

CIA

Source New Orleans States-Item

File# 89-69
Volume # To be clipped
Serial #

Date 5/29/67

To Whom

By Whom

Newspaper: New Orleans States-Item
Name
Date 5/29/67
Edition Final
Page 2

Radio or TV:
Station
date
Time
Announcer

Magazine:
Name
Date
Title
Author
Page

Individual
SA
Date: to New Orleans
to Bureau

Quote:

District Attorney JIM GARRISON has announced he will make further arrests later in his Kennedy assassination probe and has reiterated his call for a congressional investigation of the Central Intelligence Agency..... Garrison said yesterday during an appearance on the ABC radio-television program "Issues and Answers" that "we are going to defer any other arrests" until later but "there will be other arrests and they will probably be before the trial" of retired businessman CLAY L. SHAW..... GARRISON said: Kennedy was not killed by LEE HARVEY OSWALD who the Warren Commission concluded was the lone assassin.....The President was killed by a group of conspirators made up of Latin Americans opposed to Fidel Castro and of former CIA employees....OSWALD himself was not a CIA agent but an intelligence employee of the government.... The CIA, although not involved in the plot, "concealed from the Warren Commission, from the American people, from the President and from the world, the fact that its employees, its former employees, were involved in the assassination of the President....."

Reviewed by SA DONALD L. HUGHES
Date 5/29/67

870

5/29/67
[Signature]

III

ALLEGATIONS REGARDING ASSOCIATION BETWEEN CLAY SHAW (CLAY BERTRAND)
AND LEE HARVEY OSWALD

Page 71-87
H.O. Tel. 3/31/67

Source NEW ORLEANS STATES - ITEM

File# 89-69A
Volume # 2
Serial # 171

Date 3/3/67

To Whom ~~NEW ORLEANS~~ COURT

By Whom ~~GARRISON'S OFFICE~~ OFFICE OF DISTRICT ATTORNEY GARRISON

Newspaper:

Name NOST
Date 3/3/67
Edition FINAL
Page 1

Radio or TV:

Station
date
Time
Announcer

Magazine:

Name
Date
Title
Author
Page

Individual

SA
Date: to New Orleans
to Bureau _____

Quote:

Defendant Attorney GARRISON'S office in two separate legal documents make public yesterday, alleges that Shaw used the alias 'Clay Bertrand'.

p 72

Reviewed by SA Patrick C. Cahill
Date: 5/29/67

PC
SM

*

Source *Bill Slater, WDSU Radio*

File# *89-69*
Volume # *49*
Serial # *1716*

Date *3-16-67*

To Whom

By Whom

Newspaper:

Name
Date
Edition
Page

Radio or TV:

Station
date
Time
Announcer

WDSU Radio
3-16-67
10:12 AM
Bill Slater

Magazine:

Name
Date
Title
Author
Page

Individual

SA

Date: to New Orleans
to Bureau

Quote:

*"Garrison says Bertrand
and Shaw are same man"*

p 72

Reviewed by SA
Date

J. W. A. Moore
5-29-67

Source

File#
Volume #
Serial #

Date

To Whom

By Whom

Newspaper:

Name
Date
Edition
Page

Radio or TV:

Station
date
Time
Announcer

Magazine:

Name
Date
Title
Author
Page

Individual

SA

Date: to New Orleans
to Bureau

Quote:

INFORMATION RE ASSOCIATION BETWEEN OSWALD AND FERRIE.

1. Source—FRANK MANNING, INVESTIGATOR, STATE'S ATTORNEY GENERAL'S OFFICE.

2. DATE OF STATEMENT—MARCH 16, 1967

3. PERSON TO WHOM MADE— F.B.I. OFFICE, NEWORLEANS. *RLK*

4. PERSON BY WHOM MADE— FRANK MANNING

5. DATE INFOR FURNISHED TO BUREAU MARCH 16, 1967. *4/1*

~~Summary of info.~~ FRANK MANNING, Investigator, State's Attorney General's Office, New Orleans, La, advised that, based on a review of the news story of the testimony of WILLIAM PERRY RUSSO, that he saw LEE HARVEY OSWALD at the home of CLAY SHAW, and the description furnished of OSWALD, he is of the opinion that the man named OSWALD seen by witness RUSSO, was ROGER RALPH OSWALD, a resident of 916 Governor Nichols Street, New Orleans, Louisiana, who was charged by the New Orleans Police Department, item number K 13836, Criminal District Court Docket Number 177728, with participation in various sit-ins in the City of New Orleans. MANNING advised that ~~ROGER~~ ROGER RALPH OSWALD answers the description of the individual reported by RUSSO as being at DAVID FERRIE's house.

Reviewed
Date

89-69 Vol. 48 Ser. 1710 SA ALOYSIUS J. MC FALL

P 23

Association between Shaw and OSWALD

Source DEAN ANDREWS

File# 89-69
Volume # 52
Serial # 1957

Date 4/6/67

To Whom SA New Orleans, FBI

By Whom DEAN ANDREWS

Newspaper:

Name

Date

Edition

Page

Radio or TV:

Station

date

Time

Announcer

Magazine:

Name

Date

Title

Author

Page

Individual

SA

Date: to New Orleans

to Bureau Teleype dated 4/6/67

Quote:

DISTRICT ATTORNEY

DEAN ANDREWS advised that GARRISON wants him to identify CLAY SHAW as CLAY BERTRAND, and to identify a picture of a Mexican, Cuban or Latin type man standing beside FERRIE near an airplane as a person who came to ANDREWS office with LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

874

Reviewed by SA DAVID J. KWAIT

Date 5/29/67

Source [redacted]

b2
b7D

File # 89-69
Volume # 53
Serial # 2008

Date

4/13/67

To Whom

[redacted]

NEW ORLEANS OFFICE, PO1

By Whom

Vernon BUNDY

Source had several weeks ago re talked with a fellow prisoner ^{one} Bundy. Vernon

Newspaper:

Name

Date

Edition

Page

Radio or TV:

Station

date

Time

Announcer

Magazine:

Name

Date

Title

Author

Page

Individual

SA

Date: to New Orleans 4/13/67

LHM to Bureau 4/19/67

Vernon Bundy is a Orleans parish prisoner, testified in Garrison's Kennedy assassination probe. [redacted] what he Bundy saw ^{show} pass money to some one on the lake front. Bundy indicated to source he had been offered a deal by D/A Jim Garrison if he would testify to a story about show, according to source, this conversation allegedly took place several weeks ago in ^{New Orleans} parish prison prior to time Bundy testified at hearing in Criminal District Court. At the time of the conversation Bundy was undecided what course of action to take but told source

Quote:

he (Bundy) would do anything to get out of his sentence. Bundy indicated ^{that} ~~that~~ ^{indirectly} ~~directly~~ his testimony had been without stating directly so, as if a story had been given to him to tell.

p 74

Reviewed by SA
Date

Clement Had

Source Jack A Martin

File# 89-69-
Volume # 53
Serial # 2024

Date 4/21/67

To Whom ~~Raymond J. Kennedy~~ New Orleans Office, FBI

By Whom by Martin

Newspaper:

Name

Date

Edition

Page

Radio or TV:

Station

date

Time

Announcer

Magazine:

Name

Date

Title

Author

Page

Individual

SA

Date: to New Orleans 4/21/67

LHM to Bureau 4/24/67

Quote:

Source advised Garrison Investigator
Leonard Snow contacted a "Holston"
No Buglar, [redacted] LK
who allegedly entered residence
of Clay Show without search warrant.
Thus Garrison through prior knowledge
was able to make a subsequent
search warrant "Look good" - Martin
denied he was Garrison Investigator

~~He recalled his prior contact
with [redacted] about
[redacted] [redacted]
[redacted]~~

p 75

Reviewed by SA

Date

Clement J. Wood

Source

File# 89-69A
Volume # 4
Serial # 486

Date

To Whom

By Whom

Newspaper:

Name N.O. States - Item

Date 5/10/67

Edition Real Comet

Page 1

Radio or TV:

Station

date

Time

Announcer

c1 c1 c1

c1

Magazine:

Name

Date

Title

Author

Page

c1

c1

Individual

SA

Date: to New Orleans
to Bureau

c1

Quote:

(Check attached)

p 74

Reviewed by SA

Martin L. Delgado

Date

5/29/67

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

2 FBI Agents Will Testify To Grand Jury

The Orleans Parish Grand Jury, pursuing Atty. Jim Garrison's Kennedy death plot investigation, scheduled to hear four witnesses today — two of them FBI agents who probed aspects of the assassination here in 1963.

