

FBI

Date: 3/12/64

Transmit the following

(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL

REGISTERED MAIL

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (157-1025; 157-1263)
 ATTENTION: CIVIL RIGHTS SECTION,
 GENERAL INVESTIGATIVE DIVISION
 FROM: SAC, MIAMI (157-896) (157-918)

BAPBOMB
 (OO: BIRMINGHAM) (P)

[REDACTED]
 RACIAL MATTERS
 (OO: MIAMI) (P)

Re Miami airtel to the Bureau, 3/9/64, captioned
 [REDACTED] "RACIAL MATTERS, OO: MIAMI,"
 and telephone call from supervisor [REDACTED] 3/11/64,
 SOG.

Enclosed for the Bureau are 12 copies of a
 letterhead memorandum, captioned [REDACTED]

- ⑦ - Bureau (Enc-12)
 - (3 - 157-1025 - BAPBOMB) (Enc-8)
 - ③ - 157-1263 [REDACTED] (Enc-3)
 - (1 - 66-16458 - SOMERSETT) (Enc-1)
- 2 - Atlanta (157-MARTIN LUTHER KING) (Enc-2)
- 4 - Birmingham (Enc-4)
 - (2 - 157-352 - BAPBOMB) (Enc-2)
 - (1 - 157-298 [REDACTED] Enc-1)
 - (1 - 157-642 [REDACTED] (Enc-1)
- 3 - Los Angeles (Enc-3)
 - (1 - 157-BAPBOMB) (Enc-1)
 - (2 - 157-57 [REDACTED] Enc-2)
- 5 - Mobile (Enc-5)
 - (1 - 157-BAPBOMB) (Enc-1)
- 1 - New Orleans (Info) (Enc-1)
- 1 - Memphis (Info) (Enc-1)
- 4 - Miami
 - (1-157-896-BAPBOMB)
 - (2-157-918 [REDACTED])
 - (1-170-1-Sub-A)

NOT RECORDED
 162 MAR 18 1964

LCP:jlt
 (27)

ORIGINAL COPY FILED IN 157-1025-918

68 MAR 24 1964

Approved:

150 Special Agent in Charge

Sent

M

Per

CARBON COPY

MM 170-1

that except for the unskilled common labor unions, the NFL is the only union in the Miami area which has integrated members.

SOMERSETT said that he had heard, from various sources, that his policy of equal job opportunity is being criticized by other unions in the Miami area and these unions reportedly would like to put the NFL out of business.

The above is being furnished for the information of the Bureau.

MM 157-896; 157-918

also known as [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] Copies of the letterhead memo are being furnished to listed offices as noted in copies to other Offices. Local U. S. Secret Service was orally advised and are being furnished two copies of instant letterhead memo.

Reference is made to Miami airtel 3/9/64, paragraph one, which reflects WILLIAM SOMERSETT had been contacted several times by [REDACTED] regarding a carbine rifle. SOMERSETT discussed this matter with [REDACTED] and it was their decision to obtain a carbine rifle for SOMERSETT to turn over to [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]



Joseph Adams Miller

DOB 2/26/02

5'5"

160 lbs

Gray Hair

Photo taken 11/27/03

1-9-1-03-3

AT 157-608-1A2

SAC, Atlanta

2/4/64

19 157-1223-4
Director, FBI

JOSEPH ADAMS MILTEER
RACIAL MATTERS

Enclosed is a self-explanatory letter dated 1/30/64 from Assistant Attorney General Herbert J. Miller, Jr., captioned "J. A. Milteer."

A copy of your summary report dated 1/22/64 has been furnished to the Department.

Enclosure

RBL:cag

(4)

MAILED 4
FEB 4-1964
COMM-FBI

- Tolson _____
- Belmont _____
- Mohr _____
- Casper _____
- Callahan _____
- Conrad _____
- DeLoach _____
- Evans _____
- Gale _____
- Rosen _____
- Sullivan _____
- Tavel _____
- Trotter _____
- Tele. Room _____
- Holmes _____
- Gandy _____

1-2 XEROX
FEB 7 1964

337 [Signature]

72 FEB 13 1964 MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

PM

62-10900-1

Memorandum

TO : The Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation

DATE: January 30 1964

FROM : Herbert J. Miller, Jr., Assistant Attorney General,
Criminal Division

SUBJECT: J. A. Milteer

This refers to your memorandum of November 27, 1963, dated at Miami and captioned "Threat to Kill President Kennedy By J. A. Milteer, Miami, Florida, November 9, 1963".

