York, New York.

The May 23, 1964, edition of the "New York Amsterdam News," a weekly Negro newspaper published in New York City, contained an article by columnist JAMES BOOKER in which he indicated that he had heard that the visit by MALCOLM X with Muslim leaders during his African tour has changed him to become soft in his anti-white feelings and to become more religious.

On October 6, 1964, a confidential source advised that the MMI is apparently affiliated with the true orthodox Islamic Religion through its affiliation with the Islamic Foundation (of New York), I Riverside Drive, New York City. The only teachings of the MMI are on the Islamic Religion.

APPENDIX CONTINUED

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APPENDIX CONTINUED

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MUSLIM MOSQUE, INCORPORATED (MMI)

A second confidential source advised on October 20, 1964, that the headquarters of the MMI are loacted in Suite 128, Hotel Theresa, 2090 Seventh Avenue, New York, New York, where they were established on March 16, 1964. These headquarters are shared with the Organization of Afro-American Unity (OAAU) which is also headed by MALCOLM X.

APPENDIX

APPENDIX

NATION OF ISLAM, formerly referred to as the Muslim Cult of Islam, also known as Muhammad's Temples of Islam

In January, 1957, a source advised Elijah Muhammad has described his organization on a nationwide basis as the "Nation of Islam," (NOI) and "Muhammad's Temples of Islam."

On May 8, 1964, a second source advised Elijah Muhammad is the national leader of the NOI; Muhammad's Temple of Islam No. 2, 5335 South Greenwood Avenue, Chicago, Illinois, is the national headquarters of the NOI; and in mid-1960, Muhammad and other NOI officials, when referring to Muhammad's organization on a nationwide basis, commenced using either "Mosque" or "Temple" when mentioning one of "Muhammad's Temples of Islam."

The NOI is an all-Negro organization which was originally organized in 1930 in Detroit, Michigan. Muhammad claims to have been selected by Allah, the Supreme Being, to lead the so-called Negro race out of slavery in the wilderness of North America by establishing an independent black nation in the United States. Members following Muhammad's teachings and his interpretation of the "Koran" believe there is no such thing as a Negro; that the so-called Negroes are slaves of the white race, referred to as "white devils," in the United States; and that the white race, because of its exploitation of the so-called Negroes, must and will be destroyed in the approaching "War of Armageddon."

In the past, officials and members of the NOI, including Muhammad, have refused to register under the provisions of the Selective Service Acts and have declared that members owe no allegiance to the United States.

On May 5, 1958, the first source advised Muhammad had, upon advice of legal counsel, tempered his personal statements and instructions to his ministers concerning the principles of his organization in order to avoid possible prosecution by the United States Government; however, he did not indicate any fundamental changes in the teachings of his organization.

APPENDIX CONTINUED

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APPENDIX CONTINUED

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NATION OF ISLAM, formerly referred to as the Muslim Cult of Islam, also known as Muhammad's Temples of Islam

On May 7, 1964, a third source advised Muhammad had, early in July, 1958, decided to de-emphasize the religious aspects of the teachings of Islam and to stress the economic benefits to be derived by those Negroes who joined the NOI. This policy change, according to Muhammad, would help him acquire additional followers and create more interest in his programs.

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APPENDIX

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ORGANIZATION OF AFRO-AMERICAN UNITY (OAAU)

On June 28, 1964, MALCOLM X LITTLE, founder and leader of the Muslim Mosque, Incorporated (MMI), publicly announced the formation of a new, all Negro, militant civil rights action group to be known as the Organization of Afro-American Unity (OAAU), with himself as Chairman. This announcement was made at a public rally held by the MMI in the Audubon Ballroom, Broadway and 166th Street, New York City.

A printed and published statement of basic OAAU aims read by MALCOLM X at this meeting indicates that it shall include "all" people of African descent in the Western Hemisphere, as well as "our" brothers and sisters on the African continent. It is patterned after the "letter and spirit" of the Organization of African Unity established (by African heads of States) at Addis Ababa, Ethiopia, in May, 1963.

A recording of the remarks of MALCOLM X at this meeting indicates that the aim of the OAAU is to eliminate differences between Negroes so they can work together for "human rights," while the initial objective is to "internationalize" the American civil rights movement by taking it to the United Nations. LITTLE condemned the non-violent civil rights movement and claims that Negroes should be taught to protect themselves, when and if necessary. The OAAU will sponsor a program for Negroes of education, politics, culture, economics and social reform.

On August 19, 1964, a confidential source advised that the headquarters of the OAAU are located in MMI headquarters, Suite 128, Hotel Theresa, 2090 7th Avenue, New York City.

APPENDIX

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

<u> </u>				
REPORTING OFFICE	OFFICE OF ORIGIN	DATE	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD	
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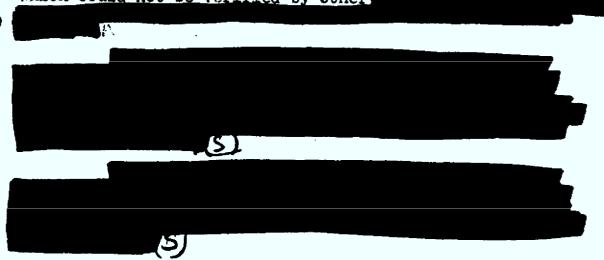
Although the subject is dead, his activities up until the time of his death are being reported for intelligence purposes in view of the fact he had been in contact with foreign Governments for the purpose of embarrassing the United States Government on its racial problems.

(-

Since the subject is dead, an extra copy of this report is not being furnished to the Bureau for dissemination to Secret Service. No local dissemination is being made to Secret Service at New York City. Secret Service has been advised of MALCOLM X's death by separate communication.

on the "Kups Snow", on WBKB TV on 1/30/65, at Chicago, Illinois.

The following information was not set out in the attached report in view of the nature of the information which could not be verified by other



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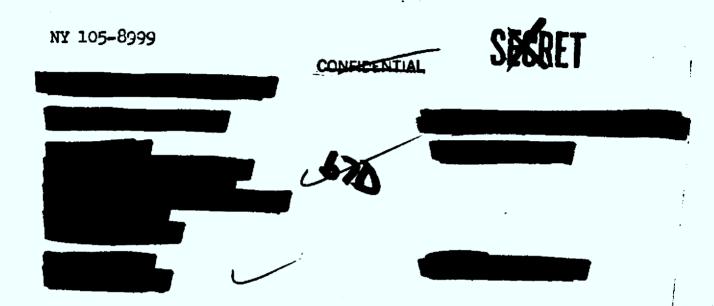
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Conridential in Department of State, Airgram dated 5/2/65, captioned "MUSLIM WORLD LEAGUE REPRESENTATIVE TO VISIT US TO INVESTIGAT
BLACK MUSLIMS"

BLACK MUSLIMS" received from Bureau, 6/5/64

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CLASSIFICATION

This report is classified "Secret" because of information furnished by which was classified "Secret."

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

SERET

Copy to:

Report of:

SA JOHN C. SULLIVAN

9/8/65

Field Office File # 105-8999

Bureau File #: 100-399321

Office New York, New York

Tieles

MALCOLM K. LITTLE

.

INTERNAL SECURITY-MUSLIM MOSQUE, INCORPORATED

Symopsis: LITTLE, formerly known as MALCOLM X, leader of the MMI, was shot and killed while addressing an OAAU public rally in the Audubon Ballroom on 2/21/65, at New York City. Three members of the NOI were arrested by the NYCPD in connection with the death of MALCOLM X. MAICOLM X was buried in Ferncliff Cemetary, Hartsdale, New York, on 2/27/65. Information pertaining to MALCOLM X's foreign travel and association with Foreign Governments set forth.

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GROUP 1 Excluded from automatic downgrading and declassification

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DETAILS:

Characterizations of the Muslim Mosque, Incorporated (MMI), the Organization of Afro-American Unity, Incorporated (OAAU), and the Nation of Islam (NOI), and the Nation of Islam (NOI), are included in the Appendix of this report.

I. ASSASSINATION OF MALCOLM X

On February 21, 1965, at 3:10 PM, advised that MALCOLM X had just been shot in the Audubon Ballroom, New York City, while addressing an OAAU public rally. That REUBEN X FRANCIS, one of MALCOLM's officers, fired back at those shooting at MALCOLM X. He stated that a Negro male was captured outside the Audubon Ballroom immediately after the shooting.

advised Special Agent (SA) on February 21, 1965, that at approximately 3:10 PM, this date, he received a call at the station that a homicide was committed at the Audubon Ballroom, 654 West 166th Street, New York City.

He stated that

advised the same

date that MALCOLM X, Negro, male, age 39, of Suite
128, Hotel Theresa, Seventh Avenue and 125th Street,
New York City, while on the stage of the Audubon Ballroom, was shot and killed by unknown persons.

stated that MALCOLM X was pronounced dead on
arrival by Dr. J. A. COLLINS at Vanderbilt Clinic,
Presbyterian Hospital, 168th Street and Broadway.
New York City, on February 21, 1965.

stated that the NYCPD determined that
the shouling of MALCOLM X occurred at about 3:10 PM,
February 21, 1965.



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On February 21, 1965, both of the advised SA that MALCOLM X was show that afternoon during rally of the OAAU at the Audubon Ballroom.

was on patrol on Broadway when he heard shots coming from the Audubon Ballroom. He immediately proceeded in that direction where he saw people coming out of the said ballroom shouting that MALCOLM X had been shot. Others were shouting, "Don't let him get away." at that time, arrested a person identified as "THOMAS HAGAN" as he was running out of the Ballroom. When arrested, HAGAN had on him a .45 caliber automatic clip with four rounds. He had been shot in the left leg.

on February 21, 1965, that the obtained two witnesses immediately after the shooting, namely

gave statements in which a gun in his hand while MALCOLM X was on the stage speaking. They said MALCOLM X suddenly called out "Hold it" and after this, dropped to the floor and did not actually see MALCOLM X shot. They stated before they dropped to the floor, they saw HAGAN with a gun in his hand pointing it toward MALCOLM X. The next thing they saw was HAGAN trying to run out of the Ballroom with a gun in his hand. According to as HAGAN ran out, one of MALCOLM's group shot three times at HAGAN with an automatic pistel. HAGAN did not have the pistol on him when he was arrested outside the Ballroom.

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who was sitting in the front row in the Audubon Ballroom, was shot in the foot during the shooting spree
in which MALCOLM X was shot. He also stated that
was also hit during the shooting spree
in the Ballroom and both
treated at Columbia Presbyterian Hospital, New York
City.

J.2 gauge sawed-off doublebarrel shotgun manufactured by J. C. Higgins. Model 1017, also bearing the number 5100. upon examination, that the shotgun had been fired and left at the scene.

At approximately 7:45 PM. on February 21,

was being detained in the prison ward at Bellevue Hospital, under guard. He stated that HAGAN had one bullet in him which entered his left thigh and shattered the thigh bone. He stated the hospital plans to put HAGAN's left leg in traction and that the bullet would stay in the leg for about two weeks until such time as the bone would be healed enough to permit an operation.

On February 21, 1965,

New York Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) and stated that he had one of the pistols used to kill MALCOLM X. He stated he was, at that time.

and asked that Bureau Agents meet him at the address as soon as possible.

when contacted the same date by SAS

was in the back of the Audubon Ballroom, the same date, to hear MALCOLM X speak. He stated he is a member of the OAAU. He said MALCOLM X was just introduced and began to speak when some people began to scream somewhere about eight rows from the front of the auditorium. He said people in that area began



to move away and MALCOIM X put up his hands as though to quiet the people down and was heard to say "Keep your seats." Just then, according to shets rang out, CONTROL STOR see who was doing the shooting. After the shots were the persons shouling headed for the exit. Some or the people in the audience tried to stop them by throwing chairs at them or in At this time, two of MALCOLM R's men were their way. shooting at the assailants as they were trying to leave the Ballroom. said the two men involved in the shooting passed him, but as the other two men involved were running toward the exit, one turned to fire back at MALCOIM Kis men. As this man turned to run through the exit, a "body block" into him, knocking him down the stairs, at which time, this person dropped a .45 caliber pistcl. picked up the gun and attempted to shoot the man he knocked down as he was running down the stairs, but the gun jammed and he ran out of the checked the gun and noticed that three rounds were still in the clip. then turned over to Special Agents of the FEI, a .45 caliber automatic pistol, serial number 335055, containing a clip with three rounds of ammunition.

At 10:15 PM. Rehmany 21, 1965

came to the Office of the FBI, at which cime they were furnished a .45 caliber automatic pistol which was obtained by Agents of the FBI

HAGAN, who was arrested immediately after the shooting of MALCOIM X, has been charged with homicide and that REUBEN X FRANCIS, a member of MALCOIM X's group, was charged with felonious assault and possession of a deadly weapon.



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has a witness who identified FRANCIS as the person firing back at assailants of MALCOLM X. He said FRANCIS was believed to have fired a shot which struck HAGAN in the lag. He said FRANCIS is suspected of being the person who fired a .32 caliber pistol, which has never been recovered

persons may be involved in the killing of MALCOLM X.

an autopsy performed on MALCOLM X reflected that he had ten bullet wounds in his chest, thigh and ankle plus four bullet creases in the chest and thigh. The autopsy located one nine millimeter slug and one .45 caliber slug and several shotgun pellets in the body or MALCOLM X.

examined the Audubon Ballroom after the shooting, they found a sawed-off double-barrel shotgun wrapped in a green suit coat. In the suit coat pocket was found a key for a Yale lock, a package of Camel cigarettes and an empty eyeglass case bearing the name of an optometrist, "M M. FINE, Main Street, Flushing." The shotgun contained two discharge Remington express single 0 buckshot shells and there were indications that the gun was recently fired.

Ballroom was found three .45 caliber shells and slugs, six nine millimeter shells and two slugs, and three .32 caliber slugs and ten pieces of lead, presumably fired from the shotgun.

The FBI Identification Division, on February 22, 1965, identified prints of the person arrested in the shooting of MALCOLM X as TALMAGS HAYER who, up until then, was known to the stooly as THOMASSESCAN.





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Re Re

MALCOLM X arrived at the Audubon Ballroom, February 21, 1965, in a white 1965 Cadillac. MALCOLM X was surrounded by his bodyguards and was then escorted into the front corridor of the Audubon Ballroom and then to the stage. When MADCOLM X began to speak, a disturbance occurred between two men up in the front near the stage. bodyguards started to move toward the two men causing a disturbance when MALCOLM X said "Hold it." Without hesitation, two men occupying the front seats, left side, middle aisle, looking toward the stage; got into a crouched position and fired several shots in the direction of MALCOIM X. The fire "spitting" from the guns "crashed" into the chest of MALCOLM X and he fell backwards as if knocked down by a sudden powerful force. Still in the crouched position, the gunmen hastily moved toward the exit in the back of the hall, stepping over persons who were lying on the floor. It is believed that approximately 20 shots in all were fired during the shooting.