Agents subpoenaed by the jury are a semi-active FBI man, Regis Kennedy of New Orleans, and a former bureau operative, Warren DeBrueys. Cuban sources in New Orleans said they remembered Kennedy and DeBrueys attending meetings of anti-Castro groups organized to fight the island's Communist regime in 1963.

THE NAMES OF BOTH men appear frequently on FBI reports made during the Warren Commission investigation of the President's murder.

Kennedy questioned one-time airplane pilot David W. Ferrie when he was arrested by Garrison's office three days after the assassination and held for local investigation.

Garrison charges Ferrie was a pivotal figure in what the DA says was a plot conceived here in September, 1963, to kill President John F. Kennedy at Dallas two months later.

HE CONTENDS FERRIE conspired with Lee Harvey Oswald, whom the Warren Commission concluded was the President's lone assassin, and 54-year-old Clay L. Shaw to commit the slaying.

businessman, was indicted in the conspiracy March 15 on a \$10,000 bond per... In recent days Garrison has declared that Oswald was

... a Communist, as the Warren Commission... a federal undercover agent who aided the cause of anti-Castro Cuban organizations.

HE CHARGED that the Central Intelligence Agency and the FBI engaged in a massive campaign to dupe the Warren Commission and mask the participation of CIA-employed persons in Kennedy's murder.

Two other witnesses called by the grand jury are 30-year-old Roberto Quiroga of New Orleans, a former active anti-Castro leader, and a New Orleans businessman, Oscar Des...

DESL... HE was approached in 1963 before the Bay of Pigs invasion by two men who wanted to purchase... He saw one of them and the name Oswald and purchase of... was made that name.

DA... source pointed out that Lee Harvey Oswald was in Russia at the time he did not return to New Orleans until early 1963.

A sheet from De... firm with Oswald's name on it was taken as evidence by the FBI on Nov. 25... three days after the President's death. It was not produced as evidence before the Warren Commission.

Quiroga is a former associate of Sergio Arc... Street 44, an erstwhile member of the Cuban Democratic Revolutionary Front... fugitive from Garrison's inquiry.

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

PAGE 1

STATES-ITEM

NEW ORLEANS, LA.

Date: 5-10-67
Edition: red comet
Author:
Editor:
Title: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY, DALLAS, TEX.
Character: 11-22-63
or AFO
Classification: 89-14
Submitting Office: N.O., LA.
 Being Investigated

SENT BUREAU

SEARCHED _____ INDEXED _____
SERIALIZED _____ FILED _____
MAY 10 1967
FBI - NEW ORLEANS

89-697-486

Source NEWORLEANS STATES-ITEM

File# 89-69A
Volume # 4
Serial # 497

Date 5/12/67

To Whom Newspaper registers

By Whom District Attorney Garrison

Newspaper:

Name New Orleans States-Item
Date 5/12/67
Edition Final
Page 1

Radio or TV:

Station
date
Time
Announcer

Magazine:

Name
Date
Title
Author
Page

Individual

SA
Date: to New Orleans
to Bureau

Quote:

RE CONSPIRACY (see attached)

pp 76, 77, 78, 79

Reviewed by SA DONALD L. HUGHES
Date 5/30/67

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

CODED RUBY PHONE LISTING IN OSWALD, SHAW NOTES--DA

Dist. Atty. Jim Garrison told Criminal District Court today his office has broken a telephone number code which he said appears both in the notebooks of Lee Harvey Oswald and accused Kennedy murder conspirator Clay L. Shaw.

The result of the decoding, he asserted, was that the 1963 unpublished telephone number of Jack Ruby at Dallas was discovered in both Oswald's and Shaw's notebooks.

Garrison made the disclosure in a formal answer to defense motions filed in Judge Edward A. Haggerty Jr.'s court.

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

PAGE 1

STATES-ITEM

NEW ORLEANS, LA.

Date: 5-12-67

Edition: FINAL

Author:

Editor:

Title: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY, DALLAS, TEX

Character: 11-22-63

or AFO

Classification: 89-69

Submitting Office: N.O., LA.

Being Investigated

SENT BUREAU

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
MAY 12 1967	
FBI - NEW ORLEANS	

89-69-407

THE ANSWER WAS MADE BY THE DA to a motion filed by the defense last week. Defense attorneys sought the return of Shaw's notebook, which was seized March 1 along with five cartons of materials taken from the defendant's handsome French Quarter home.

Garrison has charged that Oswald, Shaw and the late David W. Ferrie conspired here in September, 1963, to kill President John F. Kennedy at Dallas.

Shaw was indicted March 22 and is free on \$10,000 bond. Oswald, the man the Warren Commission named as Kennedy's lone slayer, was shot to death by Ruby in the Dallas Police headquarters two days after Kennedy was killed Nov. 22, 1963.

Replying to a state attack on the relevance of the notebook, Garrison's formal answer said:

"While the state considers the other items relevant also, the address book is so connected with the issue that it would be an injustice to allow it to be returned, with the possibility that it might be destroyed forever."

Oswald's address book, from which Garrison said the code was broken, is published in full in the Warren Commission report.

Garrison said Shaw's address book "contains a unique address which exists also in the address book of Lee Harvey Oswald, as printed in the Warren Commission exhibits (Volume XVI, Page 58)."

THE DA SAID the books contain the same Dallas post office box reference, "P. O. Box 19106." He filed photographs to support the assertion.

Shaw's notebook, he added, carries a notation which is a "reference to one Lee Odom of Dallas, Texas."

"What makes even more significant this interesting concurrence of address is the fact that in 1963 there existed no such post office box number in Dallas," the Garrison answer contends.

"WHEN TWO parties each have precisely the same non-existent or fictional number," the DA's answer continues, "in their respective address books, the possibility of coincidence is removed because of the uniqueness of a selected non-existent number."

"The fact is that P. O. 19106 has been found to be a coded description of an unpublished phone number in Dallas, Tex., in 1963. The code involved is one which is used in Oswald's notebook quite systematically, apparently for the purpose of concealing phone numbers he regarded as sensitive . . ."

The pleading goes on to indicate that the post office box number "inevitably and unavoidably" produces the unpublished telephone number of Ruby during 1963.

IN THE PLEADING, Garrison said that "with many five digit numbers found in Oswald's notebook, the order of the letters A B C D E is transposed, for the purpose of coding, to A E B D C. Garrison said a reverse process is used in unscrambling."

Referring to the prefix telephone exchange letters, the Garrison papers declared:

"Oswald invariably uses the dial of the telephone as conversion machinery to convert letters into numbers and back again. He systematically adds the number values resulting in a sum which can be later broken down into the real exchange listing."

By using the telephone dial for conversion of letters to numbers, he explained, the letters "P.O." become the digit 13. The only exchange which the number 13 converts to in Dallas, he added, is Whitehall.

The post office box number found in the Shaw and Oswald address books, 19106, when unscrambled, becomes 1-6901, the DA continued. By subtracting 1300 from 1-6901, he added, the result is 1-5601.

ACCORDING TO the Garrison pleading, Ruby's unpublished telephone number at Dallas in 1963 was Whitehall 1-5601.