It is requested that this Division be kept fully advised of any information you receive concerning Milteer's activities and statements, and I believe it is important that we should make every effort to learn as much as possible about him and his activities in order to be in a better position to evaluate the information in your November 27 memorandum, as well as to forestall any activity in the future by him and the groups with which he is affiliated, in potential violation of federal criminal statutes.

EXP. PROC. 11
3 5 40 JAN 30 1964
62-100000-1

Doc
MCT-9
REC-19

157-1223-4
2-4
17 JAN 20 1964

XEROX
FEB 7 1964

let to AT
2/4/64
RBL:caj

R. R. ...
SM

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

62-35533
CPB

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20535

February 3, 1967

THREAT TO KILL PRESIDENT
KENNEDY BY J. A. MILTEER
MIAMI, FLORIDA
NOVEMBER 9, 1963

On January 26, 1967, the Miami Office of this Bureau received the following information. It was reported that [REDACTED] Police Department, had requested permission from an informant of his Department to release to the press information regarding the plot to assassinate President John Fitzgerald Kennedy made by J. A. Milteer to the Miami Police Department informant on November 9, 1963.

The police informant gave [REDACTED] permission to make the release provided the informant's identity was concealed. Subsequently, the police informant was contacted by Bill Barry, a reporter for the "Miami News," and the police informant confirmed his conversation regarding the threat to President Kennedy on November 9, 1963, and at the same time requested Barry to keep his identity concealed.

According to the report Bill Barry was preparing a story about the assassination of President Kennedy for a magazine; however, the publication was not identified. Barry was reported to have said he has always felt the U. S. Secret Service failed to do its job and the information furnished to Secret Service regarding J. A. Milteer confirms his views. Barry was also reported to have said Senator Robert F. Kennedy, who was Attorney General at the time the information was obtained from Milteer, failed to properly carry out his duties since he did not request assistance to help protect the President. Barry noted that when President Kennedy came to Miami, prior to his trip to Dallas, Texas, the security of the President was extremely tight and had the

Threat to Kill President Kennedy

same security been afforded the President in Dallas, he would be alive today. It was indicated that, due to the comments made by Barry, his story will be very critical of the Secret Service and Senator Robert F. Kennedy.

Property of the FBI - this document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

Tolson	
DeLoach	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Mohr	
Bishop	
Casper	
Callahan	
Conrad	
Felt	
Gale	
Garrison	
Rosen	
Sullivan	
Tavel	
Trotter	
Tele. Room	
Holmes	
Gandy	

TO : Mr. DeLoach *DL*

DATE: February 6, 1967

FROM : A. Rosen *AR*

- 1 - Mr. DeLoach
- 1 - Mr. Rosen
- 1 - Mr. Malley
- 1 - Mr. Shroder
- 1 - Mr. Raupach
- 1 - Mr. Wick
- 1 - Mr. Sullivan

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY
NOVEMBER 22, 1963
DALLAS, TEXAS

The Baltimore newspaper, "The Sun," dated 2-3-67, printed an article, "Police Informer Made Tape of Kennedy Murder."

This matter concerns a tape recording made by the Miami, Florida, Police Department on 11-9-63, during a conversation between Joseph Adams Milteer and William Somersett who at that time was acting as an informant for the Miami Police. The information in the tape recording revealed a statement by Milteer that plans were in the making to kill President Kennedy at some future date and he indicated the job could be done from an office or hotel in the vicinity of the White House using a high-powered rifle.

The 2-3-67, newspaper story indicated the man who described a possible assassination on the tape was picked up by the FBI five days after President Kennedy was killed in Dallas and questioned.

ENCLOSURE

Bureau files show that during 1963 and 1964 Joseph Adams Milteer was the subject of a "racial matters" investigation due to his association with hate-type organizations and the fact he had formed his own "Constitutional American Parties of the United States" as a front to form a hard-core underground for possible violence in combating integration. This was a paper organization having no membership. Investigation determined that Milteer is very eccentric, has no close associates, and is regarded as an agitator.