On February 23, 1965.

fringerprints were found on the clip of the .45 caliber pistel which was picked up at the Audubon Ballroom the day MALCOLM X was knilled and was turned over to the FBI.

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On February 26, 1965.

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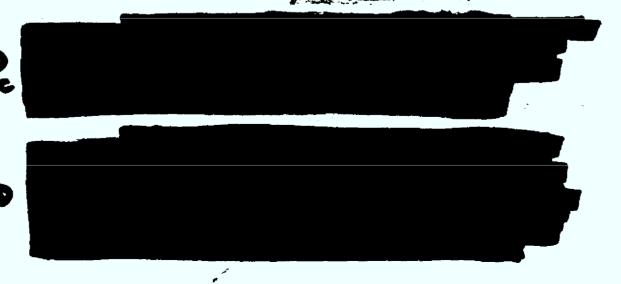
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On February 27. 1965.

Identified TAIMAGE

Alacters working Berlin, both now in the custody
of the NYCPD, as assassins in the killing of MALCOIM X.

FIRST was previously arrested in January, 1965, for
shooting a Correctional Officer who had broken away
from the NOI and, at the time he was arrested for
killing MALCOIM X, he was pressed 0.000 bests.



NY 3.05-8299 M क दुर्वेष हणान ldentified NOL as one or the assassins member, is being held as a of MALCOLM X. material witness with ball at \$50,000.00. said other witnesses previously failed to identify as even being in the Ballroom when MALCOIM X was killed. was arrested between 5:00 and 4:00 PM, on March 5, 1905, was preby the in January, dously arrested with 1985. for the shooting was out on SIO,000.00 ball for the when he was shooting arrested as an assassin of MALCOLM X.

Para Salahan a B

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and said, "Get your hands out of my pocket", in the Audubon Ballroom, just before MALCOLM X was killed.

cannot recognize from photograpus as being in the Audubon Ballroom on February 21, 1955.

On March 4, 1965, stated that, as of this date, HAYER, BUTLER and COMMSON, all arrested for the killing of MALCOLM X, have refused to furnish any information other than their name and age.

On March 8, 1965, that OAAU member.

on the same date. According to shoot

OLM X and also observed in the

Audubon Fallroom the day MALCOLM & was killed.

run out the side exit after the shooting.

when arrested denied being in the Audubon Ballroom on February 2I, 1965.

said after the smooting me picked un the used to kill MALCOLM X and gave it to he said ha also picked up a derman luger pistol and gave it to another unknown person to hold until the police arrived.

luger was power surmed over to the Police Department and this gum could probably account for the nine

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on March 10, 1965,

advised that persons interviewed particularly CAAU and MMC members, who were present in the Audubon Ballwoom when MALCOLM X was shot, seem to have the same "clear cut" story that they were in the Ballroom when MALCOLM X was shot and when the shots rang out, they fell to the floor and never got a look at the assassins.

Stated that the learned that the lass known as

instructed members of the MMI and the OAAU to cooperate with the Police Department but only say that they fell on the floor when the shooting started and cannot identify the person who shot MALCOLM X.

is now shifting their investigation toward officials of the MMI. particularly toward

Ha said witnesses have stated that, at the time of MALCOLM X's death, supposedly MALCOLM X's trusted friend and associate, showed very little concern for MALCOLM X and did not even come over to look or assist MALCOLM X who was lying on the stage of the Audubon Ballroom dying. In reference to that information

the day he was snot and has been seen in the farlem area

also stated that on March 10, 1965, the New York county Grand Jury handed down first degree murder indictments in the killing of MALCOLM X on February 21, 1965, against TALMAGE HAYER, NORMAN 3X BUTLER and THOMAS 15X JOHNSON.

"The New York Times", a local daily newspaper, dated March 11, 1965, contained an article on these indictments.

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A. Death Certificate:

On March 18, 1965, IC reviewed Death Certificate number 4133, at the New York City Department of Public Health. This certificate reflected that MALCOLM X (LITTLE), also known as AL HAJJ MALAK EL SHABAZZ, 23-11 97th Street, Queens, New York, born May 19, 1925, at Nebraska, Father, EARLALITTLE, Mother, LOUISE HELEN, died on February 21, 1965. The Death Certificate reflected that on February 21, 1965, Dr. MILTON HELPERN, M.D., Chief Medical Examiner, City of New York, certified that the death of MALCOLM X was caused by multiple shotgun slugs and bullet wounds of the chest, heart and aorta.

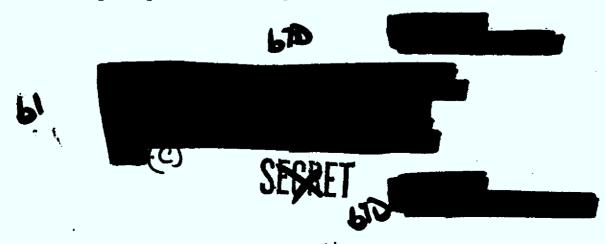
B. Burtal of MALCOIM X

Islanic funeral services were held for MALCOLM X at the Church of God in Christ, New York City, on February 27, 1965, and he was buried at Ferncliff Cemetery, Hartsdale, New York, on that same date.

II. RELATIONSHIP WITH SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATIONS

lectured at an affair held on at Brooklyn, New York, where he discussed the Civil Rights Movement as one aspect of Revolutionary Action and as a struggle against American colonialism at home.

after the lecture, held a discussion period and during this session, remarked that "MALCOLM X was on the way to becoming a good Marxist" and that perhaps that was why he was murdered.



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A. Affiliation with the Socialist Workers Party (SUP)

The SWP is being designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

At an OAAN public rally held at the Audubon Ballroom at Broadway and 166th Street, New York City, on December 20, 1964, MALCOLM X was asked by a member of the audience if "The Militant" newspaper was his paper since it gave him so much publicity. MALCOLM X commented that it was not, but that it was a good paper and he urged everyone to buy it and read it.

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"The Militant" is a weekly newspaper of the SWP.

At a SWP-New York Local meeting held on December 23, 1964, in New York City, it was announced that MALCOLM X would be the feature speaker at a SWP Forum scheduled for January 7, 1965, and will speak on the topic of "Prospects for Freedom."

It was also announced at this meeting that 30 copies of "The Young Socialist", a Young Socialist Alliance publication, was sold at the MALCOLM X meeting held the previous Sunday in New York City.

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A characterization of the SI/P-New York Local and the Young Socialist Alliance is attached in the Appendix section of this report.

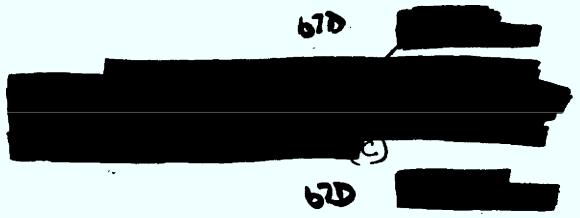
MALCOLM X was the feature speaker at a SWP Militant Labor Forum held in New York City on January 7, 1965. During this speech, MALCOLM X commented that 1965 would be the year of Negro military action, especially in the South.

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At a meeting of the SWP-New York Local, held on in New York City, a discussion on the assassination of MALCOLM X was held and it was stated that several "comrades" were in the audience at the time of the shooting. Plans were then made to sponsor a SWP memorial service for MALCOLM X.



At a SWP meeting held on ________in New York City, it was stated that the closest radical group to the OAAU is the SWP, as evidenced by MALCOLM X's support of "The Militant", the SWP publication and MALCOLM X's statement that "The Militant" was the "cyly rewspaper that told the complete truth about him." It was commented that the SWP supports the "right Civil Fights group" by lending its support to the OAAU, and it believes that the SWP will "reap fruit from whis decision."



MALCOIM K spoke at a SWP Militant Labor Forum, held on January 7, 1965, in New York City. At this forum, he stated that the miracle of 1964 was that they (Harlem Negros) restrained themselves. He then went on to state that there will be blood and a lot of it downtown and uptown! MALCOIM X compented that he did not like non-violent liberals. "I like the other kind." According to MALCOIM X, there will be violence

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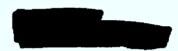
in 1965. He went on to say that people are preserved to go to Mississippi for the purpose of helping the Negroes there to register and vote. He indicated that the thing to do is to have people (Muslims) in Mississippi who would be "invisible and would melt into the population, and you could not see them, but you could feel them." MALCOLM X stated that the Mau Mau was the first liberation movement in Africa and the Mau Mau should be in the United States.





On March 5, 1965, the SMP sponsored a Memorial service for MALCOLM X at 116 University Place, New York City.





At Los Angeles, California

At a SWP meeting held on it was commented by an SWP member that " we have established a good relationship with MALCOLM X and his organization since he left the NOI; that some of our comrades have been attending MALCOLM X's weekly meetings and he, MALCOLM X, has spoken at our forums." This SWP member went on to say that the SWP also has better relations with the GHETTO and had been having much success with "our press" in these areas.

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At a SWP meeting held on Los Angeles, California, it was stated that the National Office of the SWP was called by the Executive Committee of the SWP-Los Angeles Local, in reference to the assassination of MALCOLM X. It was declared that the purpose of the call was to find out what line of action the Party (SWP) will follow on this matter since over the past few months, some of our comrades in the Central Office came to know MALCOLM X very well. It was also remarked that a SWP conference was held with MALCOLM X about a week ago at which time, MALCOLM X



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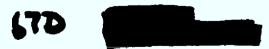
stated that he was just plain tired. The conference attended by MALCOLM X was for the purpose of discussing the publishing of some of his recent speeches and addresses to sell to the publishers, and plans had been made to meet MALCOLM X again at a future date.



A characterization of the SWP-Los Angeles Local is attached to the Appendix section of this report.

At Philadelphia, Pennsylvania

SWP held a meeting at the Hotel Philadelphia, in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, at which representing the Mil, was the feature speaker. He spoke on the depression of Negroes by Whites and claimed that an "invisible power" was responsible for the death of MALCOLM X. He also stated that when a person is interviewed by the Police or the FBI, "You should always If you are interviewed by two give them wrong information. men, try to work one against the other, and then contact their office, and complain about one of the men. This way, you can pick your own policeman, get to know them, and then give them misinformation so that they will get a bad record." He further stated that the SMP paper, "The Militant", is the only paper in America to print truthfully about what MALSGUM X said. Exercise vent on to state that MALCOLM X died an honorable death and if he were to die, he would like to die like MALCOLM X.



A characterization of the SWP-Philadelphia Local is attached in the Appendix section of this report.



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At Seattle, Washington

C.

the SWP-Seattle Branch, held a memorial meeting for MALCOLM X, at Freeway Hall, 3815 5th Avenue NW, Seattle, Washington.



A characterization of the SWP-Scattle Branch is attached in the Appendix section of this report.

"The Militant", dated 2/8/65, Page 3, contained an article captioned "Radio Interflew with MALCOLM X". The article indicated that HARRY KING, Militant Staff Writer, who has been writing a series of news commencaries over Radio Station WBAI-FM in New York, devoted his entire program of January 28, 1965, to an interview with MALCOLM X. Excepts from this interview follow:

RING stated to MALCOLM X "Let me ask you a question about a problem that disturbs many White' supporters of the Freedom Now Movement. Why do you reject the concept of non-violence?"

MALCOIM X stated, "Well, we think that when non-violence is taught to the Klu Klux Klan, the White Citizens Council and these other elements that are inflicting extreme brutality against blacks in this country, then we would accept it. If we are dealing with a non-violent enemy, then we would be non-violent, too. But as long as our people in this country have to face this continued brutality on the part of the racist element in the North as well in the South, then we do not think we should be called upon to be: non-violent when they are non-violent, we will get non-violent."

The Klu Klux Klan is designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450.



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RING: "A week or so ago, Police Commissioner MURPHY asserted that the recent warning of danger of an outbreak in Harlem could provide the fuel for such an outbreak. I know that you are one of those who recently made such a warning. What would you say about that?"

MALCOLM X: "Well, Commissioner MURPHY's attitude is one of the things primarily responsible. For much of the ill feelings among the races and especially in the Black communities like Harlem...

"His attitude is the same as the American attitude towards the existence of China. The general American attitude is that Americans are supposed to pretend that 700,000,000 Chinese do not exist, and that a little island off the coast of China is China. Will now, Commissioner MURPHY has this same attitude towards the conditions that exist in the Black community."

RING: "You have said that your attitude on many questions has changed in the past years. How about your attitude toward the established Civil Rights Organizations?"

MALCOLM X: "I'm for whatever gets results. I don't go for any organization be it. Civil Rights, or any other kind that has to compromise with the power structure and has to rely on certain elements within the power structure for their financing, and which puts them in a position to be influenced and controlled by the power structure itself. I'm for anything that they are involved in that gets meaningful results for the masses of our people."

RING: "But would you support concrete action by these organizations if you feel that they go in the right direction?"

MALCOLM X: "Yes, the OAAU will support fully and without compromise any action by any group that is designed to get meaningful immediate results.

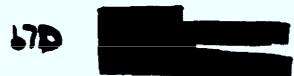


B. Affiliation with the May 2nd Committee

A characterization of the May 2nd Committee is attached in the Appendix Section in this report.

MALCOLM X attended a May 2nd Committee sponsored affair "On the Congo", held December 14, 1964, in New York City.

was one of the featured speakers at this affair.



III. RELATIONSHIP WITH THE OAAU AND MMI

MALCOLM X was the founder and Minister of the MAI and founder and Chairman of the OAAU until his assassination on February 21, 1965, at an OAAU rally in New York City.



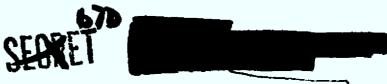
MALCOLM X attended three meetings and/or affairs of the OAAU in the last of th



MALCOLM X attended five meetings and/or affairs of the OAAU from New York City.



MALCOLM X attended five meetings and/or affairs of the OAAU from in New York City.



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MALCOLM X spoke at a MMI meeting held on in New York City.

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IV AFFILIATION WITH THE REVOLUTIONARY ACTION MOVEMENT (PAM)

A characterization of RAM is attached to the Appendix Section of this report.

memorandum from a RAM official in New York City. This memorandum was entitled "Malcolm Lives", and bore the subtitle "Analysis of the Assassination". The last page of this memorandum indicates that it is published by "RAM-Revolutionary Action Movement".

This memorandum states that MALCOLM X had become a threat to "Charlie" (the white man) when he broke with the NOI and made his African trips. This threat was based on his growing influence in Africa and Asia, all of which was reason for the Central Intelligence Agency (CIA) to want MALCOLM X to be assassinated.

The memorandum describes the burning of MALCOLM X's house as the "set up" which would make it look like MALCOLM X and the NOI were fighting each other, thus creating a motive for the assassination.

The memorandum discussed the assassination of MALCOLM X and described it as "well planned" and indicated that "Negro CIA Agents-hired killers" were in the audience.