Explaining the use of the number 1,300 for final conversion, the DA said Oswald's code uses an invariable process which is "always done the same way."

He said Oswald used a standard outside number for the "obvious purpose" of superficially changing the appearance of the digits.

"The two standard numbers used by Oswald in coding numbers in his address book," Garrison said, "are 4900 and 1300."

Observers noted that Oswald lived in the 4900 block of Magazine when he was here in the summer of 1963. Shaw's home is in the 1300 block of Dauphine.

IN OTHER ACTION today, the state replied to a defense motion for a bill of particulars and prayer foroyer in the case of Layton Patrick Martens, a one-time Ferrie roommate charged with perjury.

Martens, a 24-year-old college student, was indicted for allegedly lying in connection with the mysterious disappearance of munitions from a dump at Houma in 1961.

Asst. DA Richard V. Burnes defended the rule of secrecy surrounding grand jury proceedings and said the defense was not entitled to a transcript of the complete grand jury hearing at which Martens is accused of lying.

He said Martens was warned that "failure to tell

DA'S PHOTOS OF PAGES FROM OSWALD DIARY.

SHAW-NOTEBOOK FILED IN CRIMINAL COURT TODAY

OBNP Moscow
 OVR
 y. crapiba
 OVA All things
 K450207
 7A 13206
 7A 19106
 O-TAKHUNTO
 8/10/68
 OVA
 KOS...

Mrs. Oswald
 1029 S. ONE LN.
 DALLAS, TEXAS

FROM NOTEBOOK OF LEE HARVEY OSWALD (PAGE 58, VOLUME XXII, EXHIBITS)

Joe Odum

PO Box 19106

Dallas, Tex

B FROM NOTEBOOK OF CLAY SHAW (OBTAINED FROM SHAW RESIDENCE)

Source States-Item *New Orleans*

File# 89-69A
Volume # 4
Serial # 502

Date *5/15/67*

To Whom CBS "Face the Nation"

By Whom Sen. RUSSELL LONG

Newspaper:

Name New Orleans States-Item
Date 5/15/67
Edition Final
Page 2

Radio or TV:

Station
date
Time
Announcer

Magazine:

Name
Date
Title
Author
Page

Individual

SA
Date: to New Orleans
to Bureau

Quote:

RE CONSPIRACY (see attached)

13103

Reviewed by SA
Date

DONALD L. HUGHES
5/30/67

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

Andrews Can't Get Jury Transcript Under Law--DA

Dis. Jim Garrison... said today efforts... A. Andrews Jr. to obtain transcript of Andrews' and jury testimony in the Kennedy assassination investigation cannot be successful under Louisiana law.

Andrews, suspended assistant Jefferson Parish district attorney, sought a transcript of his entire testimony given to the jury in March.

The grand jury charged Andrews with perjury and he was indicted last month in an 11-foot-long indictment prepared by Garrison's office, which quoted extensively from Andrews' testimony.

ANDREWS' attorney, Sam Monk Z... complained that vital portions of the testimony are missing from the indictment and that it is defective.

Neither Andrews, a hip-talking lawyer who wears a perpetual mask of sunglasses, nor Elden was in court as Assistant Atty. James Alcock handed the state answers to Judge Frank Shaw.

ANDREWS APPEARED in court earlier and spoke with Judge Shea for approximately 15 minutes.

He left when he was told his motion would not be argued today. Judge Shea tentatively set the hearing at 10:30 a. m. next day.

He said Andrews had indicated he might file a supplemental motion to quash the indictment later this week, in which case the hearing would be set for May 22.

The district attorney's announced this morning were aimed at Andrews' motion to quash the indictment and three motions aimed at obtaining jury testimony.

...the answers, the state... fully conformed to the requirements... of the Code of Criminal Procedure, and that none of the constitutional rights of the defendant have been violated.

THE DOCUMENT went on to state that "the state is prohibited... from releasing any more of the transcript and testimony which was given by the accused to the grand jury than such testimony as is necessary to indict the accused in perjury."

"All remaining transcript testimony is protected by the state's right of secrecy."

Meanwhile, Sen. Russell B. Long said yesterday he feels Garrison has turned up "significant evidence" of a conspiracy in the assassination of President John F. Kennedy.

In answer to questions on CBS television's "Face the Nation" yesterday, Long said an important new development in the case came Friday when Garrison reported that Jack Ruby's unlisted telephone number, in coded form, had been found in notebooks owned by Clay L. Shaw and accused presidential assassin Lee Harvey Oswald.

GARRISON SEIZED Shaw's notebook and other personal effects in February, after he arrested the 54-year-old former manager of the International Trade Mart on a charge of conspiring to assassinate Kennedy.

Since that time Shaw has been bound over for trial after a three-judge hearing, then indicted for conspiracy by the Orleans Parish Grand Jury.

Long said yesterday that in his mind the alleged telephone number is definite evidence that a conspiracy existed. The Warren Commission was able to establish no link between Oswald and Jack Ruby, the late Dallas

club owner who shot him to death.

GARRISON SAID Friday he plans, at some future date, to disclose other significant coded entries in Oswald's notebook, printed in its entirety in the Warren Report.

The code, Garrison explained, involves transposition of digits according to a definite pattern, then addition or subtraction of numbers familiar to Oswald.

On the broadcast from Washington yesterday, Long commented, "I think you would say it was somewhat strange that those two men whom Garrison says were in conspiracy both had that number listed in their papers."

Salvador Panzeca, one of Shaw's attorneys, said today that the figure PA 19106 in Lee Harvey Oswald's address book represented a telephone number in Russia.

He said Shaw's attorneys will prove this and will also bring Lee Odom into court either on or before Shaw's trial date. He said the numbers, although the same, had no relation to each other.

So far, investigation in Dallas has turned up no evidence of a Lee Odom, whose name was listed in Shaw's address book with the notation PO 19106, Dallas, Tex.

Meanwhile, Alvin Beauboeuf was scheduled to appear this afternoon at police headquarters to sign a statement regarding an alleged Garrison-office attempt to bribe him.

LONG EXPRESSED long-standing doubts that Oswald had carried out the assassination alone and said he feels that although Garrison should seek the cooperation of the Federal Bureau of Investigation in his probe, he is justified in conducting an independent investigation.

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

PAGE 2

STATES-ITEM

NEW ORLEANS, LA.

Date: 5-15-67

Edition: FINAL

Author:

Editor:

Title: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY, DALLAS, TEX.

Character: 11-22-63

or AFO

Classification: 89-14

Submitting Office: N.O., LA.

Being Investigated

SEARCHED INDEXED SERIALIZED FILED MAY 15 1967 FBI - NEW ORLEANS

Bill Dunham

The murder of Kennedy, Long contended, "was not a crime against federal law. It was a crime against the law of Louisiana. It was a crime against the law of Texas."

"Do you really think," one reporter asked Long, apparently half-jokingly, "that the New Orleans district attorney is capable of conducting a more thorough investigation than the FBI?"

The senator replied, "I'm just saying they wouldn't have handled it the way he has handled it . . . Furthermore, let's be fair about it. He felt it was his case and not theirs."

A SURE REPORTER

asked Long whether he proved the findings of the Warren Commission, he would be seeking political office, perhaps competing for the ambitions of the

Long laughed and replied, "You mean you might want to run for me? I think that everybody ought to do what his duty requires. And I ought to do the job that the people expect you to do, and you do what's best as your conscience sees it, then you tend to take care of the

A

"Do you really think Ruby, Oswald and Shaw were involved in a conspiracy?" an interviewer queried.