157-1223

NOT RECORDED

The information concerning the threat to the President which Milteer made to William Somersett was telephonically furnished to Secret Service at 12:15 a. m., 11-11-63, and was followed by a letterhead memorandum furnished to Secret Service Headquarters on 11-13-63.

KMF:ergera
(8)

CONTINUED - OVER

ENCLOSURE

SIX

Memorandum to Mr. DeLoach
RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY

Following the assassination of President Kennedy on 11-22-63, Milteer, because of his known association with hate-type organizations and his previous threat regarding President Kennedy, was immediately considered a suspect. However, our investigation determined he was in Quitman, Georgia, his home, on 11-22-63.

Milteer was interviewed on 11-27-63, which was five days following the assassination of President Kennedy. He was not arrested or detained. At that time he was questioned regarding his travels and association with various organizations. He admitted being a non-dues paying member of the White Citizens Council, the Congress of Freedom, and the Constitutional Party—all right-wing organizations.

In addition, he was questioned concerning whether he ever made any threats to assassinate President Kennedy. At that time, Milteer emphatically denied ever making threats to assassinate President Kennedy or participating in any such assassination.

All information in our possession regarding the threat to President Kennedy and Milteer's activities with various hate-type organizations has been furnished to U.S. Secret Service and to the Department.

The information concerning the proposed article by Bill Barry was the subject of an A. Rosen to Mr. DeLoach memorandum dated 2-2-67, which is attached.

ACTION:

This is submitted for information.

Rosen *sk* *WHR* *AS* *V.* *ms*

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

Tolson	_____
DeLoach	_____
Mohr	_____
Wick	_____
Casper	_____
Callahan	_____
Conrad	_____
Felt	_____
Gale	_____
Rosen	_____
Sullivan	_____
Tavel	_____
Trotter	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Holmes	_____
Gandy	_____

TO : Mr. DeLoach *D*

DATE: February 1, 1967

FROM : A. Rosen *AR*

- 1 - Mr. DeLoach
- 1 - Mr. Rosen
- 1 - Mr. Malley
- 1 - Mr. Shroder
- 1 - Mr. Raupach
- 1 - Mr. Wick

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN F. KENNEDY
11/22/63
DALLAS, TEXAS

PURPOSE:

To advise the Miami Office has been contacted by a news reporter from the "Miami News" inquiring about a "tape" which was made two or three weeks prior to the assassination of President Kennedy predicting the President's assassination.

BACKGROUND:

Miami advised Bill Barry, news reporter, "Miami News" telephonically contacted the Miami Office and inquired whether the FBI has a "tape" which was made two or three weeks prior to the assassination of President Kennedy predicting President Kennedy's assassination. He was advised the Bureau did not have such a tape and could make no comment regarding the matter.

Bureau files reveal that a former racial informant of the Miami Office, William Somerset, was visited by J. A. Milteer of Quitman, Georgia, on 11/9/63. At that time the conversation between Somerset and Milteer was tape recorded by the Miami, Florida, Police Department, Intelligence Unit. The recording contained a statement by Milteer in which Milteer advised that plans were in the making to kill President Kennedy at some future date and he indicated the job could be done from an office or hotel in the vicinity of the White House using a high-powered rifle.

The information contained in the tape recording was furnished to U. S. Secret Service by the Miami, Florida, Police Department, date unknown. However, this information was telephonically furnished to U. S. Secret Service Headquarters by the Bureau at 12:15 a.m. 11/11/63. We received Xerox copies of the transcript of the recording and the information regarding the threat to President Kennedy was set forth in a letterhead memorandum furnished to U. S. Secret Service Headquarters through liaison on 11/13/63.

KER:dcs *BA*

(7)

Enclosures *sent* 2-3-67

CONTINUED - OVER

ENCLOSURE

SL

Police Informer Made Turn Of A Kennedy Murder Plan

Miami, Fla., Feb. 2 (AP)—Two days before President Kennedy was assassinated in Dallas, a man described to a police informer how it could be done. The man was questioned in the assassination.