This memorandum stated that the meaning of the assassination of MALCOLM X is that whenever a black man attacks the "white" power structure, he will be assassinated, jailed, or forced into exile. The memorandum further stated that the assassination of MALCOLM X shows that either black people or the white American government will be destroyed.



The memorandum ended with the following phrase:

"Black Soul Brothers and Souls Sisters: Unite or Ferish! Keep on Pushin!"

V NOI ATTITUDE TOWARDS MALCOLM X

The November 8, 1964 edition of "The New York Times," a daily newspaper published in New York City, contained an article on page 218 which reflected that NOI officials in New York had denounced MALCOLM X, who was then on a tour to Mecca. The NOI officials described MALCOLM X as a "self-serving hypocrite consumed by a passion for personal power" over America's twenty million Negroes. They further stated "We only want MALCOLM to stop attacking ELIJAH MUHAMMAD, as he did from Mecca when he called him a religious faker. If he doesn't, we will fight him as hard as he fights us."

The following open telegram was dispatched December 7, 1964, by Captain Raymond Sharrieff of the Fruit of Islam of the Nation of Islam in North America to the former Malcolm K, defected from the Muslim movement, according to December 12, 1964, edition of The Crusader", page three:

"Mr. Malcolm: We hereby officially warn you that the Nation of Islam shall no longer tolerate your scandilizing the name of our leader and teacher the Honorable Elijah Muhammad regardless of where such scandalizing has been."

Signed: "Captain Raymond Sharrieff, the Nation of Islam in North America."

"The Crusader" is a weekly newspaper published at 6429 South Park, Chicago, Illinois. It regularly features articles by ELIJAH MUHAMMAD, the Messenger of Allah, entitled "Mr. Muhammad Speaks."



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An article appeared in the "New York Courier", a weekly Negro newspaper published in New York City, of January 16, 1965, page 1, column 2, which was captioned "Malcolm Insane, Says Brother and Elijah." This article reflected that ELIJAH MUHAMMAD and PHILBERT X, MALCOLM X's brother, both criticized MALCOLM X and referred to him as a "hypocrite." This article reflected that PHILBERT X described MALCOLM as a victim of a mental illness and that he had falsely charged MUHANNAD's family with seeking his ouster from the NOI. PHILBERT X was quoted as stating: "Unnecessary loss of blood and life" could only result from those who follow the reckless efforts of MALCOLM X.

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The February 6, 1965, edition of the "New York Amsterdam News," on page 1, contained an article which reflected that MALCOLM X claimed that the NOI was out to get him and stated "My death has been ordered by higher-ups in the movement." He claimed attempts had been made against him in Los Angeles and New York City. This article also reflected that MALCOLM X had obtained a Show Cause Order staying a scheduled eviction from his home pending an appeal of the eviction ruling. This ruling had been obtained by the NOI which owns his house in which MALCOLM X resides and into which he had moved when he was an NOI official. This article went on to state that NOI officials in New York City and Chicago have vehemently denied that they, or their supporters, have made attempts on MALCOLM's life.

VI. FOREIGN TRAVEL AND/OR ASSOCIATION WITH FOREIGN GOVERNMENTS

A. Canada

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At an OAAU meeting held on January 5, 1965, in New York City, it was announced that MALCOLM X was at that time, making a speech in Canada.



B. Egypt

The New York "Journal American", dated February 24, 1965, contained an article which stated that reports have been received that "MALCOLM was considering an offer to go to work for Egypt's GAMAL ABDEL NASSER as Head of the African section of Cairo's Foreign Ministry.

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"The suggestion of foreign involvement also came from JAMES FARMER, National Director of the Congress of Racial Equality (CORE), that the killing 'was an international plot in a political killing.'

"MALCOLM X first went into the Arab world both as a Muslim and as a Negro, frequented the United Nations although he had no accreditation and conferred often in the Delegate's Lounge with African and Asian Diplomats.

"He told friends not long ago that he had been offered the job with NASSER of the United Arab Republic, and also had been approved to work for President KWAME NKRUMAH of Ghana.

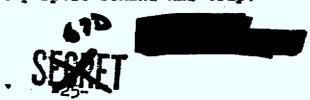
"The Ghanan job reportedly was to be NKRUMAH's anti-American speech writer and political advisor on East-West relations.

"United Nations Security guards shrugged and said "We had orders not to challenge him when asked why MALCOLM K had such easy access to the International Forum.

"For a year prior to his murder, MALCOLM could be a seen in the lounge dispersing his message about American's abuse of Afro-Americans and discussing Mississippi, Harlem and other Negro Chettos.

"Added to the mystery of why the Muslim renegade admittedly broke, could travel to Cairo, Ghana, and Mecca, could afford a body guard, dressed in a well-tailored suit and sport manicured hands."

On January 22, 1965, in discussing a future trip, MALCOLM X did not specifically state that his reason for planning to return to Egypt in April, 1964, was to cause the Muslim leaders to repudiate ELIJAH MUHAMMAD, National Leader of the NOI, thus causing the NOI to crumble, but made a very strong inference that this was the purpose behind his trip.

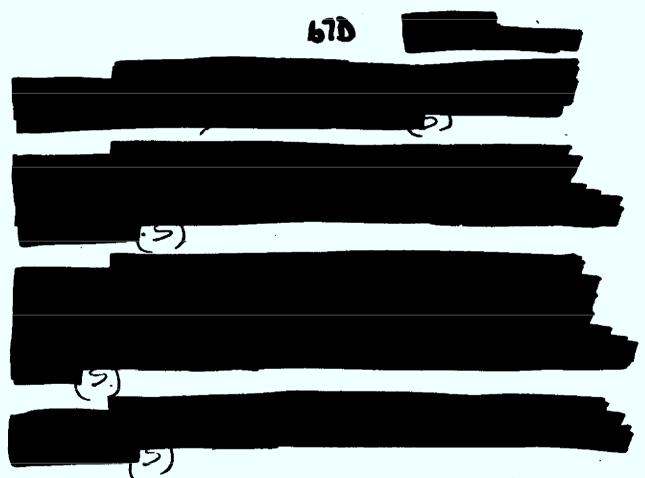


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C. England

MALCOLM X stated on the line of that while in London, England, he will speak with West Indians about racial discrimination in the United States.



The New York "Herald Tribune", local New York daily newspaper, dated February 17, 1965, contained an article which stated "Conservative Member of Parliament, PETER GRIFFITHS, of the town of Smethwick, plans to ask Home Secretary, Sir FRANK SOSKICE, to ban MALCOLM X from touring Britain as an undesired alien. MALCOLM X visited Smethwick, and GRIFFITHS said that the racially tense community is 'an area where everyone should use the greatest restraint."



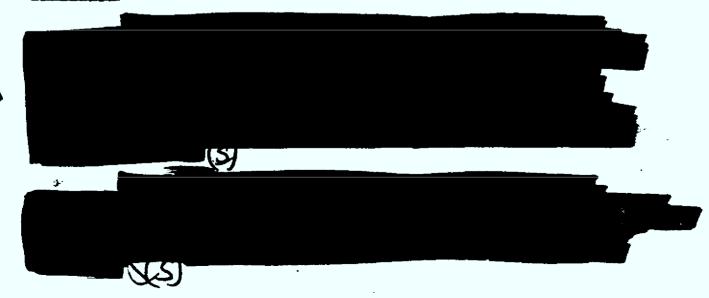
The "New York Times", a local New York City newspaper, dated February 14, 1955, contained an article captioned "Aid to MALCOLM X by BBC Assailed." This article in part stated that the "British Broadcasting Corporation (BBC) is being criticized for taking MALCOLM X, the Militant Black Nationalist, around Smethwick, the town on the outskirts of Birmingham that has become a symbol of Britain's racial problems.

"If colored people here continue to be opprossed, it may start up a bloody battle, MALCOLM X stated. He added that he will not wait until 'Fascista' had built the simple gas oven."

The "New York Amsterdam News", dated January 30, 1965, contained an article captioned, "MALCOLM To Speak Here and Abroad." The article stated in part that the "Militant Voice of MALCOLM X" will be heard on both sides of the Atlantic during the month of February.

"MALCOLM is to spend February 6, 7, and 8, in Europe speaking in London and Paris. The English appearance is to be sponsored by the Council of African Organizations and in France, the sponsor is the African and Afro-American Organizations. The European sponsors were described as 'African student organizations."

D. France



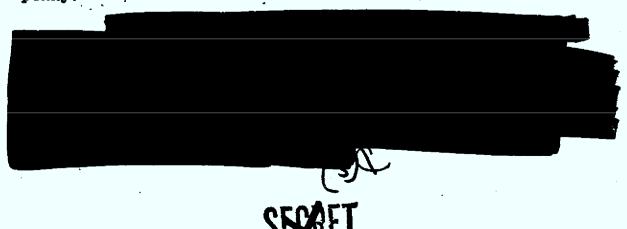




"The New York Times", a local daily newspaper of New York, dated February 10, 1965, contained an article captioned, "MALCOLM X Barred by French Security." This article datelined London, February 9, stated "MALCOLM X, an American Black Nationalist Leader, was refused entry to France Today. He returned here and said he defiantly said 'I never go to any place where I am not wanted.'

"MALCOLM X flew to Paris today to speak to an Afro-American rally there, but French officials met him with a Government order saying his presence was undesirable. He was back in London four hours after he had left it.

"He said he had offered an English penny to French Security men at Orly Airport in Paris, to give to DE GAULLE because the French Government is worth less than a penny."



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<u>At a meeting of the OAAU held in New York</u> City on it was announced that MALCOLM X, who was then on a trip to Europe, had been denied admission to France as an "undesirable." A group which included the OAAU and MMI members, then made plans to picket the French Embassy in New York City, on February 12, 1965, if approval for the picketing could be obtained from MALCOLM X.

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The proposed picket of the French Embassy in New York City on February 12, 1965, was later cancelled.





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E. Saudi Arabia

The November 8, 1964, edition of "The New York Times," a daily newspaper published in New York City, contained an article on page 218, which reflected that MALCOLM X had been endorsed by the World Muslim Council (WMC) of Saudi Arabia. According to the article, the WMC was founded in 1962 and is the supreme religious body in the Muslim World. It is governed by a body of 23 leading scholars from major Muslim countries and its Headquarters are in Mecca.

At an MMI meeting held at UNIA Hall. 2395 Eighth Avenue, New York City, MALCOLM X spoke on the future of the MMI in the United States and indicated that he had to change or correct his own line about the white man. He stated that, while he was abroad, he came in contact with white Muslims and it was necessary for him to face and accept this fact. He further stated that we must learn to condemn a person for their deeds and not their color. He added that it is hard for him to say this because "you know how much I talk about him" (the white man). MALCOLM X further stated that

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there would have to be special training in this for his followers. He added that he can trust the NMI more than he can trust the OAAU, because the MMI knows how to take care of business.

is living with MALCOLM X and plans to hold Islamic meetings and teach Arabic at MWI meetings in New York City.

During May, 1964, advised that SHAYKH MUHAMMAD SURUR al-SAPBAN, former Finance Finister and now the President of the Muslim World League (MML), Saudi, Arabia, had expressed great concern about the "Black Muslims" in the United States. The MML wants to send a representative to the United States to investigate the controversial movement since the MML is interested in helping Muslims everywhere and has the finances to do so. However, the MML wants the recipients of their aid to be genuine Muslims and "not merchants of religion or distorters of the teachings of Islam." The MML in July, 1954, chose SHAYKH AHMED HASSOUN for this investigative mission. HASSOUN was described as a man of culture who can speak English.

The January 28, 1955 edition of the "Herald Dispatch", a weekly Negro newspaper published in Los Angeles, California, contained an article which rejected that MALCOLM X had announced that SHAYKH XAHMED MASSOUN has arrived in New York City to teach Islam to the MMI. HASSOUN was sent by Grand SHAYKH MUHAMMAD SURER al-SABBAN, Secretary General of the MMI, to "help MALCOLM X in his present efforts to correct the distorted image that the religion of Islam has been given by the hate groups in this country." The article indicated that MALCOLM X planned to open Mosques throughout the nation.

The February 6, 1965 edition of the "New York Courier", a weekly Negro newspaper published in New York City, contains an page 16, a photograph of MALCOLM X and HASSOUN. An article under the picture stated that HASSOUN arrived in New York City from Mecca to teach Islam to the MMI in Harlem.

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G. United Nations

An article in the "New York Times", dated January 2, 1965, captioned "MALCOLM X Cites. Role to United Nations Fight," The article stated as follows:



"MALCOLM X said this week that he had prepared the political groundwork in the capitals of Africa for the recent concerted attack on American "racicsm" in the debate on the Congo in the United Nations.

"He said he had sought to convince the African governments that, in debate at the United Nations, they should link their problems with the Negro problem in the United States. He said this political goal was achieved this summer and autumn in four months of intensive conversations with the heads of the African governments and their parliamentary chiefs.

"The black nationalist leader was the guest of the heads of government he visited. His objective, he reported in numerous letters to a friend in New York, was to persuade the government of the new African states to adopt a policy based on these points:

"Civil rights organizations in the United States have accomplished the most they can hope for under the existing conditions.

"The time has come to internationalize the American Negro problem so as to accentuate the struggle.

"This can be done only by linking the fate of the new African states with that of American Negroes.

"This should be done by employing the racial situation in the United States as an instrument of attack in discussing international problems.

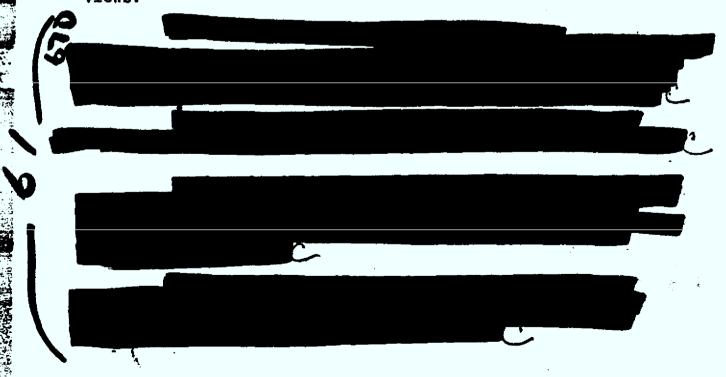
"Such a strategy would give the African states more leverage in dealing with the United States and would in turn give American Negroes more leverage in American society."