"I'M SURE THERE was a conspiracy," Long answered, adding that national interest in Garrison's investigation has been high for some time

Source *New Orleans Times-Picayune*

File# *89-69*
Volume # *55*
Serial # *3059*

Date *5/16/67*

To Whom *Reporters*

By Whom *Garrison*

Newspaper: *Times Picayune*

Name

Date *5/14/67*

Edition

Page

Radio or TV:

Station

date

Time

Announcer

Magazine:

Name

Date

Title

Author

Page

Individual

SA

Date: to New Orleans *5/16/67*
to Bureau *and Dallas by teletype 5/16/67*

Quote:

Attached

pg 2

Reviewed by SA

Date

John E. Howard
5/30/67

THE NEW ORLEANS TIMES-PICAYUNE NEWSPAPER DATED MAY SIXTEEN, SIXTYSEVEN, CARRIES AN ARTICLE WHICH STATES THAT ON MAY SIXTEEN, SIXTYSEVEN, AN ATTORNEY FOR CLAY L. SHAW, ACCUSED PRESIDENTIAL ASSASSIN SAID THAT THE FIGURE P. O. ONE NINE ONE ZERO SIX IN LEE HARVEY OSWALD'S ADDRESS BOOK WAS A TELEPHONE NUMBER IN RUSSIA. THE ARTICLE NOTED THAT DA JAMES GARRISON HAD PREVIOUSLY SAID THAT THE NUMBER WAS A CODE FORM FOR JACK RUBY'S NINETEEN SIXTYTHREE UNLISTED TELEPHONE NUMBER IN DALLAS AND THAT THE SAME FIGURE EXISTS IN SHAW'S SEIZED ADDRESS BOOK.

THE ARTICLE STATED THAT THE FIGURE IN SHAW'S BOOK WAS LISTED TO LEE ODOM OF DALLAS, TEXAS, WHOM SHAW SAID HE MET IN NINETEEN SIXTYFIVE.

SHAW'S DEFENSE ATTORNEY, SALVADOR PANZECA, ACCORDING TO THE ARTICLE, STATED THE DEFENSE WILL PROVE THAT THE LISTING BY OSWALD WAS A RUSSIAN PHONE NUMBER AND WILL BRING ODOM INTO COURT.

~~THE ARTICLE STATED THAT~~
PREVIOUSLY IDENTIFIED AS A FRIEND OF DAVID WILLIAM FERRIE, WENT TO THE POLICE BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION TO FILE A COMPLAINT IN CONNECTION WITH AN ALLEGED BRIBERY ATTEMPT BY TWO OF GARRISON'S POLICE INVESTIGATORS. THE ARTICLE SAID BEAUBOEUF WAS ACCOMPANIED BY HIS ATTORNEY, BURTON KLEIN, WHO FIRST DISCUSSED THE MATTER WITH SUPERINTENDENT OF POLICE JOSEPH J. MARRUSSO ON MAY FIVE, SIXTYSEVEN. THE ARTICLE NOTED THAT FOR THE FIRST TIME BEAUBOEUF APPEARED TO MAKE A FORMAL COMPLAINT.

Source States-Item

File# 89-69A
Volume # 4
Serial # 503

Date 5/17/67

To Whom News reporter

By Whom District attorney Garrison

Newspaper:

Name New Orleans States-Item
Date 5/17/67
Edition Final
Page 1

Radio or TV:

Station
date
Time
Announcer

Magazine:

Name
Date
Title
Author
Page

Individual

SA
Date: to New Orleans
to Bureau

Quote:

RE CONSPIRACY (see attached)

PP 83, 84, 85,
44, 87

Reviewed by SA
Date

DONALD L. HUGHES
5/30/67

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

Lee Odom (He's Real) Backs Shaw

Well Aware Odom Exists, Garrison Says

Dist. Atty. Jim Garrison said today that he is well aware of the existence of a person by the name of Lee Odom, the man whose name appeared with the address P. O. Box 19106, Dallas, Tex., in Clay Shaw's address book.

Garrison said Friday that the same P. O. number also appeared in the notebook of accused presidential assassin Lee Harvey Oswald and that the two numbers, decoded, were the unpublished 1963 telephone number of Jack Ruby, the man who shot Oswald.

Odom was found in a Dallas suburb and interviewed. He confirmed Clay Shaw's story that he and Odom had known each other only briefly in 1966.

Garrison issued the following statement:

"WE ARE WELL AWARE THAT THERE is a Mr. Lee Odom. As a matter of fact, he lives in Irving, Tex., just outside of Dallas. This is the suburb in which Ruth Paine and Marina Oswald lived while Lee Oswald was working at the book depository in Dallas. Mr. Odom's post office box number there now is P. O. 174.

"The fact that there is a real Lee Odom, however, is not the point. The point is that Clay Shaw and Lee Oswald have the same post office box number in their address;

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

PAGE 1

NEW ORLEANS STATES
ITEM
NEW ORLEANS, LA.

Date: 5-17-67

Edition: FINAL

Author:

Editor:

Title: ASSASSINATION OF
PRESIDENT JOHN F.
KENNEDY, DALLAS, TEX.

Character: 11-22-63

or AFO

Classification: 89-69-A

Submitting Office: N.O., LA.

Being Investigated

SENT BUREAU

89-69A-503

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
MAY 17 1967	
FBI - NEW ORLEANS	

Lee Odom Backs Shaw P.O. Story

Continued from Front Page

did not know anything about anyone connected with the assassination of President Kennedy.

"WE NOW HAVE another box out here at the post office," here being the Dallas County suburb in which Odom now lives with his wife and two children.

For reasons of privacy, Odom asked that the city not be named. Odom said that he was not aware that anyone was interested in talking to him until he was located yesterday for the interview.

"I didn't have a chance to read a newspaper over the weekend," said Odom, a tall, rangy man born in Lakeview, Tex., 31 years ago.

HE SAID HE would be willing to tell his story to Garrison or anyone else. "I have nothing to hide—my goodness," he said. "You could tell Mr. Shaw I am ready to help him if I can."

Odom also said he feels sure that his story of the trip to New Orleans and his brief meeting with Shaw can be corroborated. "The man at the Roosevelt might remember it all. The records of the hotel should show I was there, too."

As he remembered it, Odom was in New Orleans for "two or three days" in the latter

part of November, 1966. With a reporter present, Odom rummaged through some of his personal papers in his apartment and came up with the stub of his airplane ticket he used to return to Dallas from New Orleans Nov. 22, 1966.

"I NEVER THROW anything away and I'll bet I'll eventually find Mr. Shaw's business card somewhere," Odom said.

Odom says he does not recall any of the specific things said during their brief discussion. "I was trying to find a place for the bullfight and he said he might help me—something like that," he said.

"But the bullfight did not come off, so that was it. That was the only time I've ever talked with Mr. Shaw or had any contact with him whatsoever. Asked to describe the man he talked to in New Orleans, Odom said he was "very tall and big, about 50", and pointed out other characteristics descriptive of Shaw.

Odom had lived in Dallas proper until a month ago in an apartment complex. He and his family were living with his sister and brother-in-law there and he worked with a shoestore.

They now live in a multi-unit apartment complex in the suburban city near Dallas.

Lee Odom, very much a real person, said today he gave Clay L. Shaw his Dallas address—P.O. Box 19106—when he was in New Orleans last year trying to promote a bullfight.

Odom's name and box number were found in Shaw's address book by Dist. Atty. Jim

(James C. Lehrer, a reporter for the Dallas Times-Herald, interviewed Lee Odom for the States-Item and the Times-Herald after the States-Item furnished him with information leading to Odom's whereabouts.)

Garrison, who said Friday that the number 19106 was

part of an ingenious code linking Lee Harvey Oswald and Shaw with Jack Ruby.

"I asked the manager of the Roosevelt Hotel about who would be a good man to see

about finding a place for my bullfight," Odom said in an interview.

"HE SUGGESTED Mr. Shaw, so I called him—or the

manager called him, I don't remember exactly.

"He (Shaw) came over to the hotel and we talked for 15 or 20 minutes. He gave me his business card—I bet I still

have it around here somewhere—and I gave him my address in Dallas.