The man described a high-powered rifle to be disassembled, taken to an office building, reassembled, and then used for murder. Afterward, he said, officers would leave no stone unturned in trying to find the killer. "They will pick up somebody within 48 hours afterward . . . just to throw the public off," he said.

Conversation Taped
The conversation, on November 3, 1963, was taped and is now in the files of the Miami Police Department. Its existence was revealed today in a story in the Miami News. Police then played the tape for reporters.

An assassination attempt was not discussed in specific terms such as dates, times or places. Police would not identify the informant or the man describing the possibilities, who spoke dispassionately in a soft, level accent about bombings in Alabama and Georgia and attempts to kill the President.

"The man who described the assassination possibilities did name one person he said was trying to kill Mr. Kennedy. He said, ' . . . (he) is just as likely to get him as anybody . . . he tried to get Martin Luther King . . . He followed him for miles and miles, and couldn't get close enough to him.'"

The potential assassin was described as a hard-core underground agent with a taste for terror bombing.

The newspaper story, written by Barry, said the man who described a possible assassination on the tape was picked up by the FBI five days after President Kennedy was killed in Dallas, and questioned.

No-Comment

The Secret Service and the FBI in Miami would not comment.

Barry said the informer had told police that, as he attended meetings throughout the country, he had heard repeated talk about an assassination attempt.

Because of this talk and because President Kennedy was due in Miami November 18, police asked the informer to lure this man to Miami so his conversation could be recorded, Barry said.

This conversation was on the tape:

Man: "Well, we are going to have to get nasty. We have got to be ready. We have just got to be sitting on go. Count down and they move in on you. Count down is all right for a slow, prepared operation. But in an emergency operation you have got to be sitting on go."

Informer: "I think Kennedy is coming here on the 18th, or something like that, to make some kind of speech. . . . He will have a thousand bodyguards."

Man: "The more bodyguards he has, the easier it is to get him."

Informer: "What?"

Man: "The more bodyguards he has, the more easier it is to get him."

High Powered Rifle

Informer: "Well, how in the hell do you figure would be the best way to get him."

Man: "From an office building with a high-powered rifle."

Later, the man said, " . . . take it (the rifle) up there un-assembled and assemble it and . . ."

Still later, there was this exchange:

Informer: "Boy, if that Kennedy gets shot, we got to know where we are at. Because you know that will be a real shake if they do that."

Man: "They wouldn't leave any stone unturned there no way. They will pick up somebody within an hour afterwards . . . just to throw the public off."

President Kennedy did come to Miami, November 18. Police said they dissuaded him from motorcading through down Miami. Instead, he took a helicopter.

- W. J. Harrison
- DeLoach
- Mohr
- Wick
- Casper
- Callahan
- Conrad
- Felt
- Gale
- Rosen
- Sullivan
- Tavel
- Trotter
- Tele. Room
- Holmes
- Gandy

- The Washington Post _____
- Times Herald _____
- The Washington Daily News _____
- The Evening Star (Washington) _____
- The Sunday Star (Washington) _____
- Daily News (New York) _____
- Sunday News (New York) _____
- New York Post _____
- The New York Times _____
- World Journal Tribune _____
(New York)
- The Sun (Baltimore) AY
- The Worker _____
- The New Leader _____
- The Wall Street Journal _____
- The National Observer _____
- People's World _____
- Date FEB 3 1967

ENCLOSURE
157-1223
NOT RECORDED
199 FEB 9 1967

ENCLOSURE
FEB 9 1967

3700
How about this?
KMP:tw

Loan to [unclear]
6-67
KMP:tw

FBI

Date: 11/26/63

Transmit the following in AIRTEL
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRMAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI ATTENTION: CIVIL RIGHTS SECTION
 GENERAL INVESTIGATIVE DIVISION

FROM: SAC, MIAMI (157-905) (P)

RE: CONSTITUTIONAL AMERICAN PARTIES OF THE
 UNITED STATES
 RACIAL MATTERS
 (OO - Atlanta)

Re Miami airtel and LHM, dated 11/20/63.

Enclosed for the Bureau are eight copies of a LHM regarding captioned matter. Copies are furnished to listed offices as set forth below.