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H. Communist China

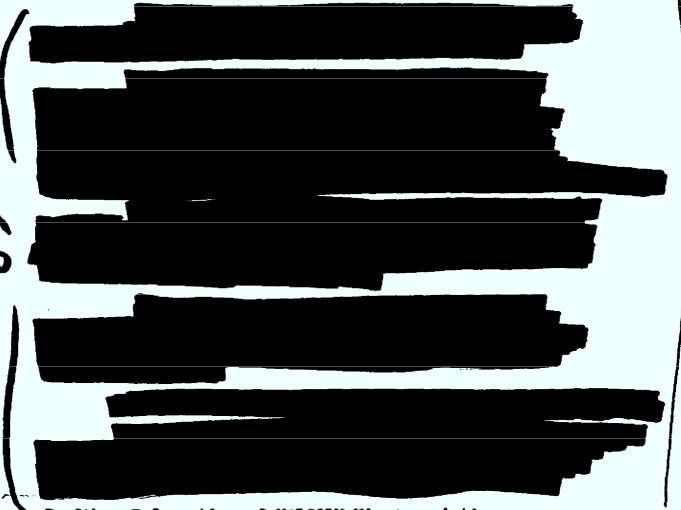
The December 5, 1964 edition of "The Philadelphia Independent" contained an article reflecting an exclusive interview with MALCOLM X after his return from a four month tour of Africa. The article indicated that during the interview MALCOLM X "had nothing but praise for Red China and its support of the Congolese Rebels." The article quoted MALCOLM X as stating "I don't callit Red China. There is only one China, and that is the China of MAO TSE TUNG. There are more than 700,000,000 Chinese and they all support the Congolese in the fight for independence."

According to this article, MALCOLM X stated that the United States Press had attempted to brand him as a convert to Chinese Communism because he has supported the Congo Rebels. MALCOLM X claimed that these attempts are "just another tactic aimed at smearing me and discrediting my views."









I. Other Information of MALCOLM X's Association With Foreign Governments

JACK ANDERSON, broadcasting on Radio Station WINS, New York City, for DREW PEARSON, on January 24, 1965, stated that MALCOIM X, the American black nationalist leader, has been secretly contacting African Governments to strengthen the ties between Africa and American Negroes. According to ANDERSON, MALCOLM X is also expected to be a star attraction at the coming Afro-Asian conference in Algiers where he likely will join in the propoganda against his own country for its racial discrimination. Ironically some of the most striated Anti-American voices will speak from countries that

mistreat ther own minorities.

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VII. MALCOLM X'S ATT ENDANCE AT MEETINGS AND/OR AFFAIRS OUTSIDE THE NEW YORK AREA

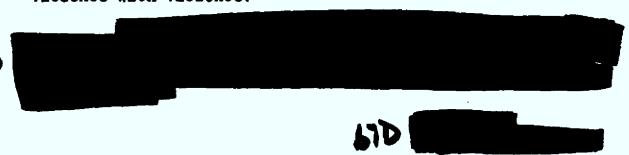
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A. Boston, Massachusetts

MALCOLM X participated in a Harvard University Forum on December 16, 1964.

He later appeared on the JERRY WILLIAMS Radio program, station WMEX, Boston, Massachusetts.

MALCOLM X's appearance at the Harvard University Forum and radio show fell into the format established by MALCOLM X in his public appearances in which he is accustomed to stating that nothing is gained by being non-violent and loving your brother and you fight violence with violence.



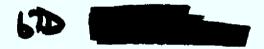
B. Rochester, New York

MALCOLM X was the principal speaker at a meeting held in the Corn Hill Methodist Church at Rochester, New York, on February 16, 1965. He opened his talk with a discussion of the black revolution in the United States, Africa, England, and France. He said the United States, England and France all have common problems. The African revolution was called a "New Mood" by MALCOLM X. He explained the Negro Militancy in the United States have frightened the White people. He said the United States Negroes will never understand the Negro problems if he only considers the local level, the Negro must take the world situation into consideration.





He said the United States cannot justify the dropping of bombs in Asia. He then stated that he has established a Muslim Mosque in New York City, claiming it is based on the real Muslim religion, calling his organization Afro-American Unity, and their motto is "By any means necessary." He said "we believe in the right to fight for freedom since the Federal Government, whose hands are tied, has shown no willingness to protect the black man as illustrated by the bombings of churches and the murder of Negroes in the South. We must equip ourselves and we will equip ourselves for our fight for freedom", stated MALCOLM X.



C. Chicago, Illinois

MALCOLM X arrived in Chicago, Illinois, on January 29, 1965, and departed January 31, 1965, for New York. While in Chicago, MALCOLM X taped a "Kups Show" at WBKB TV, Channel 7, Chicago.





A Special Agent of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) viewed, on January 30, 1965, the "Kups Show", a TV Panel type discussion show, over WBKB TV, Channel 7, in Chicago, Illinois, at which MALCOLM X appeared and was interviewed.

D. Detroit, Michigan



that MALCOLM X, on February 14, 1965, spoke at a public affair called the First Annual Dignity and Projection Award Ceremony, sponsored by the Afro-American Broadcasting and Recording Company in Detroit, Michigan.





During his speech, MALCOIM stated that while he traveled to Alexandria, Egypt, he spoke to President Nasser, who he considers a brilliant man and "I can see why they are so afraid of him and they are afraid of him because they know he can cut off their oil. The only thing power respects is power and whenever you fight, a man who is in a position to put power against power, than that man is respected."

MALCOLM X went on to talk about his recent trips to Africa and stated that he had an opportunity to speak to the African leaders in Kenya, Nigeria, Ghana, and other African countries.

E. Los Angeles, California

advised that MALCOLM X had arrived in Los Angeles, California, at 3:00 p.m. on January 28, 1965, aboard TWA Flight Number 9 from New York City. The Los Angeles Police were present at the airport because of an alleged threat against MALCOLM X. MALCOLM X had come to Los Angeles in connection with a paternity suit which had been filed against NOI leader ELIJAH MUHALMAD.

MALCOLM X left Los Angeles aboard TWA Flight 26 on January 29, 1965, en route to Chicago, Illinois. At the time of his departure, two NOI members were observed at the airport watching MALCOLM X. Due to this, he was placed aboard the plane unobserved and all luggage on the place was checked.

MALCOLM X on the latter's flight from Los Angeles to Chicago. described MALCOLM X as quite nervous and MALCOLM X was quoted as stating that he expected to be killed by followers of ELIJAH MUHAMMAD.

VIII. MISCELLANEOUS

Other information pertaining to MALCOLM X is as follows:





The February 6, 1965, edition of the "New York Amsterdam News", a weekly Negro newspaper, published in New York City, contains an article on page 1, which reflected an interview with MALCOLM X concerning finances. During this interview, MALCOLM X denied that he was getting funds from any foreign source and he asserted that his recent African trip was paid for by the MMI out of funds obtained from his article in "The Saturday Evening Post" magazine and from advance royakies from the Doubleday Book Company on his autobiography. The article went on to state that it had been reported that both the Post and Doubelday had paid \$20,000.00 each for the rights to this article and autobiography.

MALCOLM X had personally received a total of \$20,000.00. as payment for an article which appeared in the September 12, 1964, edition of the magazine, "The Saturday Evening Post", and as an advance on his forthcoming book to be published by Doubelday and Company, Incorporated.

The "New York Times", local New York City newspaper, dated December 21, 1964, contained an article captioned "MALCOLM Favors the Mau Mau in the United States." This article in part stated that, "Malcolm X, the black nationalist leader, deda red yesterday that we need a Mau Mau' to win freedom and quality for Negroes in the United States.

"He hailed the Mau Mau -- the antiwhite terrorists active in Kenya before that country gained independence -- as the greatest African freedom fighters' who would hold an important place in history.

"He addressed a Harlem rally to support the Mississippi Freedom Democratic party's challenge to the seating of Mississippi's all-white Representatives in Congress.



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"Three hundred persons, about a third of them white, attended the rally, in the Williams Institutional Church, at 2225 Seventh Avenue, Near 131st Street.

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"Malcolm X accused President JOHNSON, Vice Presidentelect HUBERT H. HUMPHREY and Mayor WAGNER of 'playing the same game as the Southern crackers.'

'I'm for anybody who is for freedom, justice and equality,' he said. 'I'm against anybody who tells black people to be nonviolent while nobody is telling white people to be nonviolent.'

'It is necessary to learn the right language to communicate with people, he said, adding: 'If the language is a shotgun, get a shotgun. But don't waste time talking the wrong language.

"The militant leader, wearing a small goatee, eyeglasses and a dark blue suit, asserted that freedom had to be taken, because it could not be given.

"Farlier this year, in a letter to a friend here, he wrote from Mecca, Saudi Arabia, that he had renounced black racism and had embraced the brotherhood of man, but his words yesterday bristled with militancy.

"Pointing his right forefinger vigorously and accusingly, he said justice demanded that 'he who kills by the sword shall be killed by the sword.'

'A black man has the right to do whatever is necessary to get his freedom,' he said. 'We will never get it by nonviolence.'

"Urging Negroes to 'even the score' with whites, he said: 'Let the Klan know we can do it, tit for tat, tit for tat. We have brothers who are able, quipped and ready to do that.'

"As the audience cheered, he observed: 'Freedom is gotten by ballots or bullets. These are the only two methods. Either ballots or bullets.'"





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IX. APPENDIX

Muslim Mosque, Incorporated (MMI)

Organization of Afro-American Unity, Incorporated (OAAU)

Nation of Islam (NOI)

Nation of Islam #7

Fruit of Islam (FOI)

Socialist Workers Party-New York Local

Young Socialist Alliance

Socialist Workers Party-Los Angeles Local

Socialist Workers Party-Philadelphia Local

Socialist Workers Party-Seattle Local

May 2nd Committee

Revolutionary Action Movement (RAM)

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APPENDIX

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MUSLIM MOSQUE, INCORPORATED (MMI)

The March 13, 1964 edition of "The New York Times," a daily newspaper published in New York, New York, contained an article on page 20 which indicated that MALCOLM X (LITTLE), former national official of the Nation of Islam (NOI) who broke with the NOI on March 8, 1964, publicly announced in New York City on March 12, 1964, that he had formed the Muslim Mosque, Incorporated (MMI). The MMI, according to the article, would be a broadly based politically oriented black nationalist movement for Negroes only, financed by voluntary contributions. In this public statement, MALCOIM X urged Negroes to abandon the doctrine of non-violence when it is necessary to defend themselves in the civil rights struggle, and he also suggested that Negroes form rifle clubs to protect their lives and property in time of emergencies in areas where the government is unable or unwilling to protect them.

Incorporation papers of the MMI filed on March 16, 1964, with the Business Section, Clerk of Courts, New York County, New York, New York, reflect that the MMI was incorporated under the Religious Corporation Law of the State of New York to work for the imparting of the Islamic Faith and Islamic Religion in accordance with "accepted Islamic principals." The principal place of worship to be locaed in the Borough of Manhattan, New York, New York.

The May 23, 1964 edition of the "New York Amsterdam News," a weekly Negro newspaper published in New York City, contained an article by columnist JAMES BOOKER in which he indicated that he had heard that the visit by MALCOLM X with Muslim leaders during his African tour has changed him to become more religious.

On October 6, 1964, a confidential source advised that the MMI is apparently affiliated with the true orthodox Islamic Religion through its affiliation with the Islamic Foundation (of New York), l Riverside Drive, New York City. The only teachings of the MMI are on the Islamic Religion.

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MUSLIM MOSQUE, INCORPORATED (MMI)

This confidential source advised on May 17, 1965, that the headquarters of the MMI are located in Suite 128, Hotel Theresa, 209C Seventh Avenue, New York, New York, where they were established on March 16, 1964. These headquarters are shared with the Organization of Afro-American Unity (OAAU) which was also headed by MALCOIM X.

MALCOIM X was assassinated on February 21, 1965 while addressing an OAAU rally at the Audubon Ballroom, Broadway and 166th Street, New York City.





ORGANIZATION OF AFRO-AMERICAN UNITY, INCORPORATED (OAAU)

1.

On June 28, 1964, MALCOLM X LITTLE, founder and leader of the Muslim Mosque, Incorporated (MMI), publicly announced the formation of a new, all Negro, militant civil rights action group to be known as the Organization of Afro-American Unity (OAAU), with himself as Chairman. This announcement was made at a public rally held by the MMI in the Audubon Ballroom, Broadway and 166th Street, New York City.

A printed and published statement of basic OAAU aims read by MALCOLM X at this meeting indicates that it shall include "all" people of African descent in the Western Hemisphere, as well as "our" brothers and sisters on the African continent. It is patterned after the "letter and spirit" of the Organization of African Unity established (by African heads of States) at Addis Ababa, Ethiopia, in May, 1963.

A recording of the remarks of MALCOLM X at this meeting indicates that the aim of the CAAU is to eliminate differences between Negroes so they can work together for "human rights," while the initial objective is to "internationalize" the American civil rights movement by taking it to the United Nations. LITTLE condemned the non-violent civil rights movement and claims that Negroes should be taught to protect themselves, when and if necessary. The OAAU will sponsor a program for Negroes of education, politics, culture, economics, and social reform.

On May 17, 1965, a confidential source advised that the headquarters of the OAAU are located in MMI headquarters, Suite 128, Hotel Theresa, 2090 7th Avenue, New York City.

MALCOLM X was assassinated on February 21, 1965, while addressing an OAAU rally at the Audubon Ballroom, New York City.



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ORGANIZATION OF AFRO-AMERICAN UNITY, INCORPORATED (OAAU)

On April 13, 1965, a second confidential source advised that on March 26, 1965, the OAAU filed a Certificate of Incorporation with the Department of State, State of New York, Albany, New York, and henceforth the organization's true name will be Organization of Afro-American Unity, Incorporated.

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APPENDIX

NATION OF ISLAM, formerly referred to as the Muslim Cult of Islam, also known as Muhammad's Temples of Islam

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In January, 1957, a source advised ELIJAH MUHAMMAD has described his organization on a nationwide basis as the "Nation of Islam," (NOI) and "Muhammad's Temples of Islam."

On May 8, 1964, a second source advised ELIJAH MUHAMMAD is the national leader of the NOI; Muhammad's Temple of Islam No. 2, 5335 South Greenwood Avenue, Chicago, Illinois, is the national headquarters of the NOI; and in mid-1960, MUHAMMAD and other NOI officials, when referring to MUHAMMAD'S organization on a nationwide basis, commenced using either "Mosque" or "Temple" when mentioning one of "Muhammad's Temples of Islam."

The NOI is an all-Negro organization which was originally organized in 1930 in Detroit, Michigan. MUHAMMAD claims to have been selected by Allah, the Supreme Being, to lead the so-called Negro race out of slavery in the wilderness of North America by establishing an independent black nation in the United States. Members following MUHAMMAD'S teachings and his interpretation of the "Koran" believe there is no such thing as a Negro; that the so-called Negroes are slaves of the white race, referred to as "white devils," in the United States; and that the white race, because of its exploitation of the so-called Negroes, must and will be destroyed in the approaching "War of Armageddon."

In the past, officials and members of the NOI, including MUHAMMAD, have refused to register under the provisions of the Selective Service Acts and have declared that members owe no allegiance to the United States.

On May 5, 1958, the first source advised MUHAMMAD had, upon advice of legal counsel, tempered his personal statements and instructions to his ministers concerning the principles of his organization in order to avoid possible prosecution by the United States Government; however, he did not indicate any fundamental changes in the teachings of his organization.