"The bullfight didn't come off and we never communicat-

ed again—that's all there was to it," Odom said.

Garrison said Friday that the same number appeared in Oswald's notebook and that he had worked out a code used by Oswald, accused assassin of President Kennedy. The code, Garrison said, revealed that P.O. 19106 was actually the unlisted number of Ruby, the man who shot Oswald and later died himself of cancer.

ODOM SAID he could explain how his name and address got into Shaw's address book. "As I said, I gave it to him. That was my post office box at the time—19106. I rented it, or my wife did for me, in the summer of 1966."

The box, located in the Medical Center Postal Substation

in Dallas, was rented in the name of a barbecue company, the L. & R. Barbecue Co., he was running at the time, Odom said. "I used this address—P.O. 19106—for the barbecue and the promotion business."

THE BOX WAS kept until October or November, as Odom recalls it, a total of three or four months.

Garrison says the numbers PO 19106 also appeared in Oswald's notebook.

Oswald was killed in 1963. Dallas postal authorities have said the box number there did not come into being until 1955.

During the course of the interview, Odom said that he

Knew Full Well Odom Existed, Says Garrison

Continued from Front Page

books and this is in coded form, the unpublished phone number of Jack Ruby in 1963. The fact that someone acquired the post office box when it came into existence in late 1965 does not change the oddity of that circumstance at all.

"We are very interested in knowing who introduced Mr. Odom to Mr. Shaw, how many bullfights Mr. Odom has actually produced and a few other things. We are particularly interested in clarifying now why there is also coded in Lee Oswald's address book the local phone number of the Central Intelligence Agency.

"We have had evidence for some time that in Dallas, Tex., Jack Ruby was working for the CIA at the same time Lee Oswald was working for the CIA here.

"This means that the CIA well knew that these two men knew each other. We also have evidence that Lee Oswald was not the only man in Dealy Plaza who was an employe of the CIA and now we have found the phone number of the CIA in the front of Lee Oswald's address book.

"Since it is obvious that it is no longer possible to get the truth in any form from officials of the CIA agency in Washington, no matter how highly placed, we are looking forward to talking to this businessman from Irving, Tex., about some of these coincidences."

IV

ALLEGATIONS REGARDING ASSOCIATION BETWEEN DAVID FERRIE AND
LEE HARVEY OSWALD

Page 88-95
H.O. Rel. 3/31/67

Source *Hugh Aynesworth,*

File# *89-69*
Volume # *53*
Serial # *2043*

Date *4/26/67*

To Whom *Houston Office*

By Whom *Hugh Aynesworth*

Newspaper:

Name
Date
Edition
Page

Radio or TV:

Station
date
Time
Announcer

Magazine: *Newsweek Correspondent - not from magazine*

Name
Date
Title
Author
Page

Individual

SA
Date: to New Orleans
to Bureau

Note



Quote:

~~SEE~~ SEE COPY OF LHM.
PAGE 4 P 3

*pp 39, 40, 41, 42,
43, 44, 45, 46*

Reviewed by SA *Albert Lee Simms Jr*
Date *5/30/67*

Houston, Texas

April 27, 1967

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,
NOVEMBER 22, 1963,
DALLAS, TEXAS,
MISCELLANEOUS -
INFORMATION CONCERNING

On April 26, 1967, Hugh Aynesworth, Correspondent for Newsweek Magazine, 903 Chronicle Building, Houston, Texas, appeared at the Houston Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. Aynesworth advised he has been assigned from time to time to develop information and submit written material to Newsweek involving the assassination of President Kennedy and subsequent developments including the recent activities of District Attorney Jim Garrison of New Orleans, Louisiana. Aynesworth stated he had just returned from New Orleans where he had spent several days. Aynesworth interviewed District Attorney Garrison for several hours and also interviewed various individuals mentioned below who have been identified in connection with Garrison's investigation.

Aynesworth stated he desired to furnish this information to the Federal Bureau of Investigation inasmuch as it was his personal opinion that Garrison's investigation and sensational charges alleging a conspiracy in connection with the assassination of President Kennedy are a complete farce. He concluded he believes Garrison's entire case is disintegrating and that Garrison, himself, is losing his sanity. Aynesworth believes Garrison would welcome an

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
APR 29 1967	
FBI - NEW ORLEANS	

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

89-65-364E

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY

open inquiry at this time by the FBI or some other agency in order to explain his ultimate failure by attributing it to federal interference. Aynesworth also fears that Garrison might take action against individuals whom he has attempted to develop as friendly witnesses but who have turned against Garrison. Aynesworth stated he sincerely believes some of these individuals are in danger of being harmed and possibly killed if the facts of this matter are not brought to the attention of appropriate authorities.

Aynesworth furnished eighteen pages of typewritten material which he had reduced to writing after making his own inquiries in the New Orleans area. He stated this material was being submitted to Newsweek and, if approved, would be the basis of a lead article to appear in this magazine on May 1, 1967.

A summary of the information contained in Aynesworth's written notes is set forth below. Everything appearing below in this memorandum is taken directly from material Aynesworth made available.

Garrison's investigation of the alleged "conspiracy" began in November, 1966. The central figure of Garrison's "plot" from the very first was David W. Ferrie, a New Orleans pilot. Ferrie is reported to have been a brilliant misfit, who had worn several disguises, engaged in provocative talk, and in the role of an anti-Castro freedom fighter had often denounced President Kennedy because of the Bay of Pigs invasion disaster. He had been involved with Cuban exiles in several abortive plots, and had been discharged as an airline pilot on grounds of homosexuality. Although the FBI reportedly had checked on Ferrie carefully, no evidence was developed in 1963 or thereafter that Ferrie was actually involved.

Garrison concluded otherwise. During the early stages of his investigation, Garrison questioned Ferrie for hours, tested his statements with a polygraph, and interrogated his acquaintances. Ferrie steadfastly denied any involvement. Personal acquaintances of Ferrie insisted that Ferrie called Garrison's investigation a "farce" until his death in February, 1967.

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY

After Ferrie's death, Garrison declared the Warren Report had been a complete failure and remarked "You don't send boys to do a man's job." Shortly thereafter Clay L. Shaw was formally charged and a search of his apartment produced articles such as chains and whips which were widely publicized.

Perry Raymond Russo, a former friend of David Ferrie, testified he had been present in Ferrie's apartment in September, 1963, when Lee Harvey Oswald, Ferrie, and others discussed the assassination conspiracy. Russo, under cross examination, was unable to provide much information that he should have possessed if he had actually witnessed these activities. In buttress Russo's testimony, Garrison produced a twentyseven year old Negro, Vernon Bundy, a narcotics addict beginning at age thirteen, who was then in the Orleans Parish Prison. Bundy testified he observed Shaw give money to Oswald.

Perry Russo stated he had offered aid to Garrison only after Ferrie had died. Russo was initially interviewed by Assistant District Attorney Andrew J. Sciambra on February 25, 1967, which was two days after Garrison had announced he had "solved" the case. James Phelan, a contributing editor of the Saturday Evening Post, learned that Sciambra wrote up the interview of Russo in a 3,500 word memorandum to Garrison. Phelan has stated that Garrison let him read this memorandum and nothing in it made any mention about a party, a plot, or a "Bertrand," a name Russo later stated was used by Clay Shaw. In this memorandum, Russo reportedly stated he had seen Clay Shaw only twice, once while attending a New Orleans speech delivered by President Kennedy and once in an automobile with Ferrie. When challenged by Phelan, Sciambra claimed he must have simply forgotten to include the crucial details of the conspiracy session in his report.

Phelan stated information available to him indicated that it was only after "repeated prodding" while under hypnosis and the influence of a so-called "truth serum" that Russo had been able to recall the meeting in Ferrie's apartment.