The source utilized in the LHM is WILLIAM SOMERSETT, formerly [REDACTED]

All offices should be alert for any information regarding CAP and pertinent information received should be furnished to the Bureau, Atlanta and interested offices.

- 3 - Bureau (Encls. - 8, (AM-RM)
- 4 - Atlanta (Encls. - 4) (AM-RM) REC-19
 (2 - 157-CAP) (2 - 157-J. A. MELIEER)
- 2 - Birmingham (Encls. - 2) (AM-RM)
 (1 - 157-CAP)
 (1 - 157- [REDACTED])
- 1 - Charlotte (157-CAP) (Encl. - 1) (AM-RM)
- 1 - Jacksonville (Encl. - 1) (157-CAP) (AM-RM)
- 2 - Knoxville (1 - 157-CAP) (Encls. - 2) (AM-RM)
 (1 - 157- [REDACTED])
- 3 - Savannah (Encls. - 3) (1 - 157-CAP) (1 - 157-ASCK) (AM-RM)
 (1 - 157-210) (NRKK)
- 4 - Miami (157-905) (1 - 157-900) (1 - 157-363 Sub A)

ENCLOSURE

5 NOV 26 1963
New York

C. U. Wick

157-905
LCP:jky

(20)

loc-Eng. Unit.

Approved: [Signature] Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Miami, Florida
November 26, 1963

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

RE: CONSTITUTIONAL AMERICAN PARTIES
OF THE UNITED STATES

A Source, who has furnished reliable information in the past and in addition has furnished some information which could not be verified or corroborated, advised as follows on November 26, 1963:

J. A. MILTEER from Valdosta, Georgia, held a meeting in the Wade-Hampton Hotel, Columbia, South Carolina, on November 24, 1963. Those in attendance included [REDACTED] members of the Association for South Carolina Klans. A characterization of the Association of South Carolina Klans is attached hereto and sources therein have furnished reliable information in the past.

Also in attendance were [REDACTED]

APPROX
[REDACTED]
Upon their arrival at the hotel, MILTEER discussed the principals and objectives of the Constitutional American Parties (CAP) of the United States. Prior to the arrival of the above individuals, MILTEER had made some notes on the hotel stationery, which he captioned "Notice to All Christians." In these notes, MILTEER made the statement, "The Zionist Jews killed Christ two thousand years ago and on November 22, 1963, they killed President KENNEDY. You Jews killed the President. We are going to kill you". It was noted that MILTEER signed this note as "International Underground."

MILTEER informed those present that he was preparing a pamphlet which he wants to disseminate throughout the country. He noted that in view of the

Re: CONSTITUTIONAL AMERICAN PARTIES OF THE UNITED STATES

recent events in Dallas, Texas, he would have to alter the information he was setting out in his pamphlet.

The same source, referred to above, [REDACTED] stated he questioned MILTEER, indicating that he was not too familiar with MILTEER's activities. In addition, [REDACTED] stated that the National Klan will meet on December 1, 1963, and that the Association of South Carolina Klans has a meeting scheduled for December 8, 1963.

A characterization of the National Ku Klux Klan is attached hereto and sources therein have furnished reliable information in the past.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

ASSOCIATION OF SOUTH CAROLINA KLANS
KNIGHTS OF THE KU KLUX KLAN (ASCK)

A source advised on September 24, 1956, that the Association of South Carolina Klans (ASCK) was organized in the fall of 1955 and is patterned after the Association of Carolina Klans (ACK). This source said ASCK is a new organization and not a rebirth of ACK, although all high-ranking officials of ASCK had been members of ACK. The source stated announced purposes of this organization are to promote white supremacy and combat integration of the races; however, the use of violence is disavowed.

A second source advised on September 2, 1950, that ACK was composed of groups formerly members of the Association of Georgia Klans (AGK) and although ACK severed all connections with AGK on November 14, 1949, the ideals, purposes and policies of the two organizations remained identical. ACK became defunct after conviction and imprisonment of its highest official and other members in 1952.

A third source advised on April 16, 1962, that ASCK continues to operate for the purpose of promoting white supremacy and combating integration by peaceful means by public speaking and propaganda.

This third source said that ASCK, using the name Majority Citizens League of South Carolina, published a monthly newspaper, "Southland Standard," from August through December, 1961, and dropped it due to lack of financial support.