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APPENDIX

NATION OF ISLAM, formerly referred to as the Muslim Cult of Islam, also known as Muhammad's Temples of Islam



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On May 7, 1964, a third source advised MUHAMMAD had, early in July, 1958, decided to de-emphasize the religious aspects of the teachings of Islam and to stress the economic benefits to be derived by those Negroes who joined the NOI. This policy change, according to MUHAMMAD, would help him acquire additional followers and create more interest in his programs.



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NATION OF ISLAM, MOSQUE #7



On May 3, 1965, a source advised that the Nation of Islam (NOI) affiliate in New York City is known as Mosque number 7, and is also referred to as Temple number 7. It is part of the national organization of the NOI headed by Elijah Muhammad with headquarters in Chicago, Illinois.

There are three branches of Mosque number 7; One at 105-03 Northern Boulevard, Queens (known as Mosque number 7B), another at 120 Madison Street, Brooklyn (known as Mosque number 7C), and one at 878 Prospect Avenue, Bronx (known as Mosque number 7D).

There is no branch in Manhattan, although plans are being made to obtain a located which will be the principal meeting place of the Mosque and will be known as Mosque number 7.

The date Mosque number 7 originated in New York City is unknown but in this connection it should be noted that in 1953, a second source advised that there was a Temple of the NOI (known to source then as the Muslim Cult of Islam) in New York City located at 135th Street and 7th Avenue, as far back as 1947.



SESPRET

FRUIT OF ISLAM

<u>1.</u>

On May 8, 1964, a source advised that the Fruit of Islam (FOI) is a group within the Nation of Islam (NOI) composed of male members of the NOI. The purpose of the FOI is to protect officials and property of the NOI, assure compliance of members with NOI teachings and to prepare for the "War of Armageddon." Members of the FOI are required to participate in military drill and are afforded the opportunity to engage in juda training. The FOI is governed by a military system wherein the member; are controlled by general orders similar to those issued by regular military organizations.

SECRET

SESPET

(3)

1.

SOCIALIST WORKERS PARTY-NEW YORK LOCAL

A source stated on August 25, 1960, that the Socialist Workers Party (SWP) New York Local (NYL) was founded in 1938 in New York City.

A second source stated on April 16, 1965, that the NYL was affiliated with and followed the aims and purposes of the National SWP.

The SWP has been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450.



10 8099

APPENDIX

SECRET

YOUNG SOCIALIST ALLIANCE

The May, 1960, issue of the "Young Socialist" (YS), page one, column 3, disclosed that during April 15 through 17, 1960, a national organization entitled "The Young Socialist Alliance" (YSA) was formed by the nationwide supporter clubs of the publication YS.

The above issue, page six, set forth the Founding Declaration of YSA. This declaration stated that the YSA recognizes the Socialist Workers Party (SWP) as the only existing political leadership on class struggle principles, and that the supporters of the YS have some into basic political solidarity with the SWP on the principles of revolutionary socialism.

A source advised on May 7, 1965, that the original YSA was an organization formed during October, 1957, in New York City by youth of various left socialist tendencies, particularly members and followers of the SWP. The leaders of this group were the guiding forces in the establishment of the national organization.

The source further advised on May 7, 1965, that the YSA is dominated and controlled on a national basis by the SWP through having SWP members comprise exclusively the National Executive Committee (NEC) and through an official SWP representative at all YSA NEC meetings. The YSA, in reality, is the youth and training section of the SWP and the main source of new SWP members.

The headquarters of the YSA are located in Room 631, 41 Union Square West, New York City.

The SWP has been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450.



NY 105-8999



<u>1.</u>

APPENDIX

"YOUNG SOCIALIST"

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The "Young Socialist (YS)" is a monthly publication self-described in the April - May, 1964, issues of this newspaper as the official organ of the Young Socialist Alliance.

The YS maintains the mailing address of Post Office Box 471, Cooper Station, New York, New York, 10003.

.<u>::</u> 105–8999

SEXPLET

1.

APPENDIX

SOCIALIST WORKERS PARTY-LOS ANGELES LOCAL (SWP-LAL)

advised that the SMP-LAL has been in existence since the 1930's and continues to exist. The source further advised that the SMP-LAL is a local branch of the National SMP with aims and purposes identical to those of the National SMP.

The SMP has been designated by the Attorney General of the United States, pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

NY 105-8999

1.

APPENDIX



SOCIALIST WORKERS PARTY-PHILADELPHIA BRANCH

A source advised on May 25, 1964, that the Philadelphia Branch of the Socialist Workers Party PBSWP) is an affiliate of the National SWP, which maintains headquarters at 116 University Place, New York, New York, and, as such, follows the aims and purposes of the National SWP. The source advised that the PBSWP, which has been an active organization in Philadelphia since 1940, does not have a headquarters at the present time but utilizes residences of various members for meetings and functions. The source added that the PBSWP utilizes the name "Militant Labor Forum" for public affairs and "Workers Party" as a ballot name when running candidates for public office.

NY 105-8999

SEGMET

<u>1.</u>

APPENDIX

SOCIALIST WORKERS PARTY-SEATTLE BRANCH

In May, 1961, a source advised that during the month of May, 1941, the Seattle Branch of the Socialist Workers Party (SWP) was reorganized and received official recognition as a branch of the Party from the national office of the SWP in New York, New York.

On May 6, 1964, another source advised that the Seattle Branch, SWP, with headquarters at 3815 5th Avenue Northeast, Seattle, Washington, is a present affiliate of the National SWP, following the aims and principles of the National SWP. According to source, membership in the Seattle Branch includes RICHARD FRASER, who is a member of the SWP National Committee, and his wife, CLARA FRASER, who is an alternate member of the SWP National Committee.



<u>1.</u>

APPENDIX



MAY 2 MOVEMENT (M2M)
Formerly known as May 2 Committee

A source advised on March 3, 1965 as follows:

The M2M is the name now used by the May 2 Committee which was organized on March 14, 1964, at New Haven, Connecticut, by a group of young people participating in a symposium "Socialism in America" being held at Yale University. The original aim of the M2M was to plan and execute a demonstration in New York City on May 2, 1964, demanding withdrawal of United States troops from Viet Nam.

The M2M is dominated and controlled by the Progressive Labor Party (PLP) and has for its aim and purpose the embarrassment of the United States Government by meetings, rallies, picketing demonstrations and formation of university level clubs at which a Marxist-Leninist oriented approach and analysis is taken of United States domestic and foreign policies.

This source advised on May 19, 1965, that the current headquarters of the M2M is 640 Broadway, New York City, Room 307.



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APPENDIX

SEGMET

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REVOLUTIONARY ACTION MOVEMENT (RAM)

On November 3, 1964, a source made available a document entitled "The Revolutionary Action Movement Manifesto," the document having been obtained by the source from an individual known to be a member of RAM.

This document stated, in part, that RAM was officially organized in the Winter of 1963, by Afro-Americans who support the revolutionary objectives of ROBERT F. WILLIAMS, now residing in Cuba, and his concept of organized violence to achieve the liberation of the Afro-American people in the United States. This Manifesto reflected that RAM had oriented its program to one of education and political revolution and the organization of a "black" political party with revolutionary objectives, having recognized the need for a "black revolution" that could and would seize power. RAM philosophy is described in this document as one of revolutionary nationalism, that is, one involving the struggles of the non-white races of the world against exploitation and enslavement by the white capitalist and imperialist nations.

Regarding WILLIAMS, above, it should be noted that on August 28, 1961, a Federal warrant was issued at Charlotte, North Carolina, charging him with Unlawful Flight to Avoid Prosecution for the Crime of Kidnapping. Subsequent to the issuance of this warrant, WILLIAMS fled the United States to Cuba, where he now publishes a monthly newsletter entitled "The Crusader," from Havana.

On November 16, 1964, a second source advised that he learned recently from a RAM member that the organization was begun in Detroit, Michigan, largely under the impetus of DON FREEMAN, Cleveland, Ohio, described as the "Father" of RAM and referred to as RAM's "Black Stalin." FREEMAN now serves as RAM Chairman, with MAXWELL STANFORD, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, serving RAM as Field Chairman. This second source advised that there is no formal headquarters, as such, for RAM at present, but that headquarters are, in effect, with FREEMAN since he plays a dominant role in the leadership and directs the policies and activities of the organization.

This second source, in September, 1964, advised that RAM is dedicated to the overthrow of the capitalist system in



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<u>2.</u>

APPENDIX

REVOLUTIONARY ACTION MOVEMENT (RAM)

the United States, by violence if necessary, and to its replacement by a socialistic system oriented toward the Chinese communist interpretation of Marxism-Leninism. RAM is entirely non-white in membership. clandestine in nature, and owes its primary allegiance to the "Bandung World," that is, the non-white races of the world, rather than to any national entity, as such.

To date, according to the second source, in November, 1964, RAM has organized units and membership in several of the larger cities in the United States east of the Mississippi River, and the organization is currently active, attempting to recruit new members and expand its sphere of influence.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

New York, New York September 3,1965

SESSET

Bufile 100-399321 NYfile 105-8999

Title

Malcolm K. Little

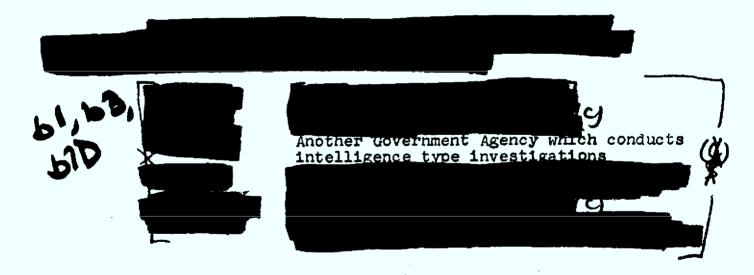
Character

Internal Security
Muslim Mosque, Incorporated

Reference

is made to the New York atted and captioned

report of Special Agent



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SESSET 100-399321-418

OFFICINAL FORM NO. 10 MAY 1981 EDITION ' OSA GEN. REG. NO. 27

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

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DIRECTOR, FBI (100-399321)

DATE:

8/30/65

FROM HON FOR

SAC, NEW YORK (105-8999)

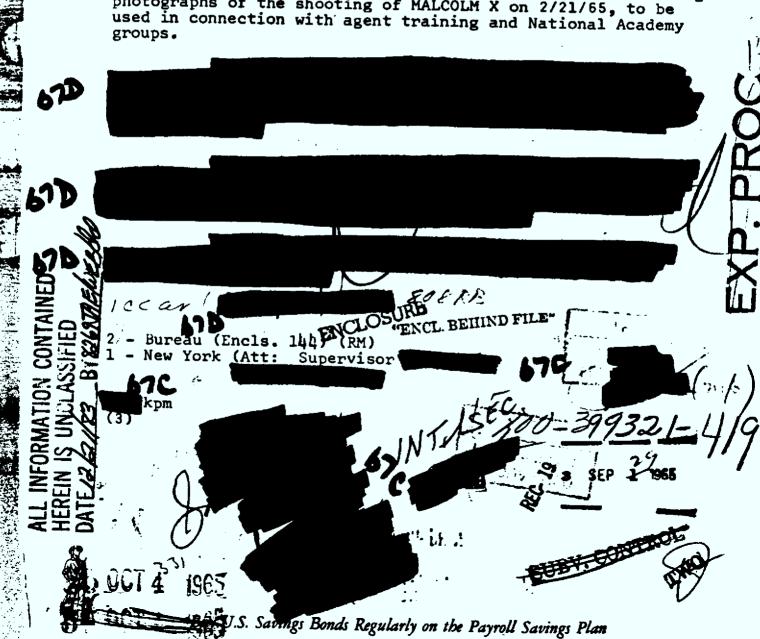
SUBJECT:

MALCOLM K. LITTLE aka

IS - MMI (00: NY)

sc

Re telephone communication by Supervisor on 3/3/65, at which time NYO was advised that the Bureau would be very interested in obtaining photographs of the shooting of MALCOLM X on 2/21/65, to be used in connection with agent training and National Academy groups.





FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

75	Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the following statements, where indicated, explain this deletion.
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	Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to you or the subject of your request.
	Information pertained only to a third party. Your name is listed in the title only.
	Documents originated with another Government agency(ies). These documents were referred to that agency(ies) for review and direct response to you.
	Pages contain information furnished by another Government agency(ies). You will be advised by the FBI as to the releasability of this information following our consultation with the other agency(ies).
	Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):
	For your information:
×	The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages: 100-399321-419EBF

XXXXXX XXXXXX XXXXXX

UNITED STATES GO ZNMENT Memorandum



DIRECTOR, FBI (100-399321)

10/8/65 DATE:

SAC, BOSTON (100-27649) (P)

MALCOLM K. LITTLE IS - MUSLIM MOSQUE, INC.

Re Miami airtel, 8/26/65.

Miami is requested to advise of the results of any additional investigation conducted concerning

2 - Bureau (100-399321) (RM) 2 - Miami (105-8554) (RM) 2 - Boston (100-27649)

908 FB

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED

TY 109

REG 2 106 - 399 32/-

OCT 11 1965



Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

UNITED STATES GO RNMENT

MemorandumTO Director, FBI (100-399321) SAC, Miami (105-8554) (RUC) SUBJECT: MALCOLM K. LITTLE, Aka.; IS - MMI. (OO:NY) ReBu airtel 8/20/65; Miami teletype 8/26/65. Enclosed for the Bureau are three copies of a LHM, dated and captioned as above. Three copies are enclosed for Boston, and two for New York. No information was found in any of the files reviewed, mentioned in attached LHM, indicating recuperating from gunshot wounds. 2 - Bureau (Encls.-6)(RM) 3 - Boston (100-27649) (Encls.-3) (RW) - New York (105-8999) (Encls.-2) (RM) - Miami JCM:GK ENCLOSURE 18 OCT 25 1965

53 NOVBuy 3/1965 spings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

AGENCY: ACSI, ONI, OSI;SEC. SER. 1 (10) 58 6 07 64 6?

DEPT: ISD, CED, RAQ

DATE FORW: HOW FORW:



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF STICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

Miami, Florida

OCT 2 1 1965

105-8554

RE: MALCOLM K. LITTLE; INTERNAL SECURITY -MUSLIM MOSQUE, INC.

ment received the following anchymous communication dated June 13, 1965, which had been addressed to the Suffolk County Superior Court, Probation Department:

Black Moslem, said to be hiding in another state with gunshot wounds due to the fact that he was involved in the killing of Malco_m X. Try questioning his wife. Florida is a likely place.