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY

Another dubious "fact" was the recollection by Russo of the presence of a "Clen Bertrand" at the session in Ferrie's apartment. This recalled information in the Warren Report that a New Orleans lawyer, Dean Andrews, had stated "Cley" Bertrand had telephoned him to represent Oswald. Andrews specializes in defending homosexuals and has often contradicted himself. Andrews has given at least two conflicting descriptions of Bertrand and has stated the alleged telephone call received from Bertrand occurred while Andrews was under sedation in a New Orleans hospital. After Garrison had Andrews indicted for perjury, Andrews insisted that "Bertrand" positively was not Clay Shaw.

The most persistent critic of Garrison is Gordon Novel, a night club owner and former electronics salesman, who claims he helped Garrison until he found out what a "ridiculous farce" the whole thing was. Novel was interviewed by Aynesworth several weeks ago and stated Garrison asked him to drug Ferrie with an atropine dart and was to use other "bizarre ways" to soften Ferrie up, in Garrison's words, "to tell us what we want to know."

Garrison is reliably reported to believe that Clay Shaw was in reality a CIA agent involved in an anti-Castro plot which either backfired or was redirected against President Kennedy. This is only the latest theory that Garrison has adopted during this investigation. The District Attorney's composite conspirator, assembled from all his theories to date would probably be equal parts homosexual, Cuban exile, right-wing extremist, FBI agent, Mafia hood, CIA operative, and Russian double-agent.

Garrison has also received countless tips, bits and snatches of information from the kinds of characters who are always attracted to a sensational case. However, up to this date, Garrison's case rests primarily on the testimony of Perry Russo and Vernon Bundy.

In order to figure out this shaky brief, Garrison has been forced to resort to unorthodox tactics. Considerable proof has been developed that several peripheral characters involved in the investigation have had their lives threatened, have been intimidated and harassed and have even been offered bribes for favorable testimony.

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY

In Dallas, Sergio Arcacha, a former Cuban exile leader in New Orleans is fighting extradition on a charge of munitions burglary which was also brought against Gordon Novel. Garrison has repeatedly admitted that Arcacha is not involved in his plot. Arcacha has informed Garrison he would gladly talk in the presence of someone from the Dallas Police Department, the FBI, or an attorney being present. Garrison recently stated "We don't want to talk in front of them."

Mrs. Sandra Moffett McMaines, a former girlfriend of Russo residing in Omaha, Nebraska, contradicted Russo's testimony she was at the "party" at Ferrie's apartment in 1963, and stated she did not meet Ferrie until 1965. Garrison's men visited her at midnight one night, and promised her new clothes and "expenses" if she would return to New Orleans. She refused and fled to Iowa. Her attorneys claim she is afraid to return to New Orleans for fear of physical harm.

One John Cancier, a notorious burglar, has told attorneys of Clay Shaw that he was released from jail in a "deal" provided he would enter Shaw's apartment and "plant something."

Alvin R. Beaubouef, 6708 Villery, New Orleans, Louisiana, was perhaps the closest person to David Ferrie in 1963. Beaubouef was a teenager then and was single. He is now married and has a small child. The following account of the bribery attempt against Beaubouef can be documented with testimony of reputable attorneys and a tape recording.

Beaubouef was arrested in November, 1963, when he returned to New Orleans from a trip to Texas in the company of Dave Ferrie. Ferrie dropped Beaubouef off in front of Ferrie's apartment to run in and obtain hypodermic needles and some photographs from Ferrie's apartment. As Beaubouef was running from the front door of this apartment, he ran directly into an investigator from the District Attorney's Office and the photographs were taken from him. These photographs are now in Garrison's possession and are being held over Beaubouef's head.

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY

A few days after Ferrie died in February, 1967, Louis Ivon, Garrison's Chief Investigator, and Lynn Loisel, City Police Officer assisting Garrison in his probe, went to the home of Beaubouef. They told him they had plenty of money and influence and they wanted him as a witness for the prosecution. Beaubouef insisted that his discussion with them be continued after consulting his attorney, Hugh Exnicios. Ivon telephoned Exnicios and set up the appointment for March 10, 1967.

On March 10, 1967, Ivon did not appear but Loisel did. Exnicios had set up equipment to make a tape recording of the entire conversation, which lasted more than thirty minutes. The following transpired:

Loisel stated he had talked with Beaubouef the previous evening and had offered him liberal expense money. He also told Beaubouef "the boss" is in a position to put him in a job. Loisel also stated they would make a hero out of Beaubouef instead of a villain. Loisel stated everything would be to Beaubouef's satisfaction and that by changing the story around they could eliminate any possibility that Beaubouef could be charged in the conspiracy. Loisel said the story could be typed up in such a way that Beaubouef would be free and clear.

The attorney asked just what Loisel meant by "expense" money and Loisel replied "I would venture to say... Well I'm, you know... fairly certain we could put \$3,000 on him just like that, you know." "I'm sure we'd help him financially and I'm sure we, real quick, we would get him a job." Loisel went on to explain that Garrison was not interested in Ferrie's "personal" life, obviously meaning that any reference to homosexuality would be forgotten.

Exnicios stated "Well now Lynn, you're speaking about the District Attorney, Jim Garrison, and his ability to place Al in a responsible pilot's position with an airline?"

Loisel replied "That's correct according to Al's own ability."

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY

Exnicios asked Loisel whether Garrison was aware of this offer and he replied "That's right."

Exnicios then asked what Beaubouef could testify to and Loisel replied that Garrison had a witness (obviously Russo) who placed Ferrie, Clay Shaw, Oswald, and two Cubans in a room together, he believed in Ferrie's apartment. Loisel added "Al was as close to Dave as anyone could have been." Loisel then laid out the plot scene, with the three men talking about the assassination, discussing cross fire and escape routes, with Ferrie and Shaw arguing, and stated Beaubouef's testimony would be "along that line."

Exnicios then asked Loisel whether Beaubouef was actually at the meeting and Loisel acknowledged he was not.

Exnicios then asked how Beaubouef could testify and Loisel replied "Well, Al is in...Al, being as close to Ferrie...as to know the whole thing from beginning to end."

Exnicios pointed out if Beaubouef knew about this and did not tell it, he was committing a crime and Loisel replied since Dave Ferrie was gone, Beaubouef would pretend he was afraid of Ferrie and had only come forward with this information after Ferrie was dead. Loisel went on to point out that Beaubouef now has a family and that Ferrie could have threatened to harm Beaubouef's family if Beaubouef revealed this. Loisel pointed out Beaubouef's action in releasing his information could now be considered his patriotic duty and he would be placing his family at the mercy of the District Attorney's Office in order to clear his conscience.

At this point Exnicios sent Loisel out of the room and had Beaubouef come in. Beaubouef's statement was "No matter what he says I don't know anything about the assassination." Beaubouef apparently was not aware of what Garrison's men wanted. Beaubouef said he felt he should tell them something or they would not pay him. Finally Beaubouef told his attorney to determine if Loisel would still get him the airline job even if he was not of any value to them.

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY

Loisel then returned to the room and he agreed to check with "the boss" to determine if they would get Beaubouef the job. Exnicios then had Loisel repeat the three offers, involving \$3,000, a job with an airline, and no involvement of Beaubouef in the case.

After the above meeting was over Exnicios rushed the tape recording over to the Jefferson County District Attorney Langdrige inasmuch as the bribe attempt had occurred in that jurisdiction. Langdrige played this tape for several people, including Attorney Monk Zelden. He also played this tape for Shaw's attorneys, Bill Wegmann and Irvin Dymond. Exnicios then travelled to Washington, D. C., and tried to sell the tape to Walter Sheridan, an NBC newsman, for \$5,000. Exnicios claimed he was offered \$500 but refused and came back to New Orleans with the tape.