AGK has been designated by the Attorney General pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

NATIONAL KU KLUX KLAN
KNIGHTS OF THE KU KLUX KLAN
(NKKK)

A source advised on May 22, 1960, the National Grand Council of the Knights of the Ku Klux Klan met at Atlanta, Georgia, to discuss consolidation of the klans unity of effort and activities, to establish a National Fund and a National Secretary and to design a new flag. The meeting was attended by representatives of the Federation of Ku Klux Klan, Alabama; Association of Arkansas Klans, Arkansas; Florida Knights of the Ku Klux Klan, Florida; Southern Knights of the Ku Klux Klan, Florida; Association of Georgia Klans, Georgia; Knights of the Ku Klux Klan, North Carolina; Association of South Carolina Klans, South Carolina; Dixie Knights of the Ku Klux Klan, Tennessee; and Hyksos Klan, Texas.

This source advised that at a consolidation meeting at Atlanta, Georgia, September 2-5, 1960, at which the North Carolina and Texas Klans were not represented, it was resolved and passed that their name be changed to National Ku Klux Klan.

This source also advised that at a consolidation meeting at Savannah, Georgia, October 23, 1960, it was resolved and passed that in any future meetings of this group the name "Majority Citizens League" was to be used.

A second source advised that at a national klonklave meeting at Texarkana, Texas, on February 11-12, 1961, a motion was carried that there were to be at least six national meetings a year to be held any time from one week to twelve weeks after the last meeting. The time and meeting place were to be decided by the newly elected chairman. This second source also advised that at each meeting a new chairman and acting secretary were to be elected to serve at the next meeting. A national secretary had not been appointed.

A third source advised that at a national meeting on November 11-12, 1961, United Klans of America, Inc. (UK) was invited to meet with NKKKK and it was agreed they would meet together, but there was no talk of consolidation.

This third source further advised that as of the national meeting on May 5-6, 1962, no national fund, headquarters or secretary had been established and no plans had apparently been made to do so. A temporary chairman and acting secretary were to be appointed for each meeting. The name "Majority Citizens League" was not being used in connection with meetings.

F B I

Date: 11/8/63

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI ATTENTION: CIVIL RIGHTS SECTION
GENERAL INVESTIGATIVE DIVISION

FROM: SAC, MIAMI (105-739) (RUC)

CONSTITUTION PARTY OF THE UNITED STATES
IS - X
(OO: SAN ANTONIO)

Re Miami airtel to Bureau enclosing letterhead memorandum, dated 10/31/63; San Antonio letter to the Bureau, 10/21/63; and Bureau airtel to Miami, San Antonio, Denver and Indianapolis, 11/5/63.

Enclosed for the Bureau are eight copies, and each listed Office two copies, of a corrected letterhead memorandum to replace the letterhead memorandum submitted by Miami, 10/31/63.

- 3 - Bureau (Enc-8) (AM) (RM)
- 2 - Atlanta (Enc-2) (AM) (RM)
(1 - 157-352) (1 - 105-Constitution Party of the U. S.)
- 2 - Birmingham (Enc-2) (AM) (RM)
(1 - 157-352) (1 - 105-Constitution Party of the U. S.)
- 2 - Chicago (Enc-2) (RM) (AM)
- 2 - Denver (Enc-2) (AM) (RM)
- 2 - Indianapolis (Enc-2) (AM) (RM)
(1 - 157-1) (1 - 105-Constitution Party of the U. S.)
- 2 - Philadelphia (Enc-2) (AM) (RM)
- 2 - Pittsburgh (Enc-2) (AM) (RM)
- 2 - San Antonio (Enc-2) (100-8085) (AM) (RM)
- 4 - Miami (1 - 105-739)
(1 - 157-876) (1 - 157-739)
(1 - 137-363-Sub A)

LEP:jlc
(23)

Approved: _____

For review of _____

156-9
JTA DE 5/23/22
Per _____

MM 105-739

The source used in referenced letterhead memorandum was recontacted 11/7/63, to clarify identity of [REDACTED] from S. C. Source stated he intended to say [REDACTED] and not [REDACTED]

A review of Miami files reflects no characterization available for the Constitution Party of the United States.

