Re: James Earl Ray

Motel at the time of the shooting of Reverend King. According to the arresting officers, these two individuals were placed in a marked patrol car, questioned, and then transferred to the adquarters. According to Inspector to Central Police Police Department, the handling of these prisoners was standard operating procedure and most persons arrested by transported to Headquarters in unmarked cars, one arrestee to a car.

According to Mr. Flannery's memorandum, claims that an unidentified Negro policeman was removed from this assignment at the Fire Station at about 5 p.m. on the day of the assassination. Identifies this policeman

also states that two Negro firemen were moved from the station a day or two before the shooting. One of them had reportedly told friends that two or three days before Dr. King was shot a telescope or binoculars had been set up on a tripod in the Fire Station and focused on the Lorraine Motel balcony. According to this memorandum, in August advised Flannery that one fireman left the Department or was suspended, Sortly after the shooting, and that he had been unable to locate either of them.

Unit, Memphis Police Department, advised on 11/18/68, that on 4/3/68 he assigned Detective and Patrolman Negro officers, both of whom are assigned to a security detail at the Memphis Police Department, to located at Butler and Main Streets. This location is approximately one block from the Lorraine Motel. The purpose of this assignment was to observe the activities of the "Invaders," were rooming at the Lorraine Motel at this time. These two officers were equipped with binoculars and were stationed in a room at the rear of the fire station, with a view that included

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the room later occupied by the Reverend Martin Luther King,

In connection with this assignment, and prior to the time Officers and physically proceeded to this assigned location, it was determined by the Intelligence Unit of the Memphis Police Department that a Negro fireman stationed at the Fire Station and named taken an active part in demonstrations by the striking sanitaton workers in February and March, 1968, and had been closely associated with black militants connected with the strike. order to insure security for Officers and to insure that no information regarding the Memphis Police Department Intelligence Unit's efforts to keep abreast of the activities of the "Invaders" was leaked to the black militants in Memphis, the Chief of the Memphis Fire Department was requested to temporarily transfer Fireman o another fire station. This was done on 4/3/68.

In addition, on 4/4/68, Negro Fireman was routinely assigned from Fire Station #2 to Fire Station #31, due to a manpower shortage at Fire Station #31.

On 11/18/63, letter dated 5/18/68, Fireman esigned from the Memphis case of service diving as his reason for leaving "Personal Reasons." advised it is his understanding that the Mas become an active worker with the NAACP at Memphis subsequent to his resignation from the Memphis Fire Department.

of the Intelligence Unit of the Momphis Police Department, on instructions from Inspector proceeded to Fire Engine Rouse #2 and removed Detective from this station, leaving Officer at this post. The reason for the removal of Officer was due to the receipt of a telephone call on the morning of 4/4/68 by

for Senator McClellan's Senate Investigating Committee, Washington, D. C., to the effect that information had been

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received by the Committee that a Negro detective on the Memphis Police Department was to be killed.

Due to Detective attending meetings of the striking sanitation workers in activities in February and March 1968, had been threatened on several occasions. Inspector therefore believed the telephone call received by the McClellan Committee was another threat directed against ordered removed from his He therefore removed from his lookout post at Engine House #2 for own protection. A police guard of two officers was assigned to and his family as a result of this threat.

A review of the tapes of the Memphis Police Department radio transmissions for April 4, 1968, failed to reflect any transmissions from Police Dispatcher ordering to move from his observation post and, in fact, it has been ascertained that no radio equipment was maintained by the Police officers at this observation post with which to receive radio transmissions.

According to this memorandum, mentions something to the effect that of the Memphis Police Department telephonically contacted the Lorraine Motel regarding stationing detectives at the motel.

In this regard,
does not recall talking to any maid at the Lorraine Motel
on 4/4/68; however, he stated he nad been in telephonic
contact on a number of occasions with
regarding the identity of certain individuals registered at the Motel.

It has been determined from the Memphis Police Department that on the morning of 4/3/68, Memphis

ordered

to send a detail of men to the Memphis Metropolitan Airport
to offer security to the Reverend Martin Luher King, Jr. and
his party. Police records reflect that Inspector
offered the services of the police detail to

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Special Agent in Charge
Sent