"He was on probation."

in this communication was believed to be

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE/2/21/13 BY \$261 JHEFREN BY

COLD

RE: MALCOLM E. LITTLE.

advised on July 8, 1905, that he was handling months had heard nothing from him. but in recent had not been seen in the the rea on the afternowner Malcolm X was killed, and is now reportedly hiding area on the afternoon in Florida, address unknown. 570

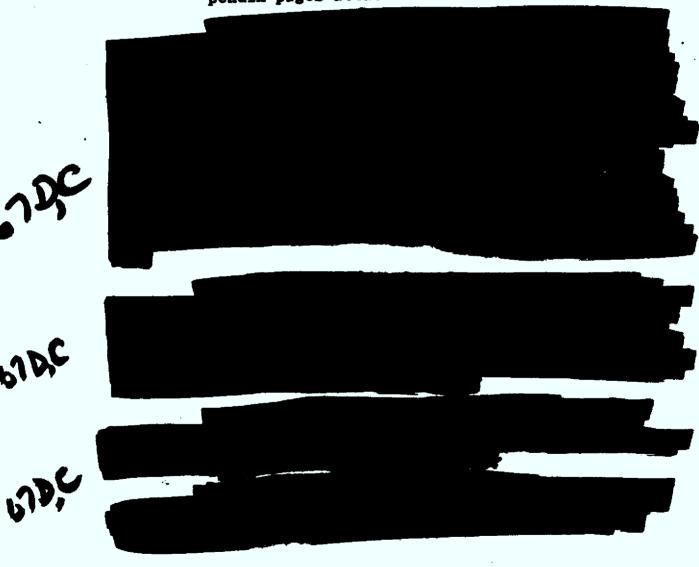


FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

3_	Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the following statements, where indicated, explain this deletion.
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	Information pertained only to a third party. Your name is listed in the title only.
	Documents originated with another Government agency(ies). These documents were referred to that agency(ies) for review and direct response to you.
	Pages contain information furnished by another Government agency(ies). You will be advised by the FBI as to the releasability of this information following our consultation with the other agency(ies).
	Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):
	For your information:
対	The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages: 100-399321-421page3-5

XXXXXX XXXXXX XXXXXX RE: MALCOLM K. LITTLE

Characterizations of the Nation of Islam and Mosque 29 appear in the appendix pages attached hereto.



RE: MALCOLM K. LITTLE

Name
Race
Sex
Date of Birth
Place of Birth
Height
Weight
Eyes
Hair
Complexion
Father
Mother
Scars
Occupation
Characteristics



FBI Number

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1

NATION OF ISLAM

In January, 1957, a source advised Elijah Muhammad has described his organization on a nationwide basis as the "Nation of Islam" and "Muhammad's Temples of Islam."

On May 7, 1965, a second source advised Klijah Muhammad is the national leader of the Nation of Islam (NOI); Muhammad's Temple of Islam Number 2, 5335 South Greenwood Avenue, Chicago, Illinois, is the national headquarters of the NOI; and in mid-1960 Muhammad and other NOI officials, when referring to Muhammad's organization on a nationwide basis, commenced using either "Mosque" or "Temple" when mentioning one of "Muhammad's Temples of Islam."

The NOI is an all-Negro organization which was originally organized in 1930 in Detroit, Michigan. Muhammad claims to have been selected by Allah, the Supreme Being, to lead the so-called Negro race out of slavery in the wilderness of North America by establishing an independent black nation in the United States. Members following Muhammad's teachings and his interpretation of the "Koran" believe there is no such thing as a Negro; the so-called Negroes are slaves of the white race, referred to as "white devils," in the United States; and the white race, because of its exploitation of the so-called Negroes, must and will be destroyed in the approaching "War of Armageddon."

In the past, officials and members of the NOI, including Muhammad, have refused to register under the provisions of the Selective Service Acts and have declared that members owe no allegiance to the United States.

On May 5, 1958, the first source advised Muhammad had, upon advice of legal counsel, tempered his personal statements and instructions to his ministers concerning the principles of his organization in order to avoid possible prosecution by the United States Government; however, he did not indicate any fundamental changes in the teachings of his organization.

On May 3, 1965, a third source advised Muhammad had, early in July, 1958, decided to de-emphasize the religious aspects of the teachings of Islam and to stress the economic benefits to be derived by those Negroes who joined the NOI. This policy change, according to Muhammad, would help him acquire additional followers and create more interest in his programs.

RE: MALCOLR E. LITTLE

APPENDIX

NATION OF ISLAM MUHAMMAD'S MOSQUE #29 MIANI, FLORIDA _____ ()

1

Two sources in Miami have advised that Mosque #29 of the Nation of Islam was established in Miami in October, 1958.

These sources advised that as of May 24, 1965, the Mosque was located at 4507 Northwest 17th Avenue, Miami. The Miami group is an affiliate of the National Nation of Islam and has about one hundred members.

According to these sources, this group adheres to the teachings of ELIJAH MUHAMMAD.

-FD-323 (Rev. 11-29-61)



In Raply, Please Refer to File No. 6

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Miami, Florida OCT 2 1 1965

Mtle

MALCOLM K. LITTLE.

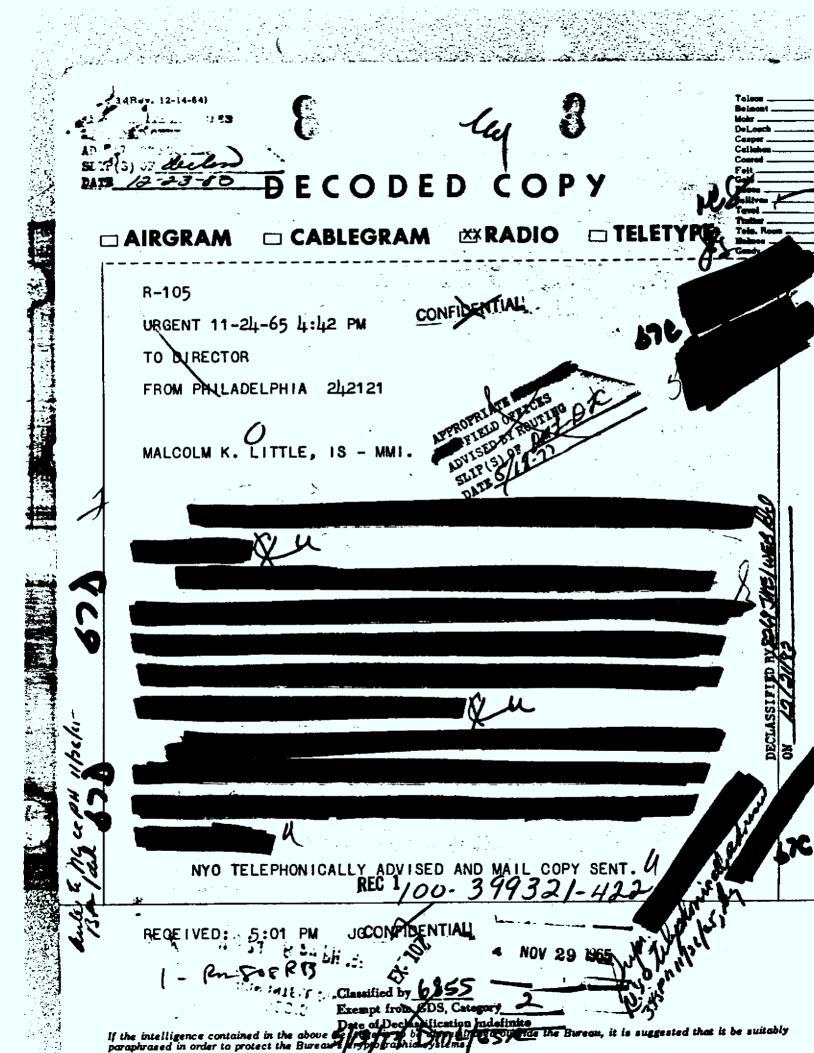
Character

INTERNAL SECURITY - MUSLIM MOSQUE, INC.

Reference

Memorandum, dated and captioned as above, at Miami, Florida.





11/94/65

airtel

EX. 10%

To: SAC, Now York (105-0009)

From: Director, PET (100-300321) - 4/22

MALCOLN K, LITTLE IS - MII

Beffred 11/34/65.

This will confirm telephonic instructions to New York to advise responsible local authorities of the information contained in rerad.

1 - Philadolphia (100-39918)

NOTE:

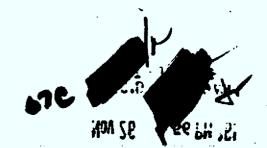
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New York Office, telephonically advised by 3:45 p.m., 1\$/26/65.

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ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 12/21/93 BY 226978 E KNOWN BY

MAILED 4 NOV 26 1965 COMM-FBI



UNITED STATES C ${\it 1}$ emorandum Director, FBI SUBJÉCT: Infurmation Concerning - Miscrilaneo MALCOLM K. LITTLE, aka IS - MMI (Bufile 100-399321) Re Paris letter to the Bureau 3-34-65 captioned MALCOLM K. LITTLE, aka; IS - MMI. the Tollowing information regarding MICOLM R. LITTLE: MALCOLM X group, which last repruary was interested in having MALCOLM X talk in Paris. The group is a mixture of people from Jamaica and America according to him. It has no formal name, no dues, and no formal meeting place. The meetings are impromptu and the members get together only for a few drinks and discussion. In Fobruary, 1965, at the time that MALCOLM X was planning to speak before a rally in Paris, the group is alleged to have had about 30 members and there are now "perhaps 10". By airtel dated 2-10-65 under the caption MALCOLM K LITTLE, aka; IS - MMI, the Bureau was advised that a group of approximately a dozen Negroes had appeared at Orly Airport Paris, to greet MALCOLM X. They were not permitted to talk with him and he was denied entrace to France. The present group, are not taking any stand on French politics and Bureau (1 - Liaison Section REC- 78 - Newark 2 - New York) (cc: 100-2171, Malcolm K. Little, aka) P - Paris JFF:HD (Ø) OT RECORDED DOW WILELL UN'ST WAS 1 8 1869 Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

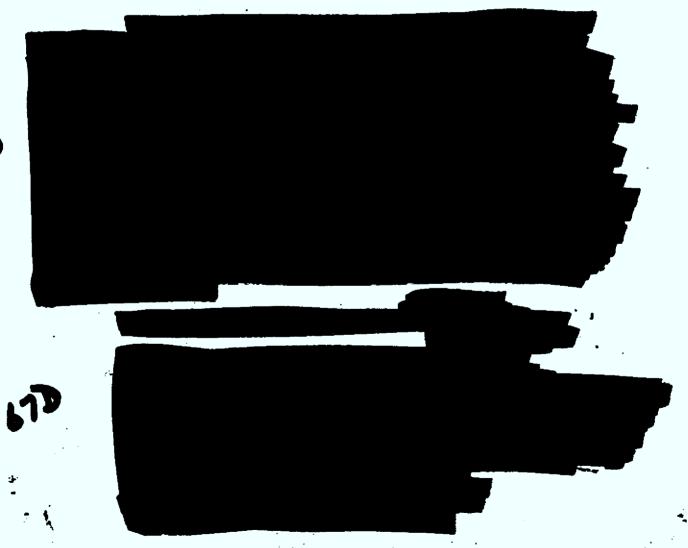
PIC

Paris

their primary purpose had been to get MALCOLM X here in Paris to speak. They had had posters printed and had done other promotional work in this regard.

PJD.

believed that he had changed from the "white devil" thought to a more interracial approach.



Paris Paris

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It is desired that the New York and the Newark Offices search their indices

PJC

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The above is furnished for the Bureau's information.

100-399321-423 CHANGED TO

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ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
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DATE 12/21/83 BY 2062THE WES ALS

UNITED STATES GO

TO 1/4 :

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-399321)

DATE: 12/17/65

SAC, NEW YORK (105-8999)

SUBJECT:

SM - MMI

670 on 12/16/65, New York County Assistant District advised that the State of New York Attorney will present its case on the death of MALCOLM X to the jury in January, 1966.

He stated that SA of the NYO The will be needed as a witness at the trial. SA be needed to identify one of the murder weapons (a 45 callore pistol) used in the killing of MALCOLM X and to show the chain of control of the evidence up until it was turned over to the NYCPD Lab.

received the weapon from who was present at the Audubon Ballroom. Nyc. Where Was shot and killed on 2/21/65. coluntarily turned this gun over to SAS on 2/21/65, concerning which the Bureau was

advised in detail under captioned matter.

Bureau approval is requested to allow to testify at the trial to be held at New York City.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED

DATE 12/21/83 BI 2269 THE WEB DD

HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

(2-Bureau 1-New York

JCS: pam

11-424

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

SAC, New York (195-8999)

12/23/66

Pirector, 781 (100

Hr, Mack Mr. Floyd

cole I. Litt CURITY MATTER

Bourlet dated 12/17/65.

Deread authority is granted for SA to appear as a vitness in the New York State proceedings concerning the seath of eaptioned individual. You should keep the Bureau advised as to the eutcome of the testimony at these proceedings and of any information coming to your attention in the intervening period which might adversely affect his appearance.

HOTE:

New York County Assistant District Attorney advises New York State will present its case concerning the death of the subject to the jury in January, 1966. of the New York Office will 670 that the testimony of SA be needed to identify one of the hurder weapons used in the killing of Malcolm X and to show the chain of control of the evidence up until it was turned over to New York City Police Department,

By way of background, on 2/21/65 telephonically contacted the New York Office advising that he had one of the weapons used to kill Malcolm X, which he desired to turn over to the FBI. On that same date SA and SA Obtained the weapon and a statement how the weapon came into his possession. Later that same turned the weapon ever to representatives of the Mew York City Police Department,

Tolson Tolson The above proc DeLoach subjects indicted in the Mohr jurisdiction in this mat	slaying of subject. 'ter. It appears the b	The Bureau has no est interests of
Control Control Tell Cole Cole Control Cole Col	of the excapon.	to testify by
Sutlivan TIM: baf	DEC & 2 1965	/// / ///
Wick Tele. Room Holmes	COMM-FBI	U

MXIC ROOM LA TELETYPE UNIT

TO

DIRECTOR, FBI

1-17

SAC, NEWARK (100-40295) (C)

SUBJECT:

CONCERNING - MISCELLANDOUS

MALCOLM K. LITTLE, aka

Re Legat, Paris, letter to Bureau 11/26/65.