Based on San Antonio letter to the Bureau, 10/29/63, it would appear no characterization has been prepared for the Constitution Party of the United States. However, San Antonio is requested to review their file 100-8085, for a characterization of the Constitution Party of the United States. If characterization available, will furnish appropriate copies of same to the Bureau, Miami and listed Offices. If no characterization available, San Antonio is requested to immediately advise the Bureau and listed Offices.

The source used in the letterhead memorandum is WILLIAM SOMERSETT, formerly [REDACTED]

Agency C-2, ONI, CSI, CRD / J 3 4 22

NOV 14 1963

By [REDACTED]

For [REDACTED]

The [REDACTED]



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Miami, Florida
November 8, 1963

RE: CONSTITUTION PARTY OF THE
UNITED STATES

A source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised as follows on October 30, 1963:

J. A. MILTEER, Quitman, Georgia, stated, prior to the meeting of the Constitution Party of the United States (CPOTUS) in Indiana on October 18 - 20, 1963, that he wanted to form a hard core group in this organization working underground, and, if necessary, to use violence to eliminate people in high political positions. The source noted that MILTEER did not elaborate on this statement.

On the evening of October 18, 1963, approximately 30 individuals met on the third floor, Room A of the Maratt Hotel in Indianapolis, Indiana. The meeting was called to order by [REDACTED] who requested reports from the individuals from the various states present, which included six different states,

[REDACTED] of Miami, Florida, suggested the CPOTUS draft [REDACTED] of South Carolina for President of the United States.

A representative from the State of Michigan made a speech criticizing President JOHN F. KENNEDY as well as the Republicans.

[REDACTED] from Colorado [REDACTED] known as "Soldiers of the Cross," spoke against President JOHN F. KENNEDY, the Government, and said that the Government is full of communists and indicated he was not satisfied with the CPOTUS.

2 copies made

for review at FBIHQ by
USC-A Committee
JPA/IE 5/2/64
Re: Southern

This is handwritten letter. Heard mention for serial 5.

RE: CONSTITUTION PARTY OF THE UNITED STATES

J. A. MILTEER spoke along the same lines as [REDACTED] and suggested having a hard core group formed to prevent the United States Government from being taken over by the communists.

Late on the evening of October 18, 1963, a meeting was held in Room 222 of the Marott Hotel. This room had been rented by a representative from Miami, Florida, and four people were known to be present for the meeting.

They included the following:

J. A. MILTEER
[REDACTED]

WILLIAM SOMERSETT (11)

The purpose of this meeting was to discuss and take appropriate action to prevent [REDACTED] described as a Klansman from Atlanta, Georgia, from making a speech before the general assembly of the CPOTUS. It was believed that [REDACTED] would be publically identified with the Ku Klux Klan and exposed and would go against their choice for President [REDACTED]


At about 10:00 A. M., on October 19, 1963, 60 - 70 individuals attended the general meeting of the CPOTUS at the Marott Hotel. [REDACTED] from West Palm Beach, Florida, gave a speech on foreign relations, the United Nations, and the communist take-over of the United States Government. She also spoke against President JOHN F. KENNEDY, and the President's soft attitude toward communists.

[REDACTED] also spoke at the meeting, stating he was not in agreement with the policies of this organization and was resigning as a member.

2 copies made

for review at FBIHQ by
NSC-A Committee
L. J. [REDACTED]
Re: Somerset

RE: CONSTITUTION PARTY OF THE UNITED STATES

 from Atlanta, Georgia, also spoke at the Saturday meeting and informed those present that he had a powerful backing from the Citizens Council of Georgia.

Some of the individuals known to have been in attendance at the CPOTUS meeting, included the following:









J. A. MILTEER
Quitman, Georgia

WILLIAM SOMERSETT
Miami, Florida















RE: CONSTITUTION PARTY OF THE UNITED STATES

 I/D
 According to the above source, MILTEER, 
 have become disillusioned and will probably have
nothing or little to do with this organization in the future.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

FBI

Date: November 11, 1963

Mr. Tolson	
Mr. DeLoach	
Mr. Mohr	
Mr. Bishop	
Mr. Casper	
Mr. Callahan	
Mr. Conrad	
Mr. Felt	
Mr. Gale	
Mr. Rosen	
Mr. Sullivan	
Mr. Tavel	
Mr. Trotter	
Tele. Room	
Miss Holmes	
Miss Gandy	

Transmit the following in PLAIN TEXT
(Type in plain text or code)

AIRTEL AIRMAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR

FROM: SAC, MIAMI (137-363-Sub A)

THREAT TO KILL PRESIDENT KENNEDY
BY J. A. MILTEER, MIAMI, FLA.,
11/9/63

Re Miami teletypes 11/10 and 11/11/63.