When Garrison's office learned that this tape existed, Loisel returned to Beaubouef's house and, in the presence of Beaubouef's wife, told him that if he did anything with the tape he would be hurt. Beaubouef was taken to the District Attorney's Office and kept for six or seven hours, during which time he was intimidated again with the pictures and made to sign a statement that he did not take the visit by Loisel and Ivon as a bribe offer.

Aynesworth personally visited Beaubouef on April 24, 1967, and talked with him for two hours. Beaubouef said he did not want to say or do anything because of the possible embarrassment of the photographs which Garrison had. When asked what he would do if this matter came up in court, Beaubouef stated he would tell the truth. Beaubouef stated he feared for his life if anything happened.

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY

In addition to the above, Aynesworth heard rumors involving alleged threats to two other individuals:

Carlos Quiroga, a Cuban Refugee, was allegedly threatened twice by one Jack Martin. Garrison admitted this and had Martin apologize.

One Layton Martens, reportedly a homosexual, was allegedly threatened but details are unknown to Aynesworth.

Firing

Source Carlos Bringuier

File # 89-69
Volume # 54
Serial # 3022

Date May 9, 1967

To Whom SA Robert J. Heibel

By Whom Alberto Fowler, Investigator for Harrison

Newspaper:

Name
Date
Edition
Page

Radio or TV:

Station
date
Time
Announcer

Magazine:

Name
Date
Title
Author
Page

Individual Carlos Bringuier

SA Robert J. Heibel

Date: to New Orleans May 9, 1967
to Bureau 5/9/67 - teletype; 5/10/67 - LHM

Quote:

Bringuier states that he received a phone call on 4/3/67 from Alberto Fowler, Investigator for SA Harrison. Fowler stated that Harrison plans to prove that it was Gordon Novel who pulled the trigger in Dallas & not Oswald. Bringuier advised that he tape recorded this conversation with Fowler.

8-47 (48)

Reviewed by SA Carter
Date 5/29/67

Source CARLOS BRINGUIER

File#
Volume # 55
Serial # 3040

89-69

Date 5/11/67

To Whom SA WALL

By Whom CARLOS BRINGUIER

Newspaper:

Name
Date
Edition
Page

Radio or TV:

Station
date
Time
Announcer

Magazine:

Name
Date
Title
Author
Page

Individual

SA WALL BY BRINGUIER, OF Conversation of BRINGUIER WITH
Date: to New Orleans 5/11/67
to Bureau 5/11/67

SCHAMBERIA.

Quote:

SEE ATTACHED | SCHAMBERIA INDICATED THAT QUIROGA SHOULD

ADMIT THAT HE KNEW ABOUT THE FIREARM USED TO KILL PRESIDENT
KENNEDY AND ALSO ADMIT THAT THE "FAIRPLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE"
WAS JUST A FRONT ORGANIZATION FOR LEE HARVEY OSWALD'S ANTI-
CASTRO ACTIVITIES. SCHAMBERIA TOLD QUIROGA THAT IF HE DID NOT
CHANGE HIS TESTIMONY HE WOULD BE INDICTED BY THE ORLEANS
GRAND JURY ON FIVE TWELVE NEXT. QUIROGA STATES THAT HE REFUSED
TO CHANGE HIS TESTIMONY AND WAS HIRED AN ATTORNEY.

Reviewed by SA
Date

JOHN E. HOWARD
5/30/67

p 48

Checked
II

ALLEGATIONS ALLEGING CIA INVOLVEMENT IN THE CONSPIRACY

Page 49-70
H.O. Tel. 5/31/67

Source *The Times-Picayune*
newspaper No 2a

File# *89-69-A*
Volume # *1*
Serial # *118*

Date *2-24-67*
To Whom *Times Picayune*

By Whom *Jim Garrison*
Newspaper:
Name *Times Picayune*
Date *2-24-67*
Edition
Page *P. 1*

Radio or TV:
Station
date
Time
Announcer

Magazine:
Name
Date
Title
Author
Page

Individual
SA
Date: to New Orleans
to Bureau

Quote:

"Just in case I have not made myself clear" he said, "let me say that under no circumstances will I turn over any evidence we have gathered to any other agency, and this most specifically applies to agencies of the federal government which have withheld - and continue to withhold - material which should have been turned over to law enforcement agencies having proper legal jurisdiction." He added that the "federal government has as much jurisdiction over a murder conspiracy in New Orleans as has the SPCA (Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals)." *
Reviewed by SA
Date *P. E. Thayer p 50*
5-29-67 *AN 4/29*

Source *New Orleans States -
Item newspaper*

File# *89-69-A*
Volume # *1*
Serial # *119*

Date *2-24-67*

To Whom *N.O. States Item*

By Whom *Jim Garrison*

Newspaper: *N.O. States - Item*
Name
Date *2-24-67*
Edition *Final*
Page *P. 1A*

Radio or TV:
Station
date
Time
Announcer

Magazine:
Name
Date
Title
Author
Page

Individual
SA
Date: *to New Orleans
to Bureau*

Quote:

*Same quote as Times-Picayune
newspaper 2-24-67 P1*

*#89-69-A-118
Volume #1*

Reviewed by SA *P. B. Chapp*
Date *5-29-67*

*5/24
108*

Source ~~110 [redacted] Bureau 3/30/67~~

File# 89-69
Volume # 51
Serial # 1922

Date ~~3/20/67~~ 2/21/67

To Whom Director FBI SA

By Whom SAC New Orleans [redacted]

Newspaper:

Name
Date
Edition
Page

Radio or TV:

Station
date
Time
Announcer

Magazine:

Name
Date
Title
Author
Page

Individual

SA
Date: to New Orleans
to Bureau

Quote:

ZEROX

ff 10, 11, 12, 13

Reviewed by SA
Date

Henry B. Smith
5/29/67

GARRISON asked [REDACTED] whether SERGIO ARCACHA SMITH or FERRIE owned a laundry truck. [REDACTED] said he told GARRISON that he had observed a step van laundry truck, dark in color, on one occasion parked in front of the Balter Building where SERGIO ARCACHA SMITH had his office. [REDACTED] said GARRISON then commented "there is a laundry truck mentioned in the files of the FBI in Dalks."

[REDACTED] stated GARRISON also asked him if he was acquainted with a girl by the name of SANDRA LARSON. He advised that he told GARRISON he knew a SANDRA LARSON, who was a "sharp gal" who sometimes dated BOB SONGE (phonetic) one of his, [REDACTED], associates in the Jamaican Village Lounge on North Rampart Street. [REDACTED] said he told GARRISON he had personally heard SANDRA LARSON [REDACTED]

17c

[redacted] stated that District Attorney GARRISON had stated or at least implied that he felt DAVID FERRIE and his "Nutty" associates were involved in a conspiracy in the assassination of President KENNEDY. [redacted] reiterated that GARRISON repeatedly emphasized the name "ROLLAND" as being a possible clue in the conspiracy. [redacted] stated that it is GARRISON's contention that the conspirators were anti-CASTRO who hoped through the assassination of President KENNEDY to be able to, through national publicity, place the blame for the assassination on FIDEL CASTRO, which would result in influencing public opinion to the point where national retribution would be directed against CASTRO.

[redacted] advised GARRISON expressed concern about contamination of his investigation by other investigative agencies, namely, the FBI. [redacted] quoted GARRISON as saying that he would arrest and handcuff any Agent he caught becoming involved in his investigation and would submit him to public scrutiny. [redacted] said GARRISON stated "if they want my files that bad they can buy them." [redacted] stated that he did not furnish GARRISON information concerning his involvement with SERGIO ARCACHA SMITH at the blimp base at Houma, La., which he had previously furnished to the FBI. However, since GARRISON plans to interview his, [redacted] RANCIER EHLINGER, aka Ranny, at 9:30 AM, 2/22/67, he felt he would tell GARRISON the whole story prior to the interview with [redacted] because he felt that RANNY would probably tell GARRISON about it and, secondly, because he felt that by telling GARRISON he would gain his confidence and would be in better graces with GARRISON. [redacted] advised that since he planned to tell GARRISON everything concerning his involvement with SERGIO ARCACHA SMITH, he desired to mention something he had not previously furnished to the FBI concerning the ammunition bunker on the Houma Air Base. [redacted] advised that he [redacted] RANNY, approximately two weeks before taking ARCACHA SMITH and his party to the bunker had cased the bunker and knew pretty well what SMITH would find.