Referenced letter requested Newark to search indices

Newark indices contain no identifiable reference to

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 12/21/83 BY 826974 Elwes ON

hy routing slip for Info [] action

Bureau (RM) – Newark

JAN 25 1400 44

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

ELIP(S, Memorandum DATE: 1/19/66 DIRECTOR, FBI LEGAT, PARIS SUBJECT: FRANCE INFORMATION CONCERNING - MISCELL bc Re Paris letter to Bureau 11/26/65, with copies to Newark and New York. It is desired that the New York and Newark Offices search their indices Classified by 2019THE LUE A Bureau Declasely CX: GADR (1 - Liaison Section) (1 - Newark) (1 - New York) 2 - Paris (1 - 100-2171, MALCOLM K.)NOT RECORDED 21 APR 1 8 1966 Copy to The by routing slip for Info [] action **REC-70** 18 JAN 2/1966 Jen 24 3 45 PH "66 ···· U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

lemorandum

DIRECTOR, FBI

1/21/66

FROM

SAC, WFO

SULJEČT:

INFORMATION CONCERNING - MISCELLANEOUS

MALCOLM K. LITTLE, aka (Bufile 100-399321)

(NYfile 105-8999)

(WFOfile 100-32805) (RUC)

IS - MMI (YM:00)

matter.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 12/22/03 BY 2269 MELLY

Re Legat, Paris letter dated 11/26/65 in captioned

hy routing slip for

6/- Eureau

info | actionREC 57 date

- 100-2171)(LITTLE) Newark (Info)(RM)

New York (Info)(RM)

1956 Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Pl



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100-399321-425,426,427,428)
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APR 19 1966

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ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
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DATE 12 41/13 BY 1269 THE WEAR OUT

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT Memorandum

TO

Mr. Sullivarin

DATE:

FROM

F. J. Baumgardner

- Mr. DeLoach l - Mr. Wick

- Mr. Sullivan

- Mr. Baumgardney

MALCOLM K. LITTLE

SECURITY MATTER - MUSLIM MOSQUE 1 -

The trial of Thomas Hagan, Norman 3X Butler and Thomas 15X Johnson accused of the murder of Malcolm K. Little better known as Malcolm X, head of the Muslim Mosque, Inc., (MMI) a politically oriented black nationalist movement for Negroes, began in New York State Supreme Court on 1/12/66. Malcolm X had formerly been a leading spokesman for the Nation of Islam, an all-Negro, semireligious, antiwhite organization.

By letter dated 12/23/65, the Bureau authorized of the New York Office to appear as a witness in this trial in order to identify one of the murder weapons used in the killing of Malcolm X, and to show the chain of evidence up until the time it was turned over to the New York City Police Department.

By way of background, present at the scene of the murder, on 2/21/00 terephonically contacted the New York Office advising he had one of the weapons used to kill Malcolm X, which he desired to turn over to the FBI. On that same date. SAs

and obtained the weapon and also a statement from as to how the weapon came into his possession. Later that same date, turned the weapon over to the New York City Police Department. REC 12 100 - 399321-42

On 2/8/66. SAC Donald E. Roney, New York Office, advised that SA would testify in the Malcolm X murder trial on Wednesday, 2/9/66. Rone tall and the New York County District Attorney had stated that it would probably be necessary for SA to produce the interview report form (FD 302) indicating receipt of the gun. Roney further stated that the New York Office had discussed production of the above-mentioned FD 302 with the United States Attorney's Office and had been advised by the United States Attorney that under the "Jencks Decision" and in conformity with New York State Supreme Court procedures, it will be necessary for SA with the produce the FD 302 if so requested by the Defense Counsel. Therefore, SAC Roney stated that SA will have the FD 302 ready for production in court in the event the Defense Counsel requests it. stated that SA

CONTINUED - OVER

Baumgardner to Sullivan Re: MALCOLM K. LITTLE 100-399321

: MOITOA

None. For information.

iff.

- 2 -



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対	Deleted under exemption(s) (b)(c)(b) with no segregable material available for release to you.
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<u> </u>	Pages contain information furnished by another Government agency(ies). You will be advised by the FBI as to the releasability of this information following our consultation with the other agency(ies).
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UNITED STATES GOF RNMENT $m{1}$ emorandum DIRECTOR, FBI (100-399321) SAC. NEW YORK (105-8999) MALCOLM K. LITTLE aka Miss Holmes SUBJECT: Miss Gandy. SM - MMI SECURITY MATTER MUSLIM MOSQUE INCORPORATED ReBulet dated 12/23/65, granting authority for to appear as a witness in the New York State trial concerning the death of captioned subject. testified on 2/9/66. During the cross examination, SA was asked by the Defense Attorney to produce any notes taken in reference to his produced an contact 4 SA FD 302 which the Derense Attorney returned after his questioning. Defense Attorney's line of questioning centered upon whether or not SA checked FBI reports to see if FBI Agents were in the audience at the Audubon Ballroom when MALCOLM X was killed. SA questioned as to whether the FBI Lab examined the .45 calibre pistol used in the murder of MALCOLM X before it was turned over to the NYCPD, SA court that the FBI Lab did not examine the .45 calibre revolver before it was turned over to the NYCPD and that 🕿 The did not check FBI files to determine if FBI Agents were present in the ballroom when MALCOLM X was killed. The courtroom was cleared of the news media spectators when SA testified in view of the fact that his testimony, in effect, centered around who gave SA the above mentioned .45 calibre automatic pistol. **REC 70** testified in court on 2/3 and 4/66, after the courtroom was cleared of reporters and spectators, claiming his life was in danger if his identity was known. 2-Bureau (RM) 2-New York Personnel File, JCS:pam FEB 11 1966 (4) FEB 2 8 1966 Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Bonds

NY 105-8999

NY County Assistant District Attorney VINCENT DERMODY advised on 2/9/66 that he did not believe it would be necessary to recall SA as a witness at a later date.

Mr. DERMODY expressed his appreciation to SA for testifying and the NYO for its assistance during the State's investigation of the case.

Addendum
(SAC D. E. RONEY): On the late afternoon of 2/9/66, Mr.
VINCENT DERMODY, Assistant District
Attorney, New York County, telephoned
me to convey his great appreciation

to the Bureau for making available SA to testify in the MALCOLM K. LITTLE trial. Mr. DEMODI said SA was a wonderful witness, and used the word "terrific" to describe his testimony and demeanor on the witness stand. He said SA certainly reflected great credit on the FBI. Mr. DERMODY also said he wanted to express his appreciation for the wonderful cooperation on the part of the NYO with the New York City Police Department and the District Attorney's office in this case. Mr. DERMODY said that the cooperation from the beginning of this case had been "terrific," and said this was a perfect example of real effective cooperation.

UNITED STATES GERNMENT Memorandum

15 FEB 21 1000

INT. SELE.

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-399321) Date: FROM SAC, PHILADELPHIA (100-39918) (RUC) LITTLE, aka MALCOLM K. New York) The following information was furnished TCC 97V 440 Bureau (100-399321) (RM)
New York (RM)
1 - 105-8999 (MALCOLM K. LITTLE) 100 39 9321-43 Philadelphia 1 - 100-39918



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	Information pertained only to a third party. Your name is listed in the title only.
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	Pages contain information furnished by another Government agency(ies). You will be advised by the FBI as to the releasability of this information following our consultation with the other agency(ies).
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SAC. New York (105-8999)

Director, FBI (100-39932)

Malcoln K. Little SECURITY MATTER - MUSLIM MOSQUE. INC.

Rell'10t 2/9/66.

New York should closely fellow the trial in progrees concerning the assassination of captioned subject. The Bureau should be kept promptly advised of all pertinent developments.

Upon completion of the trial, if warranted, New York should consider submission of appropriate recommendations concerning the Special Agents who have participated in the investigation regarding the assassination of the subject.

MOTE:

Bureau authorized SA of the New York trial of the subject, Office to appear as a witness in the munde mbecom as Malcolm I, oconcerning a firearm allegedly used in the assassination of Malcolm X. The New York Office has advised SA has completed his testimony and was highly praised by the New York prosecuting attorney handling that case. Bureau Agents have played a very significant part in aiding local authorities in the prosecution of the defendants in this CASO.

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ENCODED MESSAGE

FBI NEW YORK

10:59 PM EST URGENT 2/28/66 M.F.R.
TO DIRECTOR ///10/// (100-399321) AND NEWARK
FROM NEW YORK (105-8999) 1 PAGE

V.

Mr. DeLeach
Mr. Mohr.
Mr. Wiek
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahen
Mr. Casrad
Mr. Pelk
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Trotter
Tela, Rosen
Miss Holmen
Miss Gandy

SUBJECT MALCOLM X LITTLE; IS DASH MMI

FOR THE INFORMATION OF THE BUREAU AND THE NEWARK OFFICE,

DISTRICT ATTORNEY'S OFFICE, NEW YORK COUNTY, ADVISED THAT
IN MALCOLN X MURDER TRIAL, TALMADGE HAYER, THIS DATE, OMITTED IN OPEN
COURT THAT HE SHOT MALCOLM X AND ATTEMPTED TO EXOMERATE OTHER DEFENDANTS
DEFENDANTS, THOMAS JOHNSON AND NORMAN BUTLER.

END

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FBI

Date: 2/25/66

Via AIRTEL

(Priority)

TO:

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-399321)

FROM:

SAC, NEW YORK (105-8999)

SUBJECT:

MALCOLM K. LITTLE aka

SM-MMI

Re Bulet dated 2/21/66, requesting the NYO to closely follow the trial in progress concerning the assassination of captioned subject and to keep the Bureau advised of all pertinent developments.

On 2/21/66, Detective JOSEPH METSCH, a ballistics expert testified at the MALCOLM X murder trial at NY County Supreme Court, NYC, that cartridges taken from TALMAGE HAYER, one of 3 men charged with MALCOLM X's assassination, were linked with a .45 caliber weapon used to kill MALCOLM X. Detective REISCH said extraction marks found on .45 caliber cartridges taken from TALMAGE HAYER matched markings made by the weapon used to shoot MALCOLM X. N.

Detective REISCH continued by stating that a microscopic examination of the shell casings of the cartridges taken from HAYER matched three shells found in the Audubon Ballroom when MALCOLM X was slain. REISCH said the extraction marks on a gun are significant and peculiar to that particular weapon. He said the markings are similar to an individual's fingerprints.

- 0 .	
	Tt is noted that the .45 caliber pistol mentioned as available to the NYPD by SA
3) Bury	MALCOLM X was slain. (RM) - 100 - 399321-
2 - New: - (1 - New	80- POLICE COOPERATION) 20 FEB 26 1966
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NY 105-8999

On 2/16/66, SA manage available to MY County Assistant District Attorney VINCENT J. DERMODY 3 photographs. Two of the photographs consisted of a group of male negroes including HAYER in karate uniforms, the third photograph consisted of 3 persons one being TALMAGE HAYER with the photographer who took the group photographs.

610

Assistat District Attorney DERMODY stated that the photographs would be "excellent evidence" that HAYER is or was associated with the Black Muslims since HAYER has denied being a Muslim or even being "associated with them". Mrs. DERMODY said he could only use the photographs if HAYER is even called to the stand by his attorney.

Mr. DERMODY and SA then arranged that if HAYER was ever called to the stand during the trial. Mr. DERMODY would call SA who would then contact SA in NK to have him present copies of photographs mentioned above to to determine if he took the pictures, where, and when and if he could identify HAYER. It was pointed out by Assistant DistrictAttorney DERMODY would have to be contacted only when HAYER is testifying

Ne

on 2/23/66, Assistant District Attorney DERMODY contacted SA and advised that HAYER was called by his attorney to testify on his own behalf and that he planned to show the above mentioned photographs to HAYER when he cross examined him,

While on the stand, HAYER denied charges that he had killed MANDLM X a year ago, that he was ever a member of the

NY 105-8999

Black Mislims, that he had ever learned or practiced karate or that he had a gun in his hand at the Audubon Ballroom the day MALCOIM X was killed.

While HAYER was being cross examined by Assistant District Attorney DERMODY, he was shown photographs of himelf with a karate group and was "quite surprised", remained silont for a moment and said it looks like him but it wasn't him.

In the meantime while HAYER was testifying, SA of the NK Office contacted and exhibited copies of the above mentioned photographs. Stated that he took the pictures at Muhammad's Mosque #25 at a Black Muslim bazaar in March, 1963. He identified the group photographs as that of a karate group which put on an exhibition and identified HAYER as TALMAGE only.

The results of the contact with was made available to Mr. DERMDOY on 2/23/66, who was very pleased.

Arrangements were made between Mr. DERMODY, SA
of the NYO and SA NK, to have 3 members of
the District Attorey's Office meet with SA Tat 8:30 a.m.,
2/24/66, The in turn would show the officials of the District
Attorney's Office in order that they
could interview to return to NYC to
testify.

Attorney DERMODY advised SA that DURANT testified on behalf of the State and identified the photograph as those taken by him in March, 1963, at Muhammad's Mosque #25, NK, NJ, of a karate team that put on a karate exhibition. He then identified HAYER as TALMAGE who actually introduced himself to him during the affair.

Assistant District Attorney DERMODY again expressed his appreciation for the cooperation given to him by Salar and Salar He stated that the state has just about completed its case and described the photograph of DURANT's testimony "as frosting on the cake" as for the presenting of his case to the court is concered.

FBI

Date: 3/7/66

Transmit the following in .

(Type in plain text or code)

AIRTEL

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO:

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-399321

FROM:

SAC, NEW YORK (105-8999)

SUBJECT:

MALCOLM K. LITTLE aka

SM - MMI

ReNYairtel dated 3/3/66.

For the information of the Bureau and Newark

Office.

NYC, advised SA

on 3/4/06

that THOMAS 15% JOHNSON and his wife testified at the MALCOLM X murder trial on 3/3 and 4/66.

Mrs. JOHNSON testified on 3/3/66, and stated that her husband was home all day on 2/21/65, when MALCOLM X was killed. When questioned by the prosecutor as to whether her husband ever had a gun at home, she refused to answer the question. Later during the trial, Defense Attorney WEAVER asked Mrs. JOHNSON if her husband ever had a gun, and she answered yes. The prosecutor then told Mrs. JOHNSON that he asked her the same question only a few moments ago and she refused to answer the question. Mrs. JOHNSON then remarked "I don't have to answer to the police".

and the morning of 3/4/66. He denied ever leaving his home

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on 2/21/65, let alone killing MALCOIM X at the Audubon Ballroom on that date. He also stated he never handled a gun at any time in his life. Under cross-examination, JOHNSON admitted that he once bought a gun while he was unemployed and obtaining funds from the NYC Welfare Department.

believed the case will go to the jury on or about 3/10/00.

AIRTEL MAR 3 - 196 DIRECTOR, FBI (100-399321) TO: FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (105-8999) MALCOLM K. LITTLE aka I SUBJECT: SM - MMI ReNY teletype dated 2/28/66. For the information of the Bureau and Newark Offices. on 3/2/66 that TALMAGE HAYER while SA testifying on the stand in the MALCOLM X Murder Trial on 2/28/66 and 3/1/66, admitted he was hired to kill MALCOLM X for money, and had three other confederates whom he refused to identify. He did state that NORMAN 3X BUTLER and THOMAS 15X JOHNSON, also charged with the killing of MALCOLM X are innocent. stated that the defense called a Dr. KENNETH SESSLOWE, Lincoln Hospital, Bronx, to the witness stand on behalf of NORMAN BUTLER, who claimed the Beards: How the doctor treated him for an injured leg when MALCOLM X REC 5 100-29932 Bureau (RM) NAR 12 1966 Newark (RM) (AM) (- New York 1 - New York 1 - New York Le- New York 672 JCS:11s /////(10)\

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was killed. During the cross examination by Assistant District Attorney VINCENT J. DERMODY, the doctor admitted that he treated BUTLER, but four days after the killing of MALCOLM X and that the injury could have been caused by a person falling down a flight of stairs. It is noted that when testified at the trial, he stated that one of the assassins jumped over TALMAGE HAYER while running down the stairs to get out of the Audubon Ballroom after MALCOLM X was killed. The defense attorneys according to were disturbed by the doctor's testimony and said they would impeach the doctor. Judge CHARLES MARKS reminded the defense attorneys that the doctor was their witness.