Enclosed are 8 copies of letterhead memorandum regarding captioned matter.

The source utilized in the letterhead memorandum is WILLIAM SOMERSETT, formerly [REDACTED]

Miami will obtain a transcript of the conversation between the source and J. A. MILTEER from [REDACTED]

- 3 - Bureau (Enc. 3) **ENCLOSURE**
- 2 - Miami
- LCP/neb
- (5)

C.C. Wick

REC-54

3 NOV 12 1963

Approved: [Signature] Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Miami, Florida
November 11, 1963

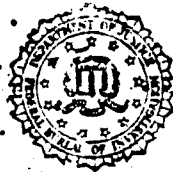
Re: THREAT TO KILL PRESIDENT
KENNEDY BY J. A. MILTEER,
MIAMI, FLORIDA, NOVEMBER 9, 1963

A source advised as follows on November 10, 1963:

J. A. MILTEER, Quitman, Georgia, visited in Miami, Florida, on November 9, 1963, prior to attending a political rally in Fort Lauderdale, Florida. While in Miami, MILTEER stated that plans are in the making to kill President JOHN F. KENNEDY at some future date. MILTEER suggested that [REDACTED] a Klansman [REDACTED] is the man who could do the job, and also indicated that he, MILTEER, would be willing to help. MILTEER said he was familiar with Washington, D. C., and the job of killing the President could be done from an office or a hotel in the vicinity of the White House, using a high-powered rifle.

In addition to the statement regarding President KENNEDY, MILTEER also stated that JACK BROWN had made attempts to follow MARTIN LUTHER KING, an integration leader, in an effort to kill KING, but he did not get the opportunity.

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply,
File In

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Miami, Florida
November 11, 1963

Re: THREAT TO KILL PRESIDENT
KENNEDY BY J. A. MILTEER,
MIAMI, FLORIDA, NOVEMBER 9, 1963

Reference is made to memorandum dated and
captioned as above.

Source mentioned in this memorandum
has furnished reliable information
in the past.

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- recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the
property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and
its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

Assistant Attorney General
Criminal Division
(Attention: Mr. Robert L. Keuch)
Director, FBI

1 - Mr. Fehl
1 - Criminal Invest. Div
June 30, 1977

1 - Mr. Peelman
1 - Mr. Lawn
2 - Mr. Mintz (Attn:
Mr. Daly)

HOUSE SELECT COMMITTEE ON ASSASSINATIONS
U. S. HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES (HSCA)

Reference is made to a letter dated March 9, 1977, to the Attorney General from U. S. Congressman Louis Stokes, Chairman, HSCA. This letter requested access to certain material in possession of the FBI.

By letter and memorandum dated May 11, 1977, we responded to a portion of this request and advised that information concerning Willie Augustus Somersett (true name William Augustus Sommersett), was being processed.

On June 24, 1977, Mr Robert L. Keuch, Special Counsel to the Attorney General, advised that, through consultation with Robert J. Lehner, Deputy Chief Counsel, HSCA, it was agreed that HSCA access to information on Sommersett would be limited to the period 1959 to present.

Enclosed are two copies of a memorandum advising that information concerning Sommersett has been processed in accordance with the above limitation, and is available at FBI Headquarters for HSCA review. It is requested you furnish a copy of the enclosed memorandum to the HSCA to serve as notification that this portion of their request is completed.

Enclosures - 2

1 - Assistant Attorney General
Office of Legislative Affairs (Enclosure)

① - 66-16458 (William Augustus Sommersett)

JTA/gjw
(11)

NOT RECORDED

192 JUL 26 1977

JUL 26 1977

70 AUG 1 1977