NO 89-69

[REDACTED] telephonically contacted the New Orleans Office on the late afternoon of 2/22/67, and advised that he and EHLINGER met with District Attorney GARRISON on that date and had furnished GARRISON the information that he had previously furnished to the FBI. [REDACTED] said GARRISON questioned them concerning any knowledge that they possessed of any relationship between CLAY SHAW and DAVID FERRIE. [REDACTED] said that GARRISON implied that SHAW was identical with a CLAY BERTRAND who had contacted Attorney DEAN ANDREWS to represent LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

[REDACTED] further informed that GARRISON and his associates felt the FBI was monitoring their switchboard and that it appears that if things go badly with GARRISON's investigation they may be looking for a "scrape goat," possibly the FBI.

GARRISON, according to [REDACTED] inquired as to the meaning of the words "Daquiri" and "Marti." GARRISON also asked for any knowledge [REDACTED] had concerning anti-CASTRO assassination camps in the Sirdell and Covington, La., area.

[REDACTED] quoted GARRISON as saying that he was six months ahead of the FBI in his investigation and indicated that he planned to arrest FERRIE in five days as the leader in the plot to assassinate President KENNEDY. GARRISON also questioned [REDACTED] concerning quick ways of making FERRIE confess and mentioned the use of sodium penathal. According to [REDACTED] GARRISON is obsessed with the theory that a laundry or milk truck is in some way involved in the assassination.

Source

File# 89-69
 Volume # 54
 Serial # 2074

Date

To Whom

By Whom

Newspaper:

Name
 Date
 Edition
 Page

Radio or TV:

Station
 date
 Time
 Announcer

Magazine:

Name
 Date
 Title
 Author
 Page

Individual CARLOS QUIROGA

SA

Date: to New Orleans 5/6/67
 to Bureau 5/6/67 TELETYPE

Quote:

CARLOS QUIROGA called on 5/6/67 and advised that CARLOS INGUIER has been informed by ALBERTO FLOWER, Investigator for DA JIM GARRISON at GARRISON plans to subpoena CIA to produce a photograph that they reportedly took of LEE HARVEY OSWALD entering the Cuban Embassy in Mexico City.

GARRISON believes that photo shows another individual to be accompanying OSWALD, and it is GARRISON'S contention that this second individual is a CIA agent.

P 50,51

Reviewed by SA
 Date

James W. Smith
 5-30-67

Source *New Orleans States Item*

File# *89-69*
Volume # *54*
Serial # *2084*

Date *May 6, 1967*

To Whom *States - Item*

By Whom *Harrison*

Newspaper:
Name *New Orleans States Item*
Date *May 6, 1967*
Edition *Final*
Page

Radio or TV:
Station
date
Time
Announcer

Magazine:
Name
Date
Title
Author
Page

Individual
SA
Date: to New Orleans *5/6/67*
to Bureau *5/10/67 - teletype*

Quote:
See Attached

p 51, 32

Reviewed by SA *Carter*
Date: *5/29/67*

SM
OR

FBI DALLAS

NEW ORLS

450PM URGE S-57 BMC

TO: DIRECTOR (89-20060) AND DALLAS (89-43)

FROM: NEW ORLEANS (89-69)

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY, DALLAS, TEXAS,
NOVEMBER TWENTYTHREE, SIXTYTHREE, MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING.

OO: DALLAS

DISTRICT ATTORNEY JIM GARRISON TODAY TOOK ISSUE WITH U. S. CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY TESTIMONY BEFORE WARREN COMMISSION AND CHARGED CIA GAVE WARREN COMMISSION QUOTE FAKE PHOTOGRAPH UNQUOTE OF LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

GARRISON'S REPLY MADE AFTER CIA DENIED PUBLISHED REPORTS THAT OSWALD MAY HAVE BEEN ACTING AS UNDERCOVER AGENT FOR CIA.

THIS ARTICLE REPORTED THAT GARRISON ACCUSED CIA OF PRODUCING QUOTE FAKE PHOTOGRAPH UNQUOTE WHEN WARREN COMMISSION ASKED FOR A PICTURE OF OSWALD AND A QUOTE CUBAN COMPANION UNQUOTE LEAVING CUBAN EMBASSY AT MEXICO CITY. GARRISON CLAIMED PHOTOGRAPH OF OSWALD AND A BURLY CUBAN TAKEN BY CONCEALED CAMERA OPERATED BY CIA AGENTS.

GARRISON CLAIMED WHEN WARREN COMMISSION ASKED FOR PHOTOGRAPH OF OSWALD AND COMPANION, CIA PRESENTED PHOTOGRAPH OF A BALDING, STOCKY, MIDDLE AGED MAN WHO OBVIOUSLY WAS NEITHER LEE OSWALD NOR HIS COMPANION.

Serialized _____
Indexed _____
Filed _____

GARRISON STATED THAT THE DIRECTOR AND DEPUTY DIRECTOR OF CIA WERE VERY CAREFUL NOT TO MENTION TO WARREN COMMISSION THEY HAD PRODUCED WRONG PICTURE.

END PAGE ONE

WA-4:55
m x s

89-69-2007

PAGE TWO

THE ARTICLE ALSO STATED THAT GARRISON SAID TESTIMONY WHICH CIA AUTHORITIES GAVE WARREN COMMISSION NECESSARILY MUST BE TAKEN WITH GRAIN OF SALT. GARRISON ALSO STATED HE CHALLENGED CIA TO PRODUCE WHAT HE INDICATED WAS AN IMPORTANT PHOTOGRAPH OF OSWALD WHICH HAS BEEN SUPPRESSED FOR MORE THAN THREE YEARS.

NO LHM BEING SUBMITTED.

END...

JDP

FBI DALLAS

P

Source

File# 89-69A
Volume # 4
Serial # 472

Date

To Whom

By Whom

Newspaper:

Name

Date

Edition

Page

Times Picayune
New Orleans, La
5-7-67
1

Radio or TV:

Station

date

Time

Announcer

Magazine:

Name

Date

Title

Author

Page

Individual

SA

Date: to New Orleans
to Bureau

5 8 67
5-8-67

Quote:

The District attorney said the CIA produced a "fake photograph" when the Warren Commission asked for a picture of Oswald and a Cuban companion leaving the Cuban embassy in Mexico City. According to Harrison, Oswald and the Cuban with whom he was photographed in Mexico a few days before Kennedy's assassination were seen frequently together in New Orleans and Dallas in November 1963.

Reviewed by SA
Date

Schier

p52

APK
SPM

Source

File# 89-69A
Volume # 4
Serial # 467

Date

To Whom

By Whom

Newspaper:

Name

States - Item - New Orleans, La.

Date

5-8-67

Edition

Final

Page

Radio or TV:

Station

date

Time

Announcer

allegation Quote over

Magazine:

Name

Date

Title

Author

Page

Individual

SA

Date: to New Orleans
to Bureau



Quote:

Dist Atty Jim Garrison says he will seek a Senate investigation of what he calls a Central Intelligence Agency coverup of President John F. Kennedy's assassination. In an exclusive interview last night, Garrison told the States-Item that the CIA and the Federal Bureau of Investigation cooperated in concealing the facts behind the assassination from the Warren Commission and from the American public. He said he will take steps this week to convince the Senate of the need for a full-scale investigation.

Reviewed by SA

Date

Saha

(see over) p 2, 53

JM