DERMODY requestioned BUTLER about meeting with JOHN ALI, NOI National Secretary, at the Americana Hotel, NYC, the night before MALCOLM X was killed. BUTLER stated he knew JOHN ALI but never met him. Said information was received that JOHN ALI met with HAYER the night before MALCOLM X was killed, but that the witness to this meeting was later arrested for theft and was now considered undesirable as a state witness.

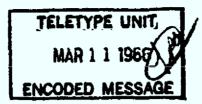
MORRIS, was this date again called to the witness stand, this time on behalf of the defense. During cross examination MORRIS admitted that he was once a member of the NOI in NY and at that time knew BUTLER and JOHNSON as members of the NOI "Enforcement Squad" whose duty it was to talk to and sometimes "shake up people."

According to while BUTLER was on the witness stand Judge MARKS stated that if BUTLER's manners on the stand did not change, he would charged the jury to take into consideration BUTLER's mannerism and demeanor in determining if he was telling the truth on the witness stand.

NY 105-8999

that BUTLER's actions on the witness stand was very detrimental to his case.

stated THOMAS 15% JOHNSON is scheduled to be called to the witness stand on his own behalf on the afternoon of 3/2/66.



FBI NEW YORK URGENT 3-11-66 MEW YORK 105-8999

LITTLE, SM-MMI

NEW YORK STATE SUPREME COURT JURY FOUND TALMAGE HAYER

OF PATERSON, NEW JERSEY, NORMAN THREE X BUTLER AND THOMAS FIFTEEN X JOHNSON OF NEW YORK, GUILTY OF FIRST DEGREE ON MARCH ELEVEN NINETEEN SIXTYSIX FOR THE MURDER OF MALCOLM K.

LITTLE COMMONLY KNOWN AS MALCOLM X. SENTENCE SCHEDULED FOR APRIL FOURTEEN NEXT.

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LETTER FOLLOWS.

10 MAR 15 1966

COPY OF INSTANT TELETYPE BEING SENT TO NEWARK BY MAIL.

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MR DELOACH FOR THE DIRECTOR

CC- MR. SULLIVAN

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Memorandum

TO DIRECTOR, FBI (100-399321)

3/16/66 DATE:

SAC, NEW YORK (105-8999) (P)

MALCOLM K. LITTLE aka SM-MMI

ReNYtel, 3/11/66.

advised SA that on that date NORMAN 3X BUTLER, THOMAS 15X JOHNSON and TAIMAGE HAYER were found guilty of murder in the first degree for the killing of MALCOLM X on 2/21/65, at NYC.

On 3/14/66, Assistant District Attorney VINCENT J. DERMODY, NYC, advised SA that the NY State Supreme Court jury deliberated over 20 hours and at 12:20 A.M. on 3/11/66, returned a verdict of murder in the first degree on the defendants BUTLER, JOHNSON and HAYER for the assassination of MALCOLM X. Mr. DERMODY stated that Justice CHARLES MARKS set 4/14/66 for sentencing. He further stated that if BUTLER, JOHNSON and HAYER are sentenced to life imprisonment, as is mandatory for murder in the first degree, the trio would have to serve a minimum of 26 years 8 months before they will be eligible for parole.

The NYO will continue to follow this case and report results of sentencing on 4/14/66.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE /2/21/83 BY 8249 TVELES/OF

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TO

DIRECTOR, PHI

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PROM:

BAC, HEW YORK

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) SUBJECT:

(OO: BOSTON)

Enclosed for the Bureau are eight copies of an LFM concerning a proposed Press Conference to be held on or about 4/14/06.

Enclosed for Boston are two copies of same LHM.

513

This LHM is classified confidential inasmuch as it contains information from

LT)

- 4)- Bureau (Encls. 8) (RM) (1 100-399321) (MALCOLM K. LETTLE)
- 2 Boston (Encls. 2) (RM)
- 1 New York (105-8999) (MALCOLM K. LITTLE)
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In Roply, Please Refer to File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

PEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION New York, New York April 1, 1966

Ella Mae Collins

Elia Collins, current head of the Organization of Airo-American Unity (OAAU), and sister of the late Malcolm X, who was the founder of the OAAU and Muslim Mosque, Incorporated (MMI), indicated that on or about April 14, 1966, she will call a Press Conference and send a telegram to the President, the Attorney General and to J. Edgar Hoover. The telegram will be to the effect that Malcolm X was killed while exercising his rights under the Constitution and that the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) should conduct a full investigation and bring to trial the actual murderers of Malcolm X.

A characterization of the OAAU and MMI which includes a characterization of Malcolm X is attached hereto.



This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

100-399321-

ENCLOSURE



APPZNDIX

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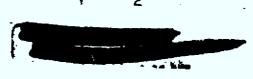
MUSLIM MOSQUE, INCORPORATED (MMI)

The March 13, 1964, edition of "The New York Times", a daily newspaper published in New York, New York, contained an article on page 20 which indicated that MALCOIM X (LITTLE), former national official of the Nation of Islam (NOI) who broke with the NOI on March 8, 1964, publicly announced in New York City on March 12, 1964, that he had formed the Muslim Mosque, Incorporated (MMI). The MMI, according to the article, would be a broadly based politically oriented black nationalist movement for Negroes, only, financed by voluntary contributions. In this public statement, MALCOIM X urged Negroes to abandon the doctrine of non-violence when it is necessary to defend themselves in the civil rights struggle, and he also suggested that Negroes form withe clubs to protect their lives and property in time of energencies in areas where the government is unable or unwilling to protect them.

Incorporation papers of the MMI filed on March 16, 1964, with the Business Section, Clerk of Courts, New York County, New York, New York, reflect that the MMI was incorporated under the Religious Corporation Law of the State of New York to work for the imparting of the Islamic Faith and Islamic Religion in accordance with "accepted Islamic principals". The principal place of worship to be located in the Borough of Manhattan, New York, New York.

The May 23, 1964, edition of the "New York Amsterdam News", a weekly Negro newspaper published in New York City, contained an article by columnist JAMES BOOKER in which he indicated that he had heard that the visit by MALCOLM X with Muslim leaders during his African tour has changed him to become soft in his anti-white feelings and to become more religious.

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<u>2</u>.

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1.

ORGANIZATION OF AFRO-AMERICAN UNITY, INCORPORATED (OAAU)

On June 28, 1964, MALCOLM X LITTLE, founder and leader of the Muslim Mosque, Incorporated (MMI), publicly announced the formation of a new, all Negro, militant civil rights action group to be known as the Organization of Afro-American Unity (OAAU), with himself as Chairman. This announcement was made at a public rally held by the MMI in the Audubon Ballroom, Broadway and 166th Street, New York City.

A printed and published statement of basic OAAU aims read by MALCOLM X at this meeting indicates that it shall include "all" people of African descent in the Western Hemisphere, as well as "our" brothers and sisters on the African continent. It is patterned after the "letter and spirit" of the Organization of African Unity established (by African heads of States) at Addis Ababa, Ethiopia, in May, 1963.

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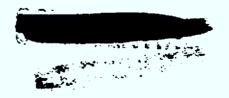




2.

ORGANIZATION OF AFRO-AMERICAN UNITY, INCORPORATED (OAAU)

On April 13, 1965, a second confidential source advised that on March 26, 1965, the OAAU filed a Certificate of Incorporation with the Department of State, State of New York, Albany, New York, and henceforth the organization's true name will be Organization of Afro-American Unity, Incorporated.



AIRTEL

TO:

DIRECTOR, PHI

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FROM:

BAC, NEW YORK

SUBJECT:

SM - CAAU (00: Boston) 67 CALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE / 2/21/23 BY 8244 THE

Inclosed for the Bureau are eight copies of an LHM concerning a proposed Fress Conference to be held on or about 4/14/66.

Enclosed for Boston are two copies of same LHM.

P.10

This LHM is classified confidential inasmuch as it contains information from

- 4)- Bureau (Encls. 8) (RM) (1) 100-399321) (MALCOLM & LETTLE)
- 2 Boston (Encls. 2) (RM)
- 1 New York (105-8999) (MALCOLM K. LITTLE)
- 1 New York

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FBI Date: 2/23/67 Transmit the following in PLAINTEXT (Type in plaintext or code) (Priority) DIRECTOR, FBI (100-399321) TO SAC, NEW YORK (105-8999) (C) FROM SUBJECT: MEMORIAL MARCH AND SERVICE COMMEMORATING THE DEATH OF MALCOLM X INFORMATION CONCERNING (YM:00) Enclosed herewith are 13 copies of LHM dated and captioned as above. Attached LHM is classified "Confidential" because it contains information furnished by Copies of attached LHM have been sent to 108th INTC, OSI, ONI, Secret Service and USA, SDNY. received the information from L INFORMATION CONTAINED 5 - Bureau (Enc. 13) (RM) REIN IS UNCLASSIFIED (2 - 100-442235) 2 - Atlanta 1 - New York 1100-153500 (OAAU) 1 - New York Plo 1 - New York 1 - New York l - New York l - New York AGENCY: ACSI, ONI, OST; SEC. SERV. FEB 24 1967 JJD: shv BERT: ISD, CRP, R DATE FORW: HOW FORW: Sent



CONFIDENTIAL UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION New York, New York February 23, 1967

In Reply, Please Refer to File No. Bureau 100-399321

> Memorial March and Service Commemorating the Death of Malcolm X Information Concerning

On February 23, 1967.

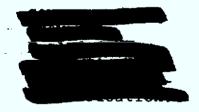
Service commenorating the Death of Malcolm X took place at approximately 12 noon on February 22, 1967, at the Audubon Ballroom, West 166 Street and Broadway, New York City.

Approximately one hundred people marched in a parade down Broadway to 145 Street, and then crossed over to Seventh Avenue. At this point, they marched down to 125 Street where they were joined by about another one hundred people. Here a Memorial Service for Malcolm X was conducted and a small bust of Malcolm X was unveiled.

Speakers were as follows:

Akiyere Awolowo, Chief of Information of the Harlem Peoples' Parliament.

July of the Resident



This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not tobe distributed outside your agency.

100-399321-442

ENCLOSURE

Memorial March and Service Commemorating the Death of Malcolm X

Baba Oseijeman Adefumi, the Prime Minister of the Marlem Peoples' Parliament, and High Priest of the Yoruba Temple who stated that the Negro people should buy goods from black people.

Stokley Carmichael, Executive Director of the Student Non-Wolent Coordinating Committee who stated that from now on they will no longer celebrate the death of Malcolm X, but instead will celebrate his birthday.

Charles 37X Morris, a Militant black nationalist who spoke in general laudatory terms about Malcolm X.

Ella Collins, President of the Organization of Afro-American Unity, who also spoke in general terms about the good that Malcolm X did while he was living.

The affair terminated at 2:30 PM with about two hundred people in attendance.

There were no arrests or incidents.

On February 23, 1967, a confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised that the Memorial Service for Malcolm X was held as scheduled with no incidents. According to this source, approximately two hundred people attended the affair in which a bust of Malcolm X was unveiled.

Characterization of OAAU is contained in the appendix.

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1.

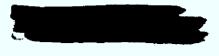
MUSLIM MOSQUE, INCORPORATED (1911)

The March 13, 1964, edition of "The New York Times", a daily newspaper published in New York. New York. contained an article on page 20 which indicated that MALCOLM X (LITTLE), former national official of the Nation of Islam (NOI), who broke with the NOI on March 8, 1964, publicly announced in New York City on March 12, 1964, that he had formed the Muslim Mosque, Incorporated (MMD). The MMI according to the article, would be a broadly based politically oriented black nationalist movement for Negroes, only, financed by voluntary contributions. In this public statement, "MALCOLM X urged Negroes to abandon the doctrine of nonviolence when it is necessary to defend themselves in the civil rights struggle, and he also suggested that Negroes form rifle clubs to protect their lives and property in time of emergencies in areas where the government is unable or unwilling to protect them.

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1.

NATION OF ISLAM

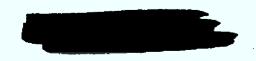
In January, 1957, a source advised that ELIJAH MUHAMMAD has described his organization on a nationwide basis as the "Nation of Islam" and "Muhammad's Temples of Islam."

On April 29, 1966, a second source advised that, ELIJAH MUHAMMAD is the national leader of the Nation of Islam (NOI); Muhammad's Temple of Islam No. 2, 5335 South Greenwood Avenue, Chicago, Illinois, is the national headquarters of the NOI; and in mid-1960, MUHAMMAD and other NOI officials, when referring to MUHAMMAD's organization on a nationwide basis, commenced using either "Mosque" or "Temple" when mentioning one of "Muhammad's Temples of Islam."

The NOI is an all-Negro organization which was originally organized in 1930 in Detroit, Michigan. MUHAMMAD claims to have been selected by ALLAH, the Supreme Being, to lead the so-called Negro race out of slavery in the wilderness of North America by establishing an independent black nation in the United States. Members following MUHAMMAD's teachings and his interpretation of the "Koran" believe there is no such thing as a Negro; that the so-called Negroes are slaves of the white race, referred to as "white devils," in the United States; and that the white race, because of its exploitation of the so-called Negroes, must and will be destroyed in the approaching "War of Armageddon."

In the past, officials and members of the NOI, including MUHAMMAD, have refused to register under the provisions of the Selective Service Acts and have declared that members owe no allegiance to the United States.

On May 5, 1958, the first source advised that MUHAMMAD had, upon advice of legal counsel, tempered his personal statements and instructions to his ministers concerning the principles of his organization in order to avoid possible prosecution by the United States Government.





APPENDIX (CONT'D)

2.

NATION OF ISLAM (CONT'D)

however, he did not indicate any fundamental changes in the teachings of his organization.

On May 2, 1966, a third source advised that MUHAMMAD had, early in July, 1958, decided to de-emphasize the religious aspects of the teachings of Islam and to stress the economic benefits to be derived by those Negroes who joined the NOI. This policy change, according to MUHAMMAD, would help him acquire additional followers and create more interest in his programs.



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MALCOLM X was assassinated on February 21, 1965, while addressing an OAAU rally at the Audubon Ballroom, New York City.

On February 28, 1966, a confidential source advised that the president and head of the OAAU is ELLA COLLINS, a half-sister of the late MALCOLM X, who resides in Boston, Massachusetts.





<u>2.</u>

ORGANIZATION OF AFRO-AMERICAN UNITY, INCORPORATED (OAAU)(CONT'D